**Integrating the Healthcare Enterprise** 



# IHE IT Infrastructure Technical Framework Supplement

# Care Services Discovery (CSD)

# **Trial Implementation**

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**Please verify you have the most recent version of this document.** See <u>here</u> for Trial Implementation and Final Text versions and <u>here</u> for Public Comment versions.

# Foreword

This is a supplement to the IHE IT Infrastructure Technical Framework V11.0. Each supplement undergoes a process of public comment and trial implementation before being incorporated into the volumes of the Technical Frameworks.

This supplement is published on August 31, 2015 for trial implementation and may be available for testing at subsequent IHE Connectathons. The supplement may be amended based on the results of testing. Following successful testing it will be incorporated into the IT Infrastructure

35 Technical Framework. Comments are invited and may be submitted at <u>http://www.ihe.net/ITI\_Public\_Comments</u>.

This supplement describes changes to the existing technical framework documents.

"Boxed" instructions like the sample below indicate to the Volume Editor how to integrate the relevant section(s) into the relevant Technical Framework volume.

40 *Amend Section X.X by the following:* 

Where the amendment adds text, make the added text **bold underline**. Where the amendment removes text, make the removed text **bold strikethrough**. When entire new sections are added, introduce with editor's instructions to "add new text" or similar, which for readability are not bolded or underlined.

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Information about the IHE IT Infrastructure domain can be found at: <u>http://www.ihe.net/IHE\_Domains</u>.

Information about the structure of IHE Technical Frameworks and Supplements can be found at: <u>http://www.ihe.net/IHE\_Process</u> and <u>http://www.ihe.net/Profiles</u>.

The current version of the IHE Technical Framework can be found at: <u>http://www.ihe.net/Technical\_Frameworks</u>.

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## Introduction to this Supplement

This introduces the Care Services Discovery (CSD) Profile. The CSD Profile supports queries across related directories containing data about: organizations, facilities, services and providers.

180 Queries against an optional "FreeBusy" service are also supported; this FreeBusy information would support the development of a list of schedulable time slots for providers or services at specific facilities.

The CSD Profile describes four actors and the transactions between them:

- 1. **Service Finder** the Service Finder Actor submits queries to the Care Services InfoManager, who returns the requested result(s). Queries may be expressed as invocations of "stored" queries, or (optionally) as ad hoc queries using the flexible XQuery standard, or (optionally) as iCalendar vFREEBUSY queries.
- 2. **Care Services InfoManager** the InfoManager Actor has two roles. The InfoManager maintains a local cache of content that represents cross-referenced data from one or more Care Services Directory actors. The InfoManager periodically refreshes this cache by querying Directory actors for updated content. The InfoManager's other role is to process inbound queries from Service Finder actors. These queries are executed against the cached content.
  - 3. **Care Services Directory** the Directory Actor is responsible for returning an XML document in response to a refresh request from a Care Services InfoManager. The response document contains content which has been inserted or updated in the directory since the last refresh and is expressed in the format defined by the CSD Profile's XML schema.
- 4. Service Availability the Service Availability Actor responds to requests for the "busy" time for a provider offering a service at a specified facility or for a service at a specified facility. This busy data may be employed to determine the free time slots which may be scheduled. The format of the request and response is defined by the IETF CalDAV specification (RFC 4791).

Because it maintains interlinked directory information, the CSD Profile is able to respond to queries such as:

- Which facilities are associated with which organizations?
- What services are provided at specific facilities or, conversely, where are the facilities that provide a specified service?
- Who are the providers associated with a particular organization; what services do they provide; at which facilities do they provide these services, and when?
- Within a specified date range, when are the schedulable time slots for the provider of a specific service?

The CSD Profile's loosely coupled design and flexible querying capability means it can be deployed within a number of eHealth architectures and support a wide array of care workflows.

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- 215 It is contemplated that a future iteration of this profile will define how the Care Services InfoManager Actor will support an interoperable library of store queries which may be specified by an implementing jurisdiction. These additional stored queries would be expressed using the same XML schema and XQuery expression format as has been employed to describe the four mandatory stored queries described in sections ITI TF-2c: 3.73.4.1.2.1 – 3.73.4.1.2.4.
- 220 It is also contemplated that a future iteration of the profile will support ATOM feeds in addition to the current mechanism for result set paging that is supported in this version of the profile. Such support will entail the addition of a result set caching capability on the InfoManager plus a new GET message which may be employed by the Service Finder to navigate through this cached result.

## **Open Issues and Questions**

• CSD013:

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- Should the implementers of a CSD service be required to develop/deploy a monolithic directory structure? Even if an LDAP query format is defined by this profile (as is the case with HPD, for instance), it does not require that the underlying data structure is an LDAP directory (there are LDAP to SQL translators, for example). What if a federation of independent registries are together filling the role of a Care Services Directory Actor? To support federation the Care Services InfoManager will need to know what the address of each of the federated directories is.
  - Addressed (13-05-14): Adopting XQuery in favor LDAP addresses this but it remains an open issue to see if the XSD is, in fact, a superset of the LDAP structure. **Did we** "**break**" the HPD information model? Is CP 601 appropriately supported?
- CSD019
  - Should there be a mandatory relationship between provider and facility or provider and facilityService? The issue of modeling "community health worker" (CHW) or "home nurse" is particularly germane. If such a model is to be constructing using "facility" as a proxy for catchment area, then there are advantages to the mandatory relation. Otherwise, the mandatory relationship to organization may be preferred. Essentially, how will CSD support a query that displays: how many CHWs are active within a specified catchment area?

#### 245 • CSD020

• What should be the appropriate Status values for organization, facility and provider? Should this list be mandatory (CWE) but with allowed extensions? **Should the coding be left entirely up to implementers?** Backward compatibility with HPD is an issue, since status was specified in that profile. Different status values may be specified by an implementer for each of these; also – another status attribute may be developed and included in the XSD.

- CSD031
  - As an informative appendix, a mapping between ITI-58 and XQuery is recommended. Change (13-06-07): it is no longer expected that a Consumer will be able to submit ITI-

58 transactions to a Care Services InfoManager. Instead, it is expected that it will be simpler to support an HPD Directory Actor as a Care Services Directory Actor. It remains an open issue to develop a way to map HPD-conformant LDAP content to a CSD-conformant XML document so that it can be returned in response to a Care Services InfoManager refresh poll.

## 260 Closed Issues

- CSD001:
  - Issue: Investigation of available specifications in this area identified the OMG ServD standard (in development). This specification usefully addresses a number of the use cases important to CSD but did not leverage the existing IHE HPD specification which is based on LDAP and its extensions (PWP, ISO/TS 21091).
  - Resolution: (13-03-18) Based on the research that was done, it was decided that HPD could be expended to support the CSD use cases and that this approach was to be preferred.
- CSD002 (HPD004):
- Issue: Do we need to include "Provider Privileges at an organization" as an attribute to be defined in this standard?
  - Resolution (13-03-18) "Provider Privileges", where these map to services, may be indicated by establishing a member-of relationship between an Individual Provider and a FacilityService. This is not directly analogous to admitting privileges and is not intended to be. Rather, it is intended to indicate where a clinician provides a specific service at a specific location. In this way, a Service Finder could query for all the FacilityServices for a specific provider.
- CSD003 (HPD007):
  - Issue: How will we identify the limited number of locations of a provider, if the provider works at a subset of the locations of an organization?
  - Resolution (13-03-18): As indicated above, an individual provider may have a member-of relationship with multiple FacilityService entities. The provider will inherit the address from these which can optionally be extended /overridden to indicate the "office hours" indicative of when the provider is available to provide the indicated services there.
- 285 CSD004 (HPD008):
  - Issue: How will global identifiers be handled? This discussion came up as a result of a discussion on NPI numbers.

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- Resolution (3/15/10) Each Organization, Provider, Facility, and FacilityService will have at least ONE globally unique identifier. It is anticipated that the mandatory unique identifier will be system-generated (e.g., a GUID).
- CSD005 (HPD009):

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- Issue: Should the Validation attribute structure be included in the schema for the initial profile, or be extended in a later update of the profile? This attribute structure indicates whether or not validation of this information has been done (Flag), when the validation was done (Date), who did the validation (Source). The validation attribute structure can be included for multiple areas in the schema, but most importantly for overall validation of the Organization and Individual Provider attributes, the Relationship information, and the Certification, Specialty, and Degree information.
- Resolution (4/26/10): The validation attribute will NOT be included in the schema for the initial profile. It is assumed that the HPD Actor will validate the feed. That needs to be clearly stated in the document (see Section 35.1.1.3). NOTE: This mechanism to address the issue is directly referenced in the Use Cases.
- CSD006 (HPD0010):
- Issue: Currently, language, as a multiple attribute, is associated with Individual Provider only. Should language be considered an attribute for Organizational Provider? A Use Case has not been defined for this.
  - Resolution (4/26/10): Language should be considered an attribute for Organizational Provider as well as Individual Provider. A Use Case has been added to reflect this. NOTE: this is an important CSD Use Case in a developing country context (languages spoken at a Facility).
- CSD007 (HPD0011):
  - Issue: How should addresses be defined so that the definition meets global needs?
  - Resolution: (13-03-18): To support the CSD Use Cases, it will be necessary (MUST) to support geocodes in the Address object.
- 315 CSD009 (HPD0016):
  - Issue: Currently *Specialty Role* has been included as an attribute for Organizational Provider. Should this be kept?
  - HPD0016 Resolution (4/07/10) There is no Use Case for this and the Specialty Role changes too frequently. Do not include it.
- CSD009 Resolution (13-03-18): Each Organization may have Facilities; these Facilities may have FacilityService entries. The relationship between Organization and FacilityService indicates what services are being offered by an Organization, albeit through two levels of a hierarchy.
  - CSD008 (HPD0013):

325	• HPD0013 Issue: The following Category attributes do not have agreed to value definitions:
	• Identifiers
	• Addresses
	• HPD0013Resolution (4/22/10):
330	• Identifiers – The values will be defined by national or regional organizations.
	• Addresses – This profile only addresses three address types, each of which is a separately defined attribute in the auxiliary class (Billing Address, Mailing Address, and Practice Address).
	• CSD008 Issue & Potential Resolution (13-03-18):
335	• The manageability of addresses is a concern. It is considered that, for CSD, a Facility MUST have a practice address. This Facility address MUST be inherited by any related FacilityService and may be constrained by the FacilityService (perhaps in the member-of entry?) only regarding business hours. Resolution (13-04-30): an association class is being used to model the relationship between Facility and Service.
340	• As above, where a provider has a relationship to a FacilityService, the practice address MUST be inherited and, likewise, may be constrained regarding business hours. Resolution (13-04-30): an association class models the relationship between Providers and FacilityServices.
345	• Related to this should an Organization be prevented from having a Practice Address (or should it be ignored if it is there)? It is considered that this would be a useful constraint that would improve manageability. Resolution (13-04-30): only administrative addresses are modeled for Organizations.
350	• How will mobile clinics be handled? Are these facilities (likely YES). Is the address sufficiently flexible that a facility can have address as a required field but the construct can still be used to describe a mobile facility? Resolution (13-04-30): omit mobile facilities from this profile in this iteration. There are ways to add mobile clinics (later) be making address optional.
•	• CSD010 (HPD0018):
355	• Issue raised during a discussion of Section 3.73.4.1 Provider Feed Request: As of 4/20/10 the profile reflects the decision made at the F2F in February that for a Provider Feed request, the only response provided by the HPD Actor would be an acknowledgement that the transaction has been received. Data administration issues such as data
360	reconciliation, data validation, data integrity etc. associated with the Add/Update/Delete operations are considered back-end processes for the purpose of this profile and proposed to be addressed by the policies and procedures of the organization managing the HPD. The profile would not provide any guidance on any expected actions or back-end processes to be executed, or policies to be followed by the HPD Actor. If that is the case

then this transaction would be an optional transaction. This may have been misunderstood, or an invalid conclusion and needs re-addressing by the IHE committee.

- HPD0018 Resolution (4/26/10): This is a required transaction for the HPD Actor. The required actions for the HPD Actor are that the HPD Actor is required to have a policy to conform to LDAP specification for processing adds, deletes, and updates. The HPD Actor must have a policy to validate feeds and handle data integrity prior to publishing the date.
- CSD010 Issue: Will CSD support, via the Provider Feed (for example), management of Facility and FacilityService entries? Resolution (13-04-30): data management will not be supported in this iteration of the CSD Profile.
  - CSD011 (HPD024):
    - HPD024 Issue: Use of Address Structure:
- First Option is to make an address as an attribute with syntax dstring \*( "\$" dstring ) similar to that of the postal code but additionally enforce format of "key=value" that allows for key to be of different kinds: address status and address components. This would allow adding new types without redefining the schema and allow us to search for &(status=primary, city=Nowheresville).
- Second option is to have two different attributes as LDAP Postal Address syntax to distinguish primary and other addresses. E.g., *hpdPrimaryProviderPracticeAddress* and *hpdProviderPracticeAddress*. In this option, the Address Status attribute is not maintained and assumes Primary Address as always active.
  - Third option is to search based on a value stored in a subordinate Address object. In that case, we have to obtain that object and then perform a second search on the object's parent's DN to obtain the entire entry making provider search based on address inefficient.
  - HPD024 Resolution (4/26/10): First Option
  - CSD011 Issue: Will requiring inheritance of addresses (see CSD008) impair performance? If yes, is it "worth it" in order to improve manageability? Resolution (13-04-30): "class association" (UML modeling) of a native relational data design will address this issue.
  - CSD012 (HPD025):

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HPD025 Issue: For "memberof" query, ex: find the organizations that this provider is a memberof. Who is responsible for defining how many "memberof" relationship levels should be searched, and returned. 1) Should the HPD always search and return all levels, 2) Should the HPD only search one level at a time, and have the Consumer request subsequent searches, 3) Should the consumer identify "up to" how many levels the HPD should search 4)Should the consumer identify "up to" what type of organization to search 400 to.

- HPD025 Resolution (4/28/10): This is determined by the LDAP standards and will not be defined in this profile.
- CSD012 Issue: CSD imposes a member-of rigor regarding Organization > Facility > FacilityService and, potentially, the Provider member-of relationships to Facility and/or (or just or?) Facility and FacilityService. Does this require us to revisit HPD025? Resolution (13-04-30): Leverage the existing information models; recast these information models as an XSD and employ XQuery against this XSD as the query transaction language. NOTE: a number of candidates were considered including: SPARQL, SQL, OCL, LDAP and XQuery. Previous issues with SQL caused this to appear to be a high risk option. SPARQL and OCL both have very low adoption in the marketplace. LDAP is problematic as a relational query approach for the reasons already outlined.
- CSD014:

• Is it appropriate to constrain Services to be provided only at Facilities? There are cases where Organizations provide Services in the field (not thru facilities). Should there be a Service-Organization relationship and this *may* be provided at a Facility?

- Conversely, where a Service-Facility relationship exists, does a relationship to the Organization need to be explicit or can it be inherited through the Facility-Organization relationship? Basically can a single Facility have more than Organization relationship? If yes, the Facility-Service-Organization relationship needs to be explicit; if not, then where multiple Organizations are operating out of a single Facility there will need to be a contrivance of multiple Facility IDs (which could be confusing). Resolution: a relationship will be modeled between FacilityService and Organization, independent of the relationship between Facility and Organization. This will be an optional relationship which *may be* leveraged to clarify the auspices under which specific services are being provided.
- CSD015:
  - Should geocode be part of Address (preferred) or should it be a separate attribute, such as Position? Putting geocode within address, as a required element, puts a burden on existing deployments that may not have geocoded their addresses and it also is superfluous in cases such as "mailing" address (which may be PO box). Not requiring geocodes; however, undermines the ability to do any proximity calculations, which are key to the CSD value proposition. Addressed (13-05-14): geocode has been included as a separate attribute.

# • NOTE: the type of geocode (standard) has been specified... it is not left up to implementers.

- CSD016:
  - Experience from HPD implementers is negative regarding the ability of LDAP to support relationships. This will be compounded for CSD, as relationships are the key element of

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- 440 the CSD Profile's value proposition. A relational model is to be favored, and to query this, a format such as SQL or XQuery will work much better than LDAP as the query language. Of these, XQuery will likely better fit with the returning of xml or JSON responses. Resolution: embrace XQuery for the CSD Profile.
  - CSD017:
- It will simplify things to make the Provider-Organization relationship mandatory; e.g., a Provider who is in private practice would at least have that relationship to a "private practice" organization entity where the administrative information may be maintained. There is a downside in that this could be burdensome (from an IT standpoint) for the many GPs who are in private practice (lots of data maintenance). Is this too much downside? Resolution: the Provider-Organization relationship will be mandatory.
  - CSD018:
    - There will be attributes which should be associated with Provider-Organization, Provider-Facility and Provider-FacilityService. If class associations are employed, three new "classes" will be created, one for each of these relations. This is good design, but can create a proliferation of classes. Proliferation is a concern as it starts to introduce complexity of the profile. Should some functionality be shed in the interest of simplicity or does that just force implementers into workarounds? Decision to include attributes based on combinations.
  - CSD021

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- Each national or regional implementation will have differing facility "attributes" which MUST be maintained. Should this be modeled explicitly or should it be left up to each implementer to extend the data model as needed? The present draft of CSD explicitly models a facility "attribute" list as a mandatory set of coded-attribute plus value pairs. The jurisdiction would specify WHAT attributes are mandatory (e.g., number of beds, catchment area, water point availability, etc.). Is such a design readily conformance-testable? What are the implications this has regarding XQuery queries (does this make it overly complicated or unwieldy)? Does the proposed XSD format support a managed/interoperable way to support jurisdictions' definition of mandatory attributes which extend the current XSD? Or should an xs:any be used instead?
   470 Decision: a managed extension mechanism was chosen based on the xs:any capability.
  - CSD022

• The plain-text iCalendar format is much more widely adopted than the WS-Calendar or the xCal xml formats. This draft assumes plain-text iCalendar results will be returned within a text element in a CSD query result. These results will be nested within the XQuery result underneath the provider or FacilityService entity to which they are related. Should the xCal or WS-Calendar standards be preferred because they are natively xml-based? **Resolution (13-05-14): favor the plain text version.** 

**CSD023** 

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Is there an existing standard for how XOuery queries are conveyed over the wire? There seem to be many ways to do this (some SOAP based, some REST based) but there does NOT seem to be a definitive spec on it. For now, the XQuery expression is passed inside an XML document which is POSTed to the InfoManager. There are potential challenges with this, including how results may be cached by the Consumer. Is this HTTP/S POST 485 **Option to be preferred? Should HTTPS be considered for communication between** the consumer and the manager and TLS between the manager and the directory? The security levels do not need to be the same for all the transactions, especially since it is possible that the consumer transactions will actually be from "consumers" who will not be able to do TLS. Decision: use HTTP POST of an XML document specifying the 490 query.

- **CSD024**
- The mandatory requirement for facilityLanguage and facilityOperatingHours has been relaxed from R to R2. This reflects helpful feedback from the openHIE facility registry community regarding how rarely (at present) this information is known in developing country settings where facility registries are currently being deployed. The change from 495 R to R2 means these are now "minOccurs = 0" in the CSD.XSD and will potentially break use cases regarding discovering the language and discovering the operating hours (which has eReferral implications as well). There is an open question regarding whether it may be better to have a mandatory requirement for information that can have 500 "unknown" as its value or whether it is better to leave the data element off and have to figure out what to do on the client side when such data is missing. Basically - should an XOuery against related elements of the data model return an "inner join" or an "outer join"? Decision: return an inner join.
  - CSD025
- 505 The unique ID format will be the II format from HL7v3. The II data type will support cross referencing between multiple IDs; this will be supported in optional, repeating, otherID elements in the Organization, Facility, Service, and Provider directories. As described in the CSD.XSD, each "record" in each directory must have at least one globally unique ID and this is the one used for cross-referencing between the directory 510 data models. Decision: use an OID
  - **CSD026** 
    - Does the desire to support (optional) backward compatibility with HPD create a • dependency which should be documented in Section 2.1? Resolution (13-06-03): Advice from the chair: "No".
- 515 CSD027

- W3C has defined a full set of error codes regarding XQuery; HTTP error codes are specified; CalDAV error codes are specified. **Do other error conditions need to be trapped and defined besides these?**
- CSD028
- Are ATNA log messages required for CSD queries? If yes, what should be the nature of these? (Guidance from ITI chair: look for nature of the query, and who asked...). Decision: as with HPD, suggest but do not mandate ATNA.
  - CSD029

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- What wire protocol is best for conveying the Query for FreeBusy? The plan is to post an xml document containing the "text" format for vFREEBUSY. This does not seem ideal, however, as SOA web services calls are more common (e.g., Google Calendar). Change (13-06-07): plan to use CalDAV (IETF RFC 4791) as this appears to have superseded the RFC 5545 specification. It remains an open issue to prototype whether, unmodified, a service such as Google Calendar can act as a Service Availability Actor. Decision: the is strong enough support to stick with CalDAV.
  - CSD030
    - It will be a challenge to test generic XQuery at the Connectathon. Change (13-06-07): expect to employ XQuery user-defined functions to support "stored queries". It remains an open issue to define/develop a set of stored queries (UDF XQueries) that satisfy key use cases defined in part 1. Decision: support 4 "main" queries: organization, facility, provider, service.
  - CSD032
    - Data consistency constraints are placed on Directory actors. Is it necessary to provide a Service Finder with a mechanism to force the Care Services InfoManager to do a refresh of its cached XML document? (NOTE: this could be accomplished by adding a Boolean "refresh" element as one of the choices in the CareServicesConsumerQuery element). Decision: this "force refresh" mechanism will not be made part of the profile.
  - CSD033
- A user defined function is still an XQuery and can be executed as one. Is it useful to provide separate elements in the Find Matching Services [ITI-73] XML structure for free form XQuery vs. stored query invocation even though both are, technically, XQuery queries? Decision: provide separate elements for functions (stored queries) and for expressions (ad hoc queries).
- 550 CSD035
  - Should an InfoManager, as part of error handling, test for adherence to mandated code sets as well as testing for conformance to the CSD xsd? Decision: this test will not be included in the profile.

- CSD036
- 555
- The InfoManager's error handling (page 58) stipulates that the InfoManager shall test for uniqueness of IDs. If duplicates are found, the Care Services InfoManager goes into a fault condition and does not respond to inbound queries from Consumers. Is the described error handling sufficient? Decision: no more stringent error handling will be specified.

#### 560 General Introduction

Update the following Appendices to the General Introduction as indicated below. Note that these are not appendices to Volume 1.

## **Appendix A – Actor Summary Definitions**

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Add the following actors to the IHE Technical Frameworks General Introduction list of Actors:

Actor	Definition	
Service Finder	The Service Finder Actor submits queries to the Care Services InfoManager, which returns the results in a reply document. Queries are expressed as parameterized stored query invocations or (optionally) as an ad hoc XQuery query. The Service Finder may optionally make queries against a Service Availability Actor as CalDAV vFREEBUSY queries.	
Care Services InfoManager	The Care Services InfoManager Actor has two roles. The Care Services InfoManager maintains a local cache of information that represents cross-referenced data from one or more Care Services Directory actors. The Care Services InfoManager periodically refreshes this cache by querying Care Services Directory actors for updated content. The Care Services InfoManager's other role is to process inbound queries from Service Finder actors. These queries are executed against the cached content and the results are returned as a reply document.	
Care Services Directory	Services The Care Services Directory Actor is responsible for returning an XML document in response to	
Service Availability	The Service Availability Actor responds to requests for busy time for a provider at a service location, or for the service itself at a specified facility.	

# **Appendix B – Transaction Summary Definitions**

Add the following transactions to the IHE Technical Frameworks General Introduction list of Transactions:

Transaction	Definition
Find Matching Services [ITI-73]	The Find Matching Services transaction is used to express queries regarding locations, times, and kinds of services available at different facilities and from different providers and organizations. These are queries against the CSD schema for documents describing these services.
Query for Updated Services [ITI-74]	The Query for Updated Services is used to obtain all directory document content which has been inserted or updated since the specified timestamp. These are queries against the CSD schema for documents describing these services.
Care Services Free Busy Query [ITI-75]	The Query for FreeBusy is used to retrieve the busy scheduling information for a provider or service at a facility. It complies with the IETF CalDAV specification.

## Glossary

Add the following glossary terms to the IHE Technical Frameworks General Introduction Glossary:

575 No new terms.

# Volume 1 – Profiles

## **Copyright Licenses**

Add the following to the IHE Technical Frameworks General Introduction Copyright section:

None

## 580 **Domain-specific additions**

## **1.7 History of Annual Changes**

Add the following bullet to the end of the bullet list in Section 1.7

• Added the CSD Profile which supports a care services discovery service.

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## 2.1 Dependencies among Integration Profiles

No modifications are needed to 2.1

	Integration Profile	Depends on	Dependency Type	Purpose
~ ~				

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Add Section 2.2.35

#### 2.2.35 CSD Integration Profile

The CSD Profile supports queries across related directories containing data about: organizations, facilities, services and providers. Queries against an optional "FreeBusy" service are also supported; this FreeBusy information would enable the development of a list of schedulable time slots for providers or services at specific facilities.

Add Section 35

# 35 Care Services Discovery (CSD) Profile

This introduces the Care Services Discovery (CSD) Profile. The CSD Profile supports queries across related directories containing data about: organizations, facilities, services and providers. Queries against an optional "FreeBusy" service are also supported; this FreeBusy information would enable the development of a list of schedulable time slots for providers or services at

605 would enable the specific facilities.

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The ability to query interrelated, federated, service directories supports important service discovery activities. This includes consumer-centric queries such as finding "where is the closest youth mental health services clinic" or "when is the earliest time I could schedule an

- 610 appointment with a physiotherapist near my workplace". In addition, crucial health system management workflows are supported. This can include reporting and analyses, such as "what are my health human resource capacities, by facility, by cadre", "what are all the services offered at this facility" or, conversely, "where are all the facilities that offer this service". Lastly, the CSD Profile may be employed to support line-of-business queries such as "what is the enterprise
- 615 facility ID for this facility" or "what is the encryption certificate and electronic endpoint for this provider". The CSD Profile may be employed to support, for example, the Provider Queries listed by the US Office of the National Coordinator as part of the Standards and Interoperability Framework (http://wiki.siframework.org/file/view/ESI%20Query%20and%20Response.pdf).

The CSD Profile describes four actors and the transactions between them:

- Service Finder the Service Finder Actor submits queries to the Care Services InfoManager, who returns the result(s) in a response document. Queries may be expressed by invoking "stored" queries or (optionally) by submitting well-formed ad hoc XQuery queries. Service Finder actors who support the FreeBusy Option may submit a FreeBusy query to a Service Availability Actor who will reply with a vFREEBUSY response.
  - 2. **Care Services InfoManager** the InfoManager Actor has two roles. The InfoManager maintains a local content cache that represents cross-referenced data from one or more Care Services Directory actors. The InfoManager periodically refreshes this cache by querying Directory actors for updated content. The InfoManager's other role is to process inbound queries from Service Finder actors. These queries are executed against the cached content. Results from an inbound query are returned to the Service Finder Actor in a response document.
  - 3. **Care Services Directory** the Directory Actor is responsible for returning an XML document in response to a refresh request from a Care Services InfoManager. The response document contains content which has been inserted or updated in the Directory since the last refresh and is expressed in the XML format defined by the CSD Profile's XML schema.
  - 4. **Service Availability** the Service Availability Actor responds to vFREEBUSY requests for busy time for a provider or service at a specified facility. The format of the request and response is defined by the IETF CalDAV specification (RFC 4791).

The CSD Profile's loosely coupled design and flexible querying capability means it can be deployed within a number of eHealth architectures and support a wide array of care workflows.

# 35.1 CSD Actors, Transactions, and Content Modules

Figure 35.1-1 shows the actors directly involved in the CSD Profile and the relevant transactions between them.

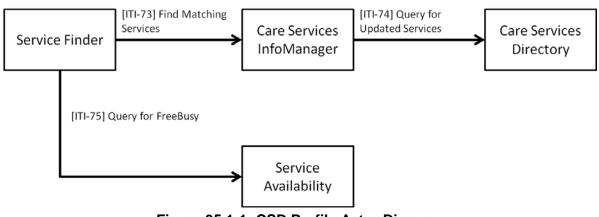


Figure 35.1-1: CSD Profile Actor Diagram

650 Table 35.1-1 lists the transactions for each CSD Profile Actor. To be conformant with the CSD Profile, an implemented actor must perform all that actor's required transactions (labeled "R"). Transactions labeled "O" are optional.

Actors	Transactions	Optionality	Section in Vol. 2	
Service Finder	Find Matching Services	R	3.73	
	Query for FreeBusy	0	3.75	
Care Services	Find Matching Services	R	3.73	
InfoManager	Query for Updated Services	R	3.74	
Care Services Directory	Query for Updated Services	R	3.74	
Service Availability	Query for FreeBusy	R	3.75	

Table 35.1-1: CSD Integration Profile - Actors and Transactions

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### **35.1.1 Actor Descriptions and Actor Profile Requirements**

## 35.1.1.1 Care Services Directory

A Care Services Directory Actor shall maintain definitive data regarding one or more of: Organization, Facility, Services, or Provider. A Care Services Directory shall be able to respond to a Care Services InfoManager's request for new or updated content since a specified date and time. To support this capability, a Care Services Directory shall support time stamped "journaling". In this way, for example, data elements that are deprecated are not simply deleted, but rather are updated to an appropriate status indicating their deprecation. In addition, a Care Services Directory shall also maintain the content needed to be able to construct and return an XML document conformant to the CSD XML schema definition.

In order for the Care Services InfoManager's cached content to be able to serve its role as an interlinked data source, the following conditions shall be met by Care Services Directory actors who maintain directory content.

- Implementing jurisdictions may mandate code sets for Organization Type, Service Type, Facility Type, Facility Status, Provider Type, Provider Status, Contact Point Type, Credential Type, Specialization Code, and language code. Care Services Directory actors shall be configurable to use these code sets, where mandated.
  - 2. Implementing jurisdictions may mandate conventions regarding the types, components and formatting of Name, Address and AddressLine elements. Care Services Directory actors shall be configurable to use these formatting conventions, where mandated.
  - 3. Implementing jurisdictions may mandate the source of truth regarding organization ID, service ID, facility ID and provider ID. Care Services Directory actors shall ensure that all cross referenced IDs match corresponding directory records in the jurisdictionally mandated sources of truth.

#### 680 For purposes of this profile, a "directory record" is defined as an //organizationDirectory/organization, //serviceDirectory/service, //facilityDirectory/facility or //providerDirectory/provider element as defined in the CSD XML Schema Definition (ITI TF-2x: Appendix W).

### 35.1.1.2 Service Finder

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- 685 The Service Finder Actor queries the Care Services InfoManager to retrieve interrelated content regarding care services. A Service Finder Actor invokes stored queries in order to execute the common care service discovery requests supported by the InfoManager. A Service Finder Actor shall be able to issue to the Care Services InfoManager one or more of the stored queries defined in ITI TF-2c: 3.73.4.1.2.1 to 3.73.4.1.2.4. A Service Finder Actor should be able to invoke on the
- 690 Care Services InfoManager other implementation-specific stored queries which the InfoManager supports.

A Service Finder Actor who supports the "Ad hoc XQuery" Option may submit a well-formed XQuery query to an InfoManager that supports the "Ad hoc XQuery" Option. Such XQuery queries may return content in a format other than XML (e.g., JSON, CSV, etc.).

695 A Service Finder Actor who supports the "FreeBusy" Option capability may execute a Query for FreeBusy query to a Service Availability Actor, who replies with a vFREEBUSY response for the provider or service that was the subject of the query.

### 35.1.1.3 Care Services InfoManager

The Care Services InfoManager performs two functions:

- On a periodic basis, the InfoManager refreshes its cached content with updated information from one or more Care Services Directory actors. The refresh period (e.g., every *x* minutes, hourly, daily, etc.) is established by the implementing jurisdiction and shall be configurable on the Care ServicesInfoManager.
  - 2. When it receives an inbound query, the InfoManager executes the query against its cached content and returns a response document in reply. The inbound query may be either a stored query invocation or, if the InfoManager supports the Ad hoc XQuery Option, a well-formed XQuery query.

A Care Services InfoManager shall be able to respond to all of the stored queries defined in ITI TF-2c: 3.73.4.1.2.1 to 3.73.4.1.2.4.

710 A Care Services InfoManager shall be able to query multiple Care Services Directory using [ITI-74].

## 35.1.1.4 Service Availability

The Service Availability Actor receives an inbound Query for FreeBusy request from a Service Finder which seeks "busy" information about a specified Provider or Service entity. The Service Availability Actor returns a "vFREEBUSY" response in reply.

# 35.2 CSD Actor Options

Options that may be selected for each actor in this profile, if any, are listed in the Table 35.2-1. Dependencies between options when applicable are specified in notes.

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-----

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705

Actor	Option Name	Reference	
Service Finder	Ad hoc XQuery FreeBusy	35.2.1 35.2.2	
Care Services InfoManager	Ad hoc XQuery	35.2.1	
Care Services Directory	No options defined		
Service Availability	No options defined		

Table 35.2-1: CSD - Actors and Options

### 35.2.1 Ad hoc XQuery Option

A Service Finder Actor that supports the Ad hoc XQuery Option shall be able to expresses a well-formed ad hoc XQuery query against the CSD element of the XML schema for CSD. See

725 ITI TF-2x: Appendix W. This query will conform to the XQuery specification referenced in ITI TF-2c: 3.73.3.

A Care Services InfoManager Actor that supports the Ad hoc XQuery Option shall be able to respond to ad hoc XQuery queries from a Service Finder Actor. See ITI TF-2c: 3.73.3.

#### 35.2.2 FreeBusy Option

730 A Service Finder Actor that supports the FreeBusy Option shall implement the Query for FreeBusy [ITI-75] transaction. See ITI TF-2c: 3.75.

## 35.3 CSD Required Actor Groupings

CSD Actor groupings are listed in Table 35.3-1.

735

#### Table 35.3-1: Care Service Discovery- Required Actor Groupings

CSD Actor	Actor to be grouped with	Reference	Content Bindings Reference
Service Finder	None	-	-
Care Services InfoManager	None	-	-
Care Services Directory	None	-	-
Service Availability	None	-	-

## 35.4 CSD Overview

#### 35.4.1 Concepts

The Care Services Discovery Profile supports queries against interrelated information regarding: organizations, facilities, providers and services. The interrelationship between these data is illustrated in Figure 35.4.1-1.

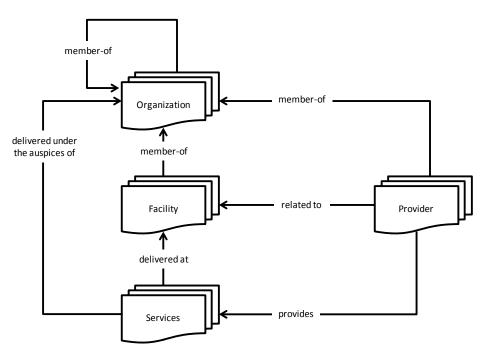


Figure 35.4.1-1: Top-level Relationships between Care Services Directories

Optional support is also provided to query for FreeBusy information about providers or services 745 at specific facilities.

The following provides a high level description of the directories shown in Figure 35.4.1-1:

- 1. Organization Organizations are "umbrella" entities; these may be considered the administrative bodies under whose auspices care services are provided such as Healthcare Information Exchanges (HIEs), Integrated Delivery Networks (IDNs), Non-government Organizations (NGOs), faith-based organizations (FBOs) or even a one-physician family practice. An organization has a unique identifier and administrative attributes such as contact person, mailing address, etc. An organization may have a parent-child relationship with another organization.
- Facility Facilities are physical care delivery sites such as hospitals, clinics, health outposts, physician offices, labs, pharmacies, etc. A Facility has a unique identifier, geographic attributes (address, geocode), contact attributes, attributes regarding its hours of operation, etc. Each Facility is related to at least one Organization and to at least one Service. A Facility may be related to zero, one or more Providers.
  - 3. Service Each care service has a unique identifier. Examples include: surgical services, antenatal care services or primary care services. The combination of a Service offered at a Facility may have specific attributes including contact person, hours of operation, etc.
    - Provider A Provider is a health worker as defined by WHO; a provider might be a
      physician, nurse, pharmacist, community health worker, district health manager, etc.
      Providers have contact and demographic attributes. Each Provider is related to at least

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765 one Organization and may be related to one or more facilities and services. Specific attributes may be associated with the Provider relationship with these other entities.

Because of the particular challenges regarding the representation of names across multiple languages and in different cultures, attention is drawn to the ITI TF-2a: 3.24.5.2.3.1. This section in the ITI Technical Framework describes the use of the language tag as documented in IETF

770 RFC 1766 and the HL7® XCN name data type. The CSD XSD has expressly defined the commonName element so that implementers may make use of these methods in supporting complex international conventions regarding names.

A top-level view of the CSD Profile's process flow is shown in Figure 35.4.1-2. Interrelated directory content is maintained by the Care Services InfoManager. The Care Services

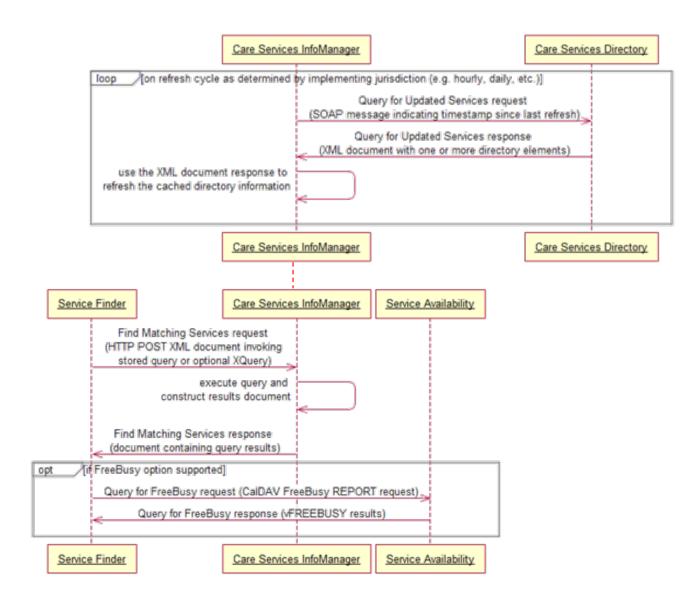
- 775 InfoManager routinely obtains new or updated content from the CSD Directories by polling them. These updates refresh a data cache which the InfoManager maintains. The InfoManager's cache is refreshed at an appropriate interval specified by the implementing jurisdiction. Implementing jurisdiction will consider the implications of out of date information when setting the refresh interval between cache updates. The normal delays in updating directories will also per part of this consideration
- 780 be part of this consideration.

The Service Finder is the actor that queries for information about interrelated care services. These queries are sent to the Care Services InfoManager who develops a response based on the content in its cached data store. To execute a content query, a Service Finder Actor invokes a stored query against the InfoManager's cached data. Where both actors support the Ad hoc

785 XQuery Option, a Service Finder may optionally submit a well-formed XQuery to an InfoManager, who returns the response in a reply document.

In addition, a Service Finder that supports the FreeBusy Option may submit a FreeBusy query to a Service Availability Actor who returns the "busy" time for the Provider or Service in question. The Service Finder may net the busy time against the Provider's or Service's operating hours to calculate the "free" (cabedulable) time alots which may be queilable.

calculate the "free" (schedulable) time slots which may be available.



#### IHE IT Infrastructure Technical Framework Supplement - Care Services Discovery (CSD)

```
Diagram pseudocode:
795
       participant "Care Services InfoManager"
       participant "Care Services Directory"
       loop on refresh cycle as determined by implementing jurisdiction (e.g., hourly, daily, etc.)
800
       Care Services InfoManager -> Care Services Directory: Query for Updated Services request \n(SOAP
       message indicating timestamp since last refresh)
       Care Services Directory -> Care Services InfoManager: Query for Updated Services response \n(XML
       document with one or more directory elements)
       Care Services InfoManager -> Care Services InfoManager: use the XML document response to
805
       \nrefresh the cached directory information
       end
       _____
810
      participant "Service Finder"
       participant "Care Services InfoManager"
       participant "Service Availability"
       Service Finder -> Care Services InfoManager: Find Matching Services request \n(HTTP POST XML
815
       document invoking \nstored query or optional XQuery)
       Care Services InfoManager -> Care Services InfoManager: execute query and \nconstruct results
       document
       Care Services InfoManager -> Service Finder: Find Matching Services response \n(document
       containing query results)
820
       opt if FreeBusy Option supported
       Service Finder -> Service Availability: Query for FreeBusy request (CalDAV FreeBusy REPORT
       request)
       Service Availability -> Service Finder: Query for FreeBusy response (vFREEBUSY results)
825
       end
```

Figure 35.4.1-2: Process Flow

#### 35.4.2 Use Cases

There are two "exemplary" use cases for the CSD Profile: health human resource management and clinical provider appointment availability. These two use cases illustrate using CSD to query across related provider and facility data and using the profile to search for the soonest available appointment time slot for a specific type of clinical specialist.

#### 35.4.2.1 Use Case #1 Health Worker Staff Levels Report

#### 35.4.2.1.1 Health Worker Staff Levels Use Case Description

A district health (DH) manager wishes to generate a listing of the health worker staffing levels for each facility in his district. These data should be summarized by health worker type (e.g., community health worker, nurse assistant, nurse, physician, etc.).

### 35.4.2.1.2 Health Worker Staff Levels Report Process Flow

- 840
- The district health information system, acting as a Service Finder, invokes an implementation-specific stored query on the Care Services InfoManager. It passes the appropriate query parameters indicating the district of interest and other data.

- The Care Services InfoManager executes the stored query and returns the results to the district health information system. The district health information system presents the query results to the DH manager for analysis and/or reporting.
- 845 The interactions between the various actors in this use case are shown in Figure 35.4.2.1.2-1.

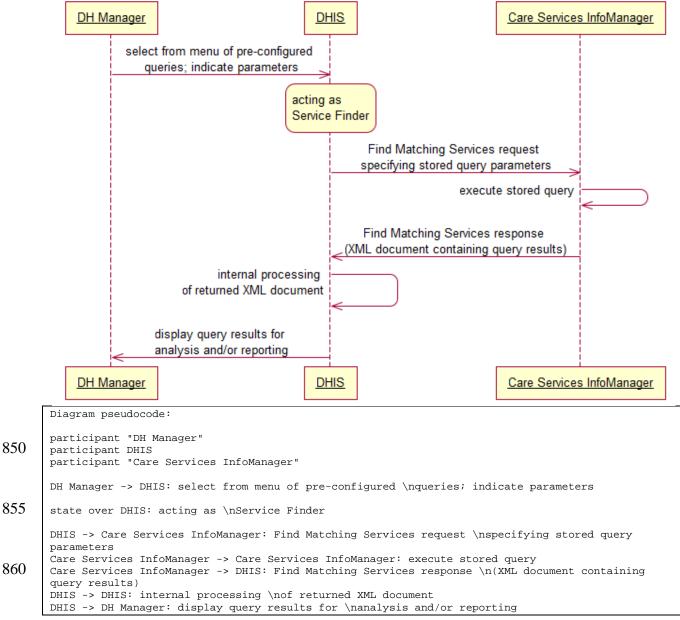


Figure 35.4.2.1.2-1: Health Worker Staff Levels Use Case

## 35.4.2.2 Use Case #2: Provider Availability Query

### 35.4.2.2.1 Provider Availability Query Use Case Description

The patient, David Lambert, consults with his physician who recommends surgery. The patient needs to find a suitable surgeon, taking into consideration the location and availability of the surgeons.

#### 35.4.2.2.2 Provider Availability Query Process Flow

- David Lambert sees his family physician, Dr. Black, regarding a recent knee injury.
- Dr. Black diagnoses the problem as a torn ACL and decides to refer David to an orthopedic surgeon.
- 875

- Dr. Black uses his EMR query tool, which implements a Service Finder Actor, to search for orthopedic surgeons within 30km of David's home who have available consult timeslots in the next 30 days.
  - The EMR retrieves the information and display it to Dr. Black.
  - David and Dr. Black decide on an orthopedic surgeon; Dr. Black prepares an eReferral.
- 880 The interactions between the actors are shown in Figure 35.4.2.2.1.

Dav	id Dr. I	Black	EMR	] [	Care Service	s InfoManager	Service A	vailability
	My knee hurts diagnosis = tom ACL	use EMR's custom query to search for orthopedic surgec availability within next 30 da within 30km of David's hon	nns, ys, ne	Find Matching Services re containing well-formed X e: Find Matching Services re containing Provider list, office ours of operation and FreeBusy	Query xecute XQuery sponse address,			
loop	for each Provider in the resu	alt set]		Query for	FreeBusy requ	est		
		determine available time	slots	Query for F	reeBusy respo USY "busy" time	nse		
Dav	review and discuss options	create eReferral	EMR	]	Care Service	s InfoManager	Service A	vailability.

#### IHE IT Infrastructure Technical Framework Supplement - Care Services Discovery (CSD)

```
Diagram pseudocode:
```

```
participant David
885
       participant "Dr. Black"
       participant EMR
       participant "Care Services InfoManager"
       participant "Service Availability"
890
       David -> Dr. Black: My knee hurts
       Dr. Black -> Dr. Black: diagnosis = torn ACL
       Dr. Black -> EMR: use EMR's custom query tool \nsearch for orthopedic surgeons, \navailability
       within next 30 days, \nwithin 30km of David's home
895
       state over EMR: acting as: \nService Finder
       EMR -> Care Services InfoManager: Find Matching Services request \ncontaining well-formed XQuery
       Care Services InfoManager -> Care Services InfoManager: execute XQuery
       Care Services InfoManager -> EMR: Find Matching Services response \ncontaining Provider list,
900
       office address, \nhours of operation and FreeBusy entity endpoint
       loop for each Provider in the result set
        EMR -> Service Availability: Query for FreeBusy request
        Service Availability -> EMR: Query for FreeBusy response \n(vFREEBUSY "busy" time)
905
        EMR -> EMR: determine available time slots
       end
       Dr. Black -> David: review and discuss options
       Dr. Black -> EMR: create eReferral
```

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Figure 35.4.2.2-1: Provider Availability Use Case

#### 35.4.2.3 Other Provider Information Query Use cases (from the IHE HPD Profile):

- 1. <u>Provider Authorization and lookup during an emergency event:</u> During Hurricane Katrina, health care volunteers were turned away from disaster sites because there was no means available to verify their credentials. At an emergency site, the CSD service can be queried to quickly identify and grant permission to credentialed providers to enter the scene.
  - 2. <u>Keeping agency provider information current:</u> A German government agency dealing with healthcare services for its constituents wishes to keep its agency's healthcare provider information current. The agency determines that it will use the CSD Profile to access the most current provider information from a Care Services InfoManager. On a regular basis, the agency queries the Care Services InfoManager to provide a list of the updated information.
  - 3. **Providing Personal Health records to a new Primary Care Physician:** An individual has changed health plans. As a result that individual must change his Primary Care Physician. The individual has a Personal Health Record and would like to provide that information to his new Primary Care Physician. The individual needs to determine where to have the Personal Health Record transmitted to.
  - 4. <u>Certificate Retrieval:</u> National regulations in many European countries require that an electronically transmitted doctor's letter is encrypted in a way that only the identified

receiver is able to decrypt it. In order to encrypt the letter, the sender has to discover the encryption certificate of the receiver.

5. **Language Retrieval:** An individual who only speaks Italian requires healthcare services at an Outpatient Clinic. That individual would like to be able to communicate with the Clinic personnel in his native language. The individual or his caregiver needs to determine which clinic supports Italian and provides the care service that is required.

#### 35.4.2.4 Specific other use cases supported/assisted by the CSD Profile:

The following list represents end-user requirements to be supported by the CSD Profile or supported by applications, such as GIS applications, assisted by the profile. This list was developed based on meetings with Ministry of Health officials in Tanzania:

- 1. Generate a full list of facilities, including GPS coordinates, sorted by region or district. Filter the list by specific Service or Services offered at the facility.
- 2. Search for facilities by facility name; view details about each facility (operational status, contact information, type), search by district, display the facility information on a map based on the GPS coordinates.
- 3. Quantify facilities based on service levels and types, locations based on types and service levels, understand resources for a given facility (ICT applications, beds, etc.), catchment area viewing to determine levels of service provision for a geographic area, contextual metadata about facility types inline with view of facility attributes, potentially track other facilities outside of health facilities, filter map views by ownership type (to help look for collaborative opportunities).
- 4. Filter facility by implementing partner, filter by service and region, view data for filtered list one by one both as viewing one per site, and in context of all (map view of facilities based on their GPS coordinates), available mobile networks for facility, power source.
- 5. Filter facilities by service, admin hierarchy, view in web application, along with facility details, , subservices provided by facilities (i.e., kangaroo care within a facility)

The following list represents two key use cases articulated by the Rwanda Health Enterprise Architecture (RHEA) Provider Registry project (shown here, unmodified from the project documentation):

960 1. This query takes in a unique ID for a provider and returns the enterprise ID associated with the provider who matches the given ID.

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"Primary Actor"	Interoperability Layer, potentially Point Of Care Application			
Pre- Conditions	The application must be authenticated to the system			
Success Guarantee	An enterprise id (EID) is returned to the requesting application			
Main Success Scenario	<ol> <li>The "actor" submits a request with a given ID type and ID number</li> <li>The system returns the EID</li> </ol>			
Extensions	2.a The system does not find the provider and returns an error code.			

2. Queries for HC Professional using a variety of possible parameters. This transaction returns a list of all professionals that match the criteria specified in the query parameters. Otherwise, if an error occurred, then an error is returned.

"Primary Actor"	Interoperability Layer, Point Of Care Application?			
Pre- Conditions	The application must be authenticated to the system			
Success Guarantee	An list of enterprise ids (EIDs) is returned to the requesting application			
Main Success Scenario	<ol> <li>The "actor" submits a request with a given query parameters</li> <li>The system returns a list of matching EIDs</li> </ol>			
Extensions	<ul><li>2.a The system does not find the provider and returns an error code.</li><li>2.b The requested search parameters are invalid and return an error code.</li></ul>			

# **35.5 CSD Security Considerations**

The CSD Profile does not support the exchange of person-centric health information. Therefore, this profile does not specify security mechanisms, such as ATNA, that would be required were that the case. However extension points have been provided which would allow for support of one or more security and privacy profiles developed by IHE or other entities.

Information maintained by Care Services Directory actors may be subject to privacy policies and mandates. Users of this profile should refer to relevant privacy legislation, codes of fair information practice and other guidelines so as not to breach personal privacy in their collection,

980 use, storage and disclosure of provider information (for example), including any consent requirements. Privacy legislation may require users to consider their particular set of circumstances (i.e., location and sector) and whether privacy legislation covers those circumstances.

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Provisions in health professional legislation and regulations shall also be considered when unique provider identifiers and any subsequent identifiable information is collected, stored and shared. If there is any information, in part, or whole, as defined by the CSD Profile schema or any extensions to the given schema, that is considered private or sensitive, then appropriate security and privacy procedures shall be considered to protect that information.

This section provides an overview of the typical risks that should be mitigated if desired, and recommends the corresponding IHE profile(s) that should be combined with CSD.

For general IHE risks and threats, see ITI TF-1: Appendix G.

Some categories of risks currently identified for consideration are:

- The possibility of inaccurate or unverified data being maintained in a Care Services Directory.
- Accidental release of information protected by additional regulation or law.
  - Malicious attacks to the data, modifying the data either in transmission or at the Care Services InfoManager or Service Availability actors.
  - Policies and procedures for the verification, validation, and reconciliation of data are ineffective or inconsistent across authoritative Care Services Directory actors.
- Any activity performed on CSD data by a Service Finder Actor with the expectation that data are authoritative. For instance, PHI could be transmitted to a FAX number, a mailing address, or a health internet address with the expectation that the addresses are authoritative.

The following shall be considered by implementers of the profile, as part of the planning process for implementation:

- Implement and enforce policies and procedure to validate the provider information before it is stored and published by a Care Services Directory.
- The Audit Trail and Node Authentication (ATNA) Profile should be considered to ensure that nodes in a network are authenticated.
- The ATNA Profile may be employed to capture and record audit trail events related to the Query for Updated Services transaction.
  - The Enterprise User Authentication (EUA) Profile may be employed to authenticate Service Finder and/or Care Services InfoManager actors if access to query information is to be limited and controlled. If CSD content is going to be public, open and searchable by anyone, the user authentication may not be applicable.
  - The Cross-Enterprise User Assertion (XUA) Profile may be employed to assert Service Finder and/or Care Services InfoManager credentials for the purpose of enforcing Role Based Access Control (RBAC) and protecting any non-public sensitive information if access to query information is limited and controlled.

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- The Personnel White Pages (PWP) Profile provides a repository that may be used to hold system users' identification data.
- Best practices should be employed regarding operations management for network monitoring, intrusion detection and secured data backups.

Implementers may follow these IHE profiles to fulfill some of their security needs. It is understood that institutions must implement policy and workflow steps to satisfy enterprise needs and to comply with regulatory requirements.

The CSD implementer is further advised that many risks associated with physical security and operational management cannot be mitigated by the CSD Profile and instead responsibility for mitigation is transferred to the CSD implementer.

#### 1030 Specific Security Considerations Regarding the Use of XQuery

Because the CSD Profile relies on XQuery for ad hoc queries, specific care should be taken to ensure the safety and security of queries and content, including with regard to "injection" attacks (similar to the more widely found SQL injection attacks). One protection regarding the defense of privacy of XML content exchanged between actors is to require the use of encrypted transport. To satisfy such a requirement, Find Matching Services [ITI-73] and Query for Updated Services

[ITI-74] transactions may be conducted using HTTPS.

In addition, XQuery injection attacks may be guarded against using the following techniques (from <u>http://www.balisage.net/Proceedings/vol7/html/Vlist02/BalisageVol7-Vlist02.html</u>):

The most common way to block these kinds of attacks is to "escape" the dangerous characters or "sanitize" user inputs before sending them to the XQuery engine.

In an XQuery string literal, the "dangerous" characters are:

- The & that can be used to make references to predefined or digital entities and needs to be replaced by the &
- *The quote (either simple or double) that you use to delimit the literal that needs to be replaced by ' or "*

# 35.6 CSD Cross Profile Considerations

None

# Appendices

1050 None

# **Volume 2 – Transactions**

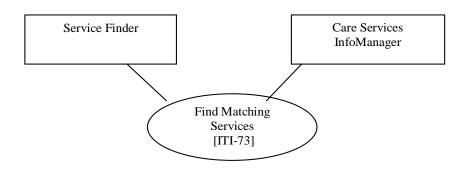
#### 3.73 Find Matching Services [ITI-73]

#### 3.73.1 Scope

1055 The Find Matching Services transaction is used to express queries against the CSD schema. This schema is found in ITI TF-2x: Appendix W. The query against the CSD schema may be expressed as an invocation of a stored query or (optionally) as a well-formed ad hoc XQuery.

The query is submitted by the Service Finder to the Care Services InfoManager by constructing an XML document expressing the query and executing an HTTP POST transaction. The Care Services InfoManager executes the query and returns the results in a response document.

#### 3.73.2 Actor Roles



#### Figure 3.73.2-1: Basic Process Flow for Find Matching Services

#### 1065

#### Table 3.73.2-1: Actor Roles

Actor:	Service Finder
Role:	Constructs and submits to the Care Services InfoManager an XML document expressing a stored function invocation or (optionally) a well-formed Ad hoc XQuery. The result from the Care Services InfoManager is returned in a document.
Actor:	Care Services InfoManager

# Role:The Care Services InfoManager receives from the Service Finder an XML document<br/>containing a stored query invocation or (optionally) a well-formed Ad hoc XQuery.<br/>The Care Services InfoManager processes the inbound query and returns the result to<br/>the Service Finder in a document.

#### 3.73.3 Referenced Standards

The Find Matching Services transaction [ITI-73] relies on the following standards:

- The format of the Find Matching Services [ITI-73] XQuery or stored function invocation shall adhere to the W3C specification: XQuery 1.0: An XML Query Language (Second Edition) found at: <u>http://www.w3.org/TR/xquery/</u>. Stored functions exposed and supported by a Care Services InfoManager to Service Finders shall have been defined as XQuery User Defined Functions.
- By its inclusion in the XQuery standard, this means the XML Schema standard is also referenced; the current version of which can be found here: <u>http://www.w3.org/TR/xmlschema11-1/</u>.
  - Queries are posted by the Service Finder to the Care Services InfoManager using an HTTP POST transaction. The W3C HTTP 1.1 standard is specified here: <u>http://www.w3.org/Protocols/</u>.
  - The data model for the parameters for stored queries are defined according to the XForms 1.1 <u>http://www.w3.org/TR/xforms/</u> in particular the instance and bind elements as described in the XForms Core Model of <u>http://www.w3.org/TR/xforms/#structure-abstract</u>.
- The CSD data schema is based on the following content specifications:
  - IHE Health Provider Directory (HPD) Profile (and by reference ISO 21091)
  - WHO draft Master Facility List guideline
  - HL7®-OMG Health Services Directory (HSD) Service Functional Model
  - HL7® Fast Health Interoperability Resources (FHIR®) model

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#### 1090 3.73.4 Interaction Diagram

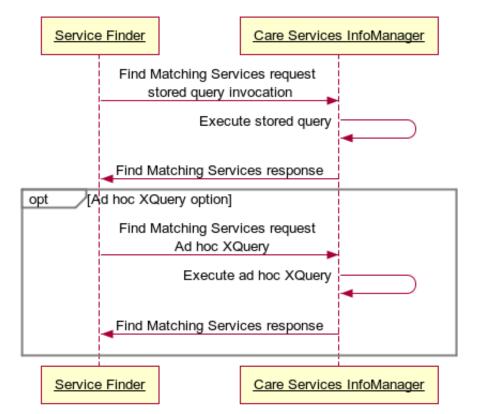


	Diagram pseudocode:
1095	participant "Service Finder" participant "Care Services InfoManager"
1100	Service Finder -> Care Services InfoManager: Find Matching Services request \nstored query invocation Care Services InfoManager -> Care Services InfoManager: Execute stored query Care Services InfoManager -> Service Finder: Find Matching Services response
1105	opt Ad hoc XQuery Option Service Finder -> Care Services InfoManager: Find Matching Services request \n Ad hoc XQuery Care Services InfoManager -> Care Services InfoManager: Execute ad hoc XQuery Care Services InfoManager -> Service Finder: Find Matching Services response end

Figure 3.73.4-1: Find Matching Services [ITI-73] Interactions

#### 1110 **3.73.4.1 Find Matching Services Request message (Stored Query)**

In the definition of the Find Matching Services Request the following XML namespaces are used.

csd	urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013

The csd namespace is also as used as the default element namespace for describing elements of "CSD" and "Find Matching Services Request" documents.

#### 3.73.4.1.1 Trigger Events

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The Service Finder sends a Find Services Request (Stored Query) when it needs to access service information maintained by the Care Services InfoManager and for which the InfoManager has defined a Stored Query with a unique URN according to RFC 2141 and which has no reserved characters as defined in Section 23 of RFC 2141.

The Care Services InfoManager shall have a stored query associated with each of the URNs referenced in the Required Stored Queries list in Section 3.73.4.1.2. In addition, the Care Services InfoManager may optionally make available other Stored Queries. The transaction for "publishing" such optional stored queries to the Care Services InfoManager is not defined by IHE.

The text content of the csd:careServicesFunction/definition element must be XQuery MainModule content as defined in:

• http://www.w3.org/TR/xquery/#prod-xquery-MainModule

#### 3.73.4.1.2 Message Semantics

1130 The Find Matching Services Request is conveyed to the Care Services InfoManager as an XML document submitted via an HTTP POST. The schema of the posted XML document is shown in Figure 3.73.4.1.2-2.

The details of a Find Matching Services request query are described in the posted XML document. As indicated by Figure 3.73.4.1.2-1, the base careServicesRequest element shall contain a function element as described in Figure 3.73.4.1.2-2.

As indicated in Figure 3.73.4.1.2-1, the function element has a mandatory attribute @urn. This attribute is used to specify the stored query ID. Each of the stored queries defined in sections 3.73.4.1.2.1 to 3.73.4.1.2.4 has been assigned a unique ID.

The other mandatory attribute is the Boolean attribute: *encapsulated*. This attribute is employed by the Service Finder to indicate whether the result will be encapsulated in a response XML document conformant with the careServicesResponse document definition, which is the default, or whether a raw, unencapsulated response format will be returned. All of the stored queries defined in sections 3.73.4.1.2.1 to 3.73.4.1.2.4 return XML content conformant to the CSD XML Schema (see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W).

1145 The parameters passed to the stored query are specifically defined for each of the stored queries defined in Sections 3.73.4.1.2.1 to 3.73.4.1.2.4. These parameters are included inside the function element. An example query request is shown below.

#### IHE IT Infrastructure Technical Framework Supplement – Care Services Discovery (CSD)



	<careservicesrequest></careservicesrequest>
1150	<pre><function urn="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:facility-search"></function></pre>
	<requestparams></requestparams>
	<codedtype code="OPC-example" codingschema="USDVA-example"></codedtype>
	<address></address>
	<pre><addressline component="city">Chapel Hill</addressline></pre>
1155	
	<max>5</max>

1160

Figure 3.73.4.1.2-1: Example Request

#### IHE IT Infrastructure Technical Framework Supplement – Care Services Discovery (CSD)

	<xs:element name="careServicesRequest"></xs:element>
	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	<ss:choice></ss:choice>
	<pre><xs:element name="expression"></xs:element></pre>
1165	
1105	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	<xs:attribute name="encapsulated" type="xs:boolean" use="required"></xs:attribute>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
	<xs:documentation>Boolean flag to control response type. Defaults to true, in</xs:documentation>
1150	which case the result of the xquery is wrapped in a $\ell_{r}$ under a
1170	<careservicesresponse> by the Care Services InfoManager. If false, the raw xquery result is</careservicesresponse>
	passed back from the Care Services InfoManager.
1175	<pre></pre>
1175	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
	<pre><xs:documentation>The content or mime-type of the query result. If the Service</xs:documentation></pre>
	Finder requests an encapsulated result then this should be value of the corresponding attribute
1100	in <u>&lt;</u> ;careServicesResult <u>&gt;</u> ;. If the Service Finder requests an unencapsulated result, then this
1180	content-type should be returned as an HTTP header.
	Values must be conformant to:
	http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2045
	http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2046
1185	
1105	
	<xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
1100	<xs:documentation>Extension point for implementation specific</xs:documentation>
1190	attributes
1195	<xs:element name="function"></xs:element>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
	<pre><xs:documentation>A stored function to be executed by the Care Services InfoManager</xs:documentation></pre>
	which must be defined by a <careservicesfunction></careservicesfunction> . If such a <careservicesfunction></careservicesfunction>
1200	has been defined and a child node exists, then the Care Services InfoManager may choose to
1200	validate the child node against any schema or binding designated by the
	<pre>&lt;careServicesFunction/&gt; following the rules set forth for an &lt;xforms:instance&gt; in</pre>
	http://www.w3.org/TR/xforms/
1005	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
1205	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<xs:any minoccurs="0" namespace="##any" processcontents="skip"></xs:any>
	<xs:attribute name="urn" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
1210	<pre><xs:documentation>Refers to a URN identifying a &lt;careServicesFunction/&gt; to</xs:documentation></pre>
1210	be processed by the Care Services InfoManager. These stored queries must be defined in a
	<careservicesfunction></careservicesfunction> .
1015	
1215	
	<xs:attribute name="encapsulated" type="xs:boolean" use="required"></xs:attribute>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
	<xs:documentation>Boolean flag to control response type. Defaults to true, in</xs:documentation>
	which case the result, which is conformant to the xquery used to define the function, is wrapped
1220	in a <result></result> under a <careservicesresponse></careservicesresponse> by the Care Services InfoManager
	before being sent to the Service Finder. If false, the raw result xquery is passed back from the
	Care Services InfoManager to the Service Finder.
	care services infomanager to the service rinder.
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1443	
	<xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>

1230	<pre><xs:documentation>Extension point for implementation specific attributes</xs:documentation></pre>
1235	   

Figure 3.73.4.1.2-2: careServicesRequest XML Schema

The calling convention for the Find Matching Service Request message is described in Tables 3.73.4.1.2-1 and 3.73.4.1.2-2 The HTTP response codes are detailed in Section 3.73.4.2.

endpoint:	POST <location>/careServicesRequest</location>
description:	The <location> indicates the URI of the service address of the Care Services InfoManager using either the http or https scheme. The /careServicesRequest is the endpoint for execution of stored (and optionally Ad hoc) XQueries by the Service Finder.</location>
posted content:	A valid XML document conformant with the XML schema defined in 3.73.4.1.2-1 with root careServicesRequest node which contains exactly one child node which is the function element.
other HTTP header requirements:	Accept: text/xml Accept-Charset: utf-8 Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8

Table 3.73.4.1.2-1 Stored Quer	v HTTP Calling Convention

endpoint:	POST <location>/careServicesRequest/<urn></urn></location>
description:	The <location> indicates the URI of the service address of the Care Services InfoManager using either the http or https scheme. The <urn> shall be the @urn of a stored XQuery published on the Care Services InfoManager and executed by the Service Finder.</urn></location>
posted content:	An XML (or other) document which is valid according to the definition of the stored query referenced by <ur></ur>

other HTTP	Accept: text/xml
header requirements:	Accept-Charset: utf-8
requirements	Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8

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A Service Finder Actor shall be able to issue to the Care Services InfoManager one or more of the stored queries defined in Sections 3.73.4.1.2.1 to 3.73.4.1.2.4.

For all of the stored queries defined in Sections 3.73.4.1.2.1 to 3.73.4.1.2.4, rudimentary pagination is supported through the use of the optional start and max parameters. The behaviors supported by these two parameters are as follows.

The Service Finder may optionally specify the start parameter to indicate the starting ordinal of the resulting query response. By default, the Care Services InfoManager begins the query response document at the first record of the query result set. To request that the response begin at record 51, however, the Service Finder would specify parameter <start>51</start>.

- 1255 The Service Finder may optionally specify the max parameter to denote the maximum number of records the Care Services InfoManager returns in a query response. By default, all records are returned in a query response. To request that the Care Services InfoManager return 50 records in the response, the Service Finder would specify parameter <max>50</max>.
- A Service Finder Actor with limited data processing capability could choose to execute multiple queries with the same search parameters, but each with appropriately defined start and max, to support a paging behavior within its application. NOTE: if the cached data at the Care Services InfoManager has changed between subsequent requests the returned results shall reflect these changes.

#### 3.73.4.1.2.1 Organization Search

1265 The careServicesFunction XML required to define the Organization Search careServicesFunction can be found in ITI TF-2x: Appendix Y, Figure Y.3-1. For a nonnormative XQuery implementation of the organization search, see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

#### Description

Performs a search for all organizations by name, type, address or ID.

1270 The result set consists of all organizations matching the *search parameters* (id, primaryName, name, codedType and address).

The results set may be further restricted according to the *limit parameters* (start, max, record/@status and record/@updated). An ordering of the result set is not specified.

Content-Type: text/xml

1275 URN: urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:organization-search

#### Response

Results are returned as a valid CSD document with a root document element of CSD. The results set is contained entirely within the organizationDirectory element and consists of the full content of the organization elements of matching organizations as maintained by the Care Services InfoManager.

Parameters

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Query Parameters are defined (formatted as per the XFORMS core model specification) as the content of following elements relative to the requestParams child element of function:

- id *csd:uniqueID*: (optional) If present and the @entityID attribute contains a non-empty value, it is an ID which uniquely identifies an organization. This is an exact match.
  - otherID *csd:otherID*: (optional) If present and the @assigningAuthorityName attribute contains a non-empty value, then the result set is restricted to only those organizations which have a otherID with the given @assigningAuthorityName and @code
- primaryName *xs:string*: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, then the result set should be restricted to those organizations whose primaryName contains this value. Case insensitive.
  - name *xs:string*: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, then the result set should be restricted to those organizations which have a primaryName or otherName element containing this value. Case insensitive.
  - codedType *csd:codedtype*: If present and contains a non-empty value the result set should be restricted to those organizations whose codedType/@code equals this value for the coding schema specified by the @codingSchema attribute. Case insensitive.
  - address *csd:address*: (optional) Contains of any-number of child addressLine elements as follows:
    - Text content *xs:string*: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, then the results set should be restricted to those organizations whose have an addressLine with specified @component containing this value exactly. Case insensitive.
    - @component *xs:string* : (Required attribute) The component of the address we are searching. Case insensitive.
  - start *xs:int*: (optional) The starting index for results returned. Defaults to 1, which indexes the first organization matching the search parameters
  - max *xs:int*: (optional) The maximum number of results returned. A value of less than zero implies no maximum.
- 1310 record csd:record : (optional) A child element to limit results according to
  - @status xs:string: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, the result set should be restricted to those organizations whose record/@status equals this value. Case insensitive.

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• @updated xs:dateTime: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, the result set should be restricted to those organizations whose record/@updated is at least the given value.

```
1320 
<careServicesRequest>
<function urn='urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:organization-search'>
<function urn='urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:organization-search'>
</requestParams>
</codedType codingSchema="moh.gov.rw" code="FBO" />
</address>
</address>
</addresss>
</addressLine component='city'>Kigali</addressLine>
</addresss>
</max>5</max>
</function>
</careServicesRequest>
```

Figure 3.73.4.1.2.1-1: Example careServicesRequest

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#### 3.73.4.1.2.2 Provider Search

The careServicesFunction XML required to define the Provider Search careServicesFunction can be found in ITI TF-2x: Appendix Y, Figure Y.3-2. For a non-normative XQuery implementation of the provider search, see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

#### 1335 **Description**

Performs a search for all providers by name, type, address or ID.

The result set consists of all providers matching the *search parameters* (id, otherID, commonName, codedType and address).

The results set may be further restricted according to the *limit parameters* (start, max, record/@status and record/@updated). An ordering of the result set is not specified.

Content-Type: text/xml URN: urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:provider-search

#### Response

Results are returned as a valid CSD document with a root document element of CSD. The results set is contained entirely within the providerDirectory element and consists of the full content of the provider elements of matching providers as maintained by the Care Services InfoManager.

#### Parameters

Query Parameters are defined (formatted as per the XFORMS core model specification) as the content of following elements relative to the requestParams child element of function:

• id *csd:uniqueID*: (optional) If present and the @entityID attribute contains a non-empty value, it is an ID which uniquely identifies a provider. This is an exact match.

1355	• otherID <i>csd:otherID</i> : (optional) If present and the @assigningAuthorityName attribute contains a non-empty value, then the result set is restricted to only those providers which have a otherID with the given @assigningAuthorityName and @code
	• commonName <i>xs:string</i> : (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, then the result set should be restricted to those providers which have a demographic/name/commonName this value. Case insensitive.
	• organizations <i>element</i> (optional)
1360 1365	• organization <i>element</i> (optional child element, multiple occurrences allowed). Any organization child element of organizations has an @entityID attribute. If the set organizations/organization/@entityID in the request is non-empty, then the provider result set shall be further restricted to those providers such that there is a non-empty intersection between this set and the provider's attribute set organizations/organization/@entityID.
	• facilities <i>element</i> (optional)
1370	• facility <i>element</i> (optional child element, multiple occurrences allowed). Any facility child element of facilities has an @entityID attribute. If the set facilities/facility/@entityID is non-empty, then the provider result set shall be further restricted to those providers such that there is a non-empty intersection between this set and the provider's attribute set facilities/facility/@entityID.
1375	• service <i>element</i> (optional child element, multiple occurrences allowed). Any service child element of facility has an @entityID attribute. If, for any of the facilities/facility elements, the set ./service/@entityID is non-empty, then the provider result set shall further be restricted to those providers such that the provider's attribute set ./service/@entityID has a non-empty intersection with the corresponding facilities/facility element.
1380	• codedType <i>csd:codedtype</i> : If present and contains a non-empty value the result set should be restricted to those providers whose codeType/@code equals this value for the coding scheme specified by the @codingScheme attribute. Case insensitive.
	• address <i>csd:address</i> : (optional) Contains of any-number of child addressLine elements as follows:
1385	• Text content <i>xs:string</i> : (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, then the results set should be restricted to those providers whose have an addressLine with specified @component containing this value exactly. Case insensitive.
	• @component <i>xs:string</i> : (Required attribute) The component of the address we are searching. Case insensitive.
	• start <i>xs:int</i> : (optional) The starting index for results returned. Defaults to 1, which indexes the first provider matching the search parameters

- max *xs:int*: (optional) The maximum number of results returned. A value of less than zero implies no maximum.
  - record csd:record : (optional) A child element to limit results according to
    - @status xs:string: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, the result set should be restricted to those providers whose record/@status equals this value. Case insensitive.
    - @updated xs:dateTime: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, the result set should be restricted to those providers whose record/@updated is at least the given value.

```
1400 
<careServicesRequest>
<function urn='urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:provider-search'>
<requestParams>
<codedType code="2221" codingScheme="ISCO-08" />
<address>
<caddress>
<caddressLine component='city'>Kigali</addressLine>
<c/address>
<cmax>5</max>
</requestParams>
</function>
</careServicesRequest>
```

Figure 3.73.4.1.2.2-1: Example Provider Search Request

#### 3.73.4.1.2.3 Facility Search

The careServicesFunction XML required to define the Facility Search careServicesFunction can
 be found in ITI TF-2x: Appendix Y, Figure Y.3-3. For a non-normative XQuery implementation of the facility search, see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

#### Description

1395

Performs a search for all facilities by name, type, address or ID.

The result set consists of all facilities matching the *search parameters* (id, primaryName, name, codedType and address).

The results set may be further restricted according to the *limit parameters* (start, max, record/@status and record/@updated). An ordering of the result set is not specified.

Content-Type: text/xml URN: urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:facility-search

#### 1425 **Response**

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Results are returned as a valid CSD document with a root document element of CSD. The results set is contained entirely within the facilityDirectory element and consists of the full content of the facility elements of matching facilities as maintained by the Care Services InfoManager.

#### 1430 Parameters

Query Parameters are defined (formatted as per the XFORMS core model specification) as the content of following elements relative to the requestParams child element of function:

- id *csd:uniqueID*: (optional) If present and the @entityID attribute contains a non-empty value, it is an ID which uniquely identifies a facility. This is an exact match.
- otherID *csd:otherID*: (optional) If present and the @assigningAuthorityName attribute contains a non-empty value, then the result set is restricted to only those organizations which have a otherID with the given @assigningAuthorityName and @code
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- primaryName xs:string: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, then the result set should be restricted to those facilities whose primaryName contains this value. Case insensitive.
  - name *xs:string*: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, then the result set should be restricted to those facilities which have a primaryName or otherName element containing this value. Case insensitive.
- organizations *element* (optional)
  - organization *element* (optional child element, multiple occurrences allowed). Any organization child element of organizations has an @entityID attribute. If the set organizations/organization/@entityID in the request is non-empty, then the facility result set shall be further restricted to those facilities such that there is a non-empty intersection between this set and the facility's attribute set organizations/organizations/@entityID.
    - Any service child element of organization has an @entityID attribute. If, for any of the organizations/organization elements, the set./service/@entityID is non-empty, then the facility result set shall further be restricted to those facilities such that the facility's attribute set ./service/@entityID has a non-empty intersection with the corresponding organizations/organization element.
  - codedType *csd:codedtype*: If present and contains a non-empty value the result set should be restricted to those facilities whose codedType/@code equals this value for the coding scheme specified by the @codingScheme attribute. Case insensitive.
  - address *csd:address*: (optional) Contains of any-number of child addressLine elements as follows:
    - Text content *xs:string*: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, then the results set should be restricted to those facilities whose have an addressLine with specified @component containing this value exactly. Case insensitive.

- @component *xs:string* : (Required attribute) The component of the address we are searching. Case insensitive.
- start *xs:int*: (optional) The starting index for results returned. Defaults to 1, which indexes the first facility matching the search parameters
- max *xs:int*: (optional) The maximum number of results returned. A value of less than zero implies no maximum.
  - record *csd:record* : (optional) A child element to limit results according to
    - @status xs:string: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, the result set should be restricted to those facilities whose record/@status equals this value. Case insensitive.
    - @updated xs:dateTime: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, the result set should be restricted to those facilities whose record/@updated is at least the given value.

1480	<careservicesrequest></careservicesrequest>
	<pre><function urn="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:facility-search"></function></pre>
	<requestparams></requestparams>
	<pre><codedtype code="OPC-example" codingscheme="USDVA-example"></codedtype></pre>
1 10 7	<address></address>
1485	<pre><addressline component="city">Chapel Hill</addressline></pre>
	<max>5</max>
	<requestparams></requestparams>
1 1 0 0	
1490	

Figure 3.73.4.1.2.3-1: Example Facility Search

#### 3.73.4.1.2.4 Service Search

The careServicesFunction XML required to define the Service Search careServicesFunction can
 be found in ITI TF-2x: Appendix Y, Figure Y.3-4. For a non-normative XQuery implementation of the service search, see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

#### Description

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Performs a search for all services by type or ID.

1500 The result set consists of all services matching the *search parameters* (id and codedType).

The results set may be further restricted according to the *limit parameters* (start, max, record/@status and record/@updated). An ordering of the result set is not specified.

Content-Type: text/xml URN: urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:service-search

#### 1505 **Response**

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Results are returned as a valid CSD document with a root document element of CSD. The results set is contained entirely within the serviceDirectory element and consists of the full content of the service elements of matching services as maintained by the Care Services InfoManager.

#### Parameters

1510 Query Parameters are defined (formatted as per the XFORMS core model specification) as the content of following elements relative to the requestParams child element of function:

- id *csd:uniqueID*: (optional) If present and the @entityID attribute contains a non-empty value, it is an ID which uniquely identifies a service. This is an exact match.
- codedType *csd:codedtype*: If present and contains a non-empty value the result set should be restricted to those services whose codedType/@code equals this value for the coding scheme specified by the @codingScheme attribute. Case insensitive.
  - start *xs:int*: (optional) The starting index for results returned. Defaults to 1, which indexes the first service matching the search parameters
  - max *xs:int*: (optional) The maximum number of results returned. A value of less than zero implies no maximum.
  - record csd:record : (optional) A child element to limit results according to
    - @status xs:string: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, the result set should be restricted to those services whose record/@status equals this value. Case insensitive.
- @updated xs:dateTime: (optional) If present and contains a non-empty value, the result set should be restricted to those services whose record/@updated is at least the given value.

```
1530 <careServicesRequest>
<function urn='urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:stored-function:service'>
<requestParams>
<codedType code="76499" codingScheme="HCPCS" />
<start>101</max>
</requestParams>
</function>
</careServicesRequest>
```

#### Figure 3.73.4.1.2.4-1: Example Service Search

#### 3.73.4.1.3 Expected Actions

- 1540 In response to receiving the submitted Find Matching Services Request, the Care Services InfoManager shall:
  - 1. Accept a parameterized query in a Find Matching Services message

- 2. Verify the required parameters are included in the request. Additionally, special rules documented in Table 3.73.4.1.2-2 shall be verified.
- 1545

1550

- 3. Errors shall be returned for the conditions specified in Table 3.73.4.2.2-2 using the codes indicated in that table.
  - 4. Process the query as appropriate and return a reply to the Service Finder containing the query result as constrained by the start and max parameters (or the defaults for those parameters) or error results as described in Table 3.73.4.2.2-2.
  - For queries submitted with attribute @encapsulated="TRUE", return the results in an XML response document conformant to the schema defined in Figure 3.73.4.2.2-1.
    - For queries submitted with the attribute @encapsulated="FALSE", return the results as raw, unencapsulated data.

For illustration, example requests are shown in Sections 3.73.4.1.2.1 to 3.73.4.1.2.4.

1555 See ITI TF-2x: Appendix W for more examples of a Service Finder Query Request and Response.

#### 3.73.4.2 Find Matching Services Response (Stored Query)

#### 3.73.4.2.1 Trigger Events

The Care Services InfoManager prepares and returns a Find Matching Services response upon receiving an inbound Find Matching Services query.

#### 3.73.4.2.2 Message Semantics

The Care Services InfoManager shall return a Find Matching Services response in the HTTP transaction reply.

For all stored queries described in Sections 3.73.4.1.2.1 to 3.73.4.1.2.4, the query response shall be an XML document containing the CSD element as defined by the CSD XML Schema (see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W). This XML response shall be either contained in an XML document (for

those queries that were submitted with the attribute @encapsulated="TRUE") or as a raw, unencapsulated data stream (@encapsulated="FALSE").

For queries that have been submitted with @encapsulated="TRUE", the schema of the XML response document is shown in Figure 3.73.4.2.2-1.

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	<xs:element name="careServicesResponse"></xs:element>
	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
	<xs:choice></xs:choice>
1575	<xs:element name="error"></xs:element>
	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
	<xs:extension base="xs:string"></xs:extension>
	<xs:attribute name="code" type="xs:integer"></xs:attribute>
1580	<xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute>
	<re><re><re><re><re></re></re></re></re></re>
	<xs:documentation>Extension point for implementation specific</xs:documentation>
	attributes
1585	
1590	<pre><xs:element name="result" type="xs:anyType"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:attribute name="content-type" type="xs:string"></xs:attribute></pre>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
	<xs:documentation>The content or mime-type of the query result.</xs:documentation>
1595	
	Values must be conformant to
	http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2045
	http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2046
1600	
	<xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
	<pre><xs:documentation>Extension point for implementation specific</xs:documentation></pre>
	attributes
1605	

Figure 3.73.4.2.2-1: careServicesResponse XML Schema

#### 1610

In the HTTP response, the response codes are defined in Table 3.73.4.2.2-1. NOTE: the Care Services InfoManager shall return HTTP response codes listed below upon the trigger conditions indicated; other errors, however, could also cause the same error code to be returned.

#### 1615

#### Table 3.73.4.2.2-1 Stored Query HTTP Response Codes

For Encapsulated	Stored Query ( <function< th=""><th>n encapsulated="tr</th><th>ue"/&gt;)</th></function<>	n encapsulated="tr	ue"/>)
HTTP Response Code	Trigger	MIME type	Result Document
200	successful execution of xquery	text/xml	careServicesResponse will have a child node result containing the xquery response

422	error executing xquery	text/xml	an error code and optional error message (implementation defined) is returned in the child node error of careServicesResponse.
			Error code is implementation specific
415	an XML document was not received	text/xml	an error code and optional error message (implementation defined) is returned in the child node error of careServicesResponse Error code is implementation specific
400	the received XML document is not syntactically correct	text/xml	an error code and optional error message (implementation defined) is returned in the child node error of careServicesResponse Error code is implementation specific
404	no careServicesFuncti on with the specified URN is registered.	text/xml	an error code and optional error message (implementation defined) is returned in the child node error of careServicesResponse Error code is implementation specific
For Unencapsulated Stored Query ( <function encapsulated="false"></function> )			
HTTP Response Code	Trigger	MIME type	Result Document
200	successful execution of xquery	defined by the careServicesFunc tion/@content- type attribute	the raw result of executing the xquery defined request is returned

422	error executing xquery	implementation specified	none required
415	an XML document was not received	implementation specified	none required
400	the received XML document is not syntactically correct	implementation specified	none required
404	no careServicesFuncti on with the specified URN is registered	implementation specified	none required

The content which the Care Services InfoManager returns in response to each of the stored queries shall conform to the format described in the respective sections: 3.73.4.1.2.1 - 3.73.4.1.2.4.

1620 Potential error conditions are defined in Table 3.73.4.2.2-2.

The elements in the resulting XML content are defined in the CSD XML Schema Definition found in ITI TF-2x: Appendix W and further elaborated upon by the normative content tables in ITI TF-2x: Appendix Y.1.

#### 3.73.4.2.3 Expected Actions

1625 There is no defined expected action to be taken by the Service Finder once the response has been received. The Service Finder processes the response in accordance with the functions of its application.

#### 3.73.4.3 Find Matching Services Request (Ad hoc XQuery Option)

A Service Finder or Care Services InfoManager that supports the Ad hoc XQuery Option shall support the Ad hoc XQueries described in Sections 3.73.4.3 and 3.73.4.4.

In the definition of the Find Matching Services Request the following XML namespaces are used.

#### Table 3.73.4.3-1: Namespace Definitions

|--|

1635 The csd namespace is also as used as the default element namespace for describing elements of "CSD" and "Find Matching Services Request" documents

#### 3.73.4.3.1 Trigger Event

A Service Finder Actor sends a Find Services Request (Ad hoc XQuery) when it needs to access service information maintained by the Care Services InfoManager and where there is not already a suitable stored query for this purpose.

#### 3.73.4.3.2 Message Semantics

The Find Matching Services Request shall be conveyed to the Care Services InfoManager as an XML document submitted via an HTTP POST. The schema of the posted XML document is shown in Figure 3.73.4.1.2-1.

1645 The details of a Find Matching Services request query shall be described in the posted XML document. As indicated by Figure 3.73.4.1.2-1, the base careServicesRequest element shall contain a function element as described in Figure 3.73.4.1.2-2.

As indicated in Figure 3.73.4.1.2-1, the function element has a mandatory attribute @urn which shall have the value "urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:adhoc".

1650 Query Parameters are defined (formatted as per the XFORMS core model specification) as the content of following elements relative to the adhoc child element of function.

The adhoc element has two mandatory properties:

- 1. text(): The text content of the adhoc node shall be a well-formed XQuery conformant to the standards referenced in Section 3.73.3.
- 1655 2. @content-type: This attribute is employed by the Service Finder to indicate the mimetype of the result of execution of the XQuery. Values must be conformant to:
  - http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2045
  - http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2046

An example Ad hoc XQuery is shown below. Note, this example XQuery returns content as may be requested per the US Office of the National Coordinator's Provider query #7 (<u>http://wiki.siframework.org/file/view/ESI%20Query%20and%20Response.pdf</u>).

#### IHE IT Infrastructure Technical Framework Supplement - Care Services Discovery (CSD)

```
<careServicesRequest>
          <function urn="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2014:adhoc" encapsulated="false">
1665
           <adhoc content-type="text/xml">
             (:
               This is an example query which searches for a Genetic Counselor (according to the BCBSIL
               coding scheme) with a last name starting with "L" and which is part of a Hospital
               organizational network (according to the NCDHHS coding scheme) which is based in the
1670
               27599 zip code.
               The query will be executed against the root element of the CSD document.
               It is designed as a template where specific search parameters can be put into the
               $orgSearch and $provSearch
1675
        :)
            import module namespace csd = "urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013" at "csd_base_library.xq";
            let $orgSearch := document{
1680
               <params>
                 <id/>
                 <primaryName/>
                 <name>University</name>
                 <codedType code="HL-example" codingScheme="ncdhhs.gov-example"/>
1685
                 <address>
                  <addressLine component="zipcode">27599</addressLine>
                 </address>
              </params>
             ļ
1690
            let $provSearch := document{
              <params>
                 <id/>
                 <otherId/>
                 <forename/>
1695
                 <surname>L</surname>
                 <codedType code="DA-example" codingScheme="BCBSIL-example"/>
                 <address/>
              </params>
1700
             <CSD xmlns:csd="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013">
              let $orgs0 := csd:filter_by_primary_id(/CSD/organizationDirectory/*,$orgSearch/params/id)
              let $orgs1 := csd:filter_by_primary_name($orgs0,$orgSearch/params/primaryName)
              let $orgs2 := csd:filter_by_name($orgs1,$orgSearch/params/name)
1705
              let $orgs3 := csd:filter_by_coded_type($orgs2,$orgSearch/params/codedType)
              let $orgs4 := csd:filter_by_address($orgs3, $orgSearch/address/addressLine)
              let $orgs5:= csd:join_parent_organizations($orgs4,/CSD/organizationDirectory)
                            union
                            csd:join_child_organizations($orgs4,/CSD/organizationDirectory)
1710
              let $provs0 := csd:filter_by_primary_id(/CSD/providerDirectory/*,$provSearch/params/id)
              let $provs1 := csd:filter_by_other_id($provs0,$provSearch/params/otherID)
              let $provs2 := csd:filter_by_forename($provs1,$provSearch/params/forename)
              let $provs3 := csd:filter_by_surname_starts_with($provs2,$provSearch/params/surname)
1715
              let $provs4 := csd:filter_by_coded_type($provs3,$provSearch/params/codedType)
              let $provs5 := csd:filter_by_address($provs4, $provSearch/params/address/addressLine)
              let $provs6:= csd:filter_by_organizations($provs5,$orgs5)
              return
                       (
1720
              <organizationDirectory>{$orgs5}</organizationDirectory> ,
              <serviceDirectory/> ,
              <facilityDirectory/>
              <providerDirectory>{$provs6}</providerDirectory>
1725
            </CSD>
            </adhoc>
          </function>
         </careServicesRequest>
```

1730Figure 3.73.4.3.2-1: Example Ad Hoc Query

The calling convention for submitting an Ad hoc XQuery using the Find Matching Service Request message is the same as in Table 3.73.4.1.2-2.

#### 1735 **3.73.4.3.3 Expected Actions**

In response to receiving the submitted Find Matching Services Request, the Care Services InfoManager shall:

- 1. Accept an Ad hoc query in a Find Matching Services message. If the Care Services InfoManager does not support the Ad hoc XQuery Option it shall immediately return an error 422 (see Table 3.73.4.2.2-2) with a message indicating the Ad hoc XQuery Option is not supported.
- 2. "Sanitize" the inbound XQuery query using the techniques described in the **Specific Security Considerations Regarding the Use of XQuery** subsection of ITI TF-1:35.5.
- 3. Process the query as appropriate and return a result to the Service Finder containing the query results or error results as described in Table 3.73.4.2.2-2.

#### 3.73.4.4 Find Matching Services Response (Ad hoc XQuery Option)

A Service Finder or Care Services InfoManager that supports the Ad hoc XQuery Option shall support the Ad hoc XQueries described in Sections 3.73.4.3 and 3.73.4.4.

#### 3.73.4.4.1 Trigger Event

1750 The Care Services InfoManager prepares and returns a Find Matching Services response upon its receipt of an inbound Find Matching Services query.

#### 3.73.4.4.2 Message Semantics

The Care Services InfoManager shall respond to a Find Matching Services request according to Section 3.73.4.2.2. In addition:

- If the Care Services InfoManager does not support the Ad hoc XQuery Option it shall immediately return an error 422
  - The mime-type returned by the Care Services InfoManager for an unencapsulated request should be the same as the value of the adhoc/@content-type attribute sent in the request.

1760

1740

1745

Encapsulated Ad	hoc XQuery ( <expression< th=""><th>on encapsulated="tr</th><th>rue"/&gt;)</th></expression<>	on encapsulated="tr	rue"/>)
НТТР	Trigger	MIME type	Result Document

#### Table 3.73.4.4.2-1: Ad hoc Query HTTP Return Codes

Degnange Code			
Response Code			
200	successful execution of xquery	text/xml	careServicesResponse will have a child node result containing the xquery response
422	error executing xquery	text/xml	an error code and optional error message (implementation defined) is returned in the child node error of careServicesResponse
Unencapsulated A	Ad hoc XQuery ( <express< td=""><td>sion encapsulated=</td><td>"false"/&gt;)</td></express<>	sion encapsulated=	"false"/>)
HTTP Response Code	Trigger	MIME type	Result Document
200	successful execution of xquery	the value of the careServicesRequ est/expression/@ content-type	the raw result of executing the xquery defined request is returned
422	error executing xquery	implementation specified	none required

#### 3.73.4.4.3 Expected Actions

There is no defined expected action to be taken by the Service Finder once the response has been received. The Service Finder processes the response in accordance with the functions of its application.

#### 3.73.5 Security Considerations

For Care Services InfoManager actors that support the Ad hoc XQuery Option, care shall be taken to appropriately guard against inject attacks by employing the techniques described in the **Specific Security Considerations Regarding the Use of XQuery** subsection of ITI TF-1:35.5.

1770

#### 3.73.5.1 Security Audit Considerations

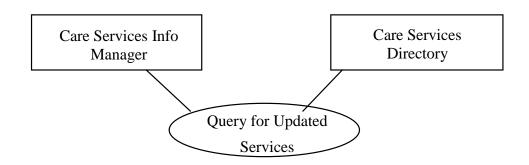
To be determined by CSD Profile implementers. NOTE: Because this transaction does not convey content containing protected health information (PHI) there are no stipulated audit requirements.

#### 1775 3.74 Query for Updated Services [ITI-74]

#### 3.74.1 Scope

The Query for Updated Services transaction is used to obtain the directory records that have been updated since the refresh timestamp provided in the query.

#### 3.74.2 Use Case Roles



1780

#### Figure 3.74.2-1: Basic Process Flow for Query for Updated Services

	Table	3.74.2-1:	Actor	Roles
--	-------	-----------	-------	-------

Actor:	Care Services InfoManager
Role:	On a periodic basis to be determined by the implementing jurisdiction, the Care Services InfoManager shall submit a Query for Updated Services [ITI-74] to one or more Care Services Directory actors. This query shall be submitted as a SOAP transaction with a single timestamp parameter indicating the time of the last refresh. The XML document returned by the Directory Actor(s) shall be used to update the InfoManager's cached content.
Actor:	Care Services Directory
Role:	The Care Services Directory receives from the Care Services InfoManager a Query for Updated Services [ITI-74] indicating the timestamp of the last directory content refresh. The Care Services Directory Actor shall respond to the inbound transaction and return an XML document consistent with the CSD XML schema (See ITI TF-2x: Appendix W). This XML document will contain updates and inserts applied to the Directory's content since the last refresh.

1785 In response to the received Query for Updated Services message, the Care Services Directory Actor prepares and returns an XML document containing all directory content which has been inserted or updated since the specified refresh timestamp. The format of this XML document shall conform to the CSD XML schema (see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W).

#### 3.74.3 Referenced Standards

1790 In addition to the relevant standards listed in Section 3.73.3, this transaction makes use of the Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP version 1.2) as specified by the W3C (http://www.w3.org/TR/soap/) and as profiled by IHE in ITI TF-2x: Appendix V.

#### 3.74.4 Interaction Diagram

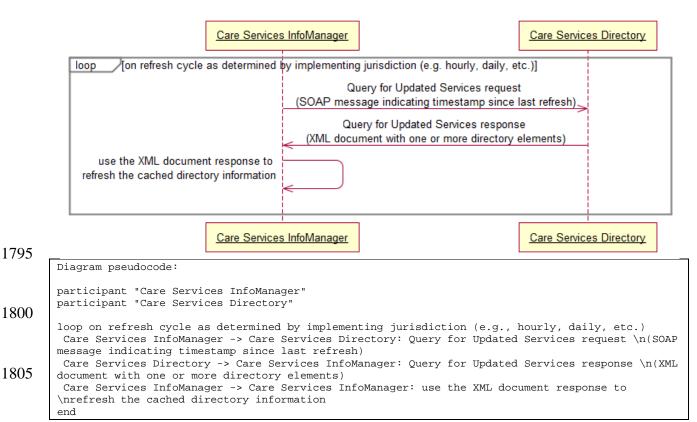


Figure 3.74.4-1: Query for Updated Services [ITI-74] Interactions

#### 1810

#### 3.74.4.1 Query for Updated Services Request

#### 3.74.4.1.1 Trigger Event

The Care Services InfoManager sends a Query for Updated Services request message to the one or more Care Services Directories in its implementation-specific "network" on a periodic basis.

1815 The polling period and the list of participating directories are determined by the implementation and shall be configurable on the Care Services InfoManager.

#### 3.74.4.1.2 Message Semantics

The Query for Updated Services Request is conveyed using SOAP. The body of the SOAP envelope contains a getModificationsRequest element with a single timestamp element:

1820 lastModified. The lastmodified parameter specifies the timestamp of the last Care Services InfoManager refresh.

An example message is shown in Figure 3.74.4.1.2-2.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
        <soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"</pre>
1825
            xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing" xmlns:csd="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013">
            <soap:Header>
                <wsa:Action soap:mustUnderstand="1"
                    >urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:GetDirectoryModificationsRequest</wsa:Action>
                 <wsa:MessageID>urn:uuid:def119ad-dc13-49c1-a3c7-e3742531f9b3</wsa:MessageID>
1830
                 <wsa:ReplyTo soap:mustUnderstand="1">
                     <wsa:Address>http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing/anonymous</wsa:Address>
                </wsa:ReplvTo>
                 <wsa:To soap:mustUnderstand="1">http://host/csDirectory</wsa:To>
             </soap:Header>
1835
            <soap:Body>
                <csd:getModificationsRequest>
                    <csd:lastModified>2002-05-30T09:30:10.5</csd:lastModified>
                 </csd:getModificationsRequest>
            </soap:Body>
1840
        </soap:Envelope>
```

Figure 3.74.4.1.2-1: Example Query for Updated Services SOAP Request Message

To initiate the Query for Updated Services request, the Care Services InfoManager shall submit SOAP message containing the timestamp of its last refresh to the SOAP endpoint exposed by each Care Services Directory Actor in the set of Care Services Directories that the Care Services InfoManager polls. How the Care Services InfoManager of manages this set of Care Services Directory endpoints is implementation specific and not defined by IHE.

#### 3.74.4.1.3 Expected Actions

Upon receipt of an inbound Query for Updated Services message, the Care Services Directory 1850 shall:

- 1. Determine which of its directory records have been updated or inserted since the timestamp passed in the inbound message. A "directory record" is defined as an organization, service, facility, or provider element as defined in the CSD XML Schema Definition. There may be zero or more records which have been altered or inserted since the timestamp.
- 1855
- 2. Where a new directory record has been inserted, indicate the insertion timestamp in the record/@created element returned in a Query for Updated Services response

- 3. Where a directory record has been altered, indicate the update timestamp in the record/@updated element returned in a Query for Updated Services response
- 1860

1875

- 4. Place implementation-specific extensions to the CSD XML schema under the appropriate //extension element.
  - 5. Express the inserted and updated content as an XML document consistent with the CSD XML Schema (see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W) and return this XML file to the Care Services InfoManager in a Query for Updated Services response message.

#### 1865 **3.74.4.1.4 Protocol Requirements**

Implementors of this transaction shall comply with all requirements described in ITI TF-2x: Appendix V: Web Services for IHE Transactions.

The Query for Updated Services Request [ITI-75] transaction shall use SOAP1.2. See ITI TF-2x: Appendix V for details. The following requirements apply to this transaction.

- The following types shall be imported (xs:import) in the /definitions/types section:
  - namespace="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013", schema="CSD.xsd"
  - The /definitions/message/part/@element attribute of the Query for Updated Services Request message shall be defined as "csd:getModificationsRequest"
  - The /definitions/message/part/@element attribute of the Query for Updated Services Response message shall be defined as "csd:getModificationsResponse"

Refer to Table 3.74.4.1.4-1 below for additional attribute requirements

	······
Attribute	Value
/definitions/portType/operation/input/@wsaw:Action	urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:GetDirecto ryModificationsRequest
/definitions/portType/operation/output/@wsaw:Actio n	urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:GetDirecto ryModificationsResponse
/definitions/binding/operation/soap12:operation/@soa pAction	urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013: getModificationsRequest

Table 3.74.4.1.4-1:	Additional	Attribute	Requirements
	Additional	Allibule	Requirements

1880 These are the requirements that affect the wire format of the SOAP message. The other WSDL properties are only used within the WSDL definition and do not affect interoperability. Sample request and response messages are shown in Figures 3.74.4.1.2-1 and 3.74.4.2.2-1 respectively.

For informative WSDL for the Document Repository Actor see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

The csd:getModificationsRequest element is defined as:

1885 • One lastModified element that contains an xs:dateTime.

A full XML Schema Document for the CSD types is available online on the IHE FTP site, see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

#### 3.74.4.2 Query for Updated Services Response

#### 3.74.4.2.1 Trigger Events

1890 The Care Services Directory Actor shall respond to an inbound Query for Updated Services [ITI-74] message when it receives one from a Care Services InfoManager.

#### 3.74.4.2.2 Message Semantics

The Query for Updated Services response message is a SOAP message. The content returned by the Care Services Directory will be a CSD element conformant with the CSD XML Schema (see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W). The WSDL for the response message is shown in Figure 3.74.4.1.2-1.

An example Query for Updated Services response message is shown in Figure 3.74.4.2.2-1

1000	<pre><soap:envelope xmlns:csd="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013" xmlns:soap="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope" xmlns:wsa="http://www.w3.org/2005/08/addressing"></soap:envelope></pre>
1900	<soap:header> <wsa:action <="" soap:mustunderstand="1" td=""></wsa:action></soap:header>
	>urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:GetDirectoryModificationsResponse
	<pre><wsa:messageid>urn:uuid:060bf1f5-a5d8-4741-86c6-cb240f887e5b</wsa:messageid></pre>
1905	<wsa:relatesto>urn:uuid:def119ad-dc13-49c1-a3c7-e3742531f9b3</wsa:relatesto>
	 <soap:body></soap:body>
1910	<pre><csd:getmodificationsresponse></csd:getmodificationsresponse></pre>
	<csd xmlns="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013"> <organizationdirectory></organizationdirectory></csd>
	<pre><servicedirectory></servicedirectory></pre>
	<facilitydirectory></facilitydirectory>
	<providerdirectory> <provider urn="urn:uuid: 79200711-d254-45fb-868e-060e40906ddf"></provider></providerdirectory>
1915	Details of provider record go here
1920	

Figure 3.74.4.2.2-1: Example Query for Updated Services SOAP Response Message

#### 1925 **3.74.4.2.3 Expected Actions**

Upon receipt of a Care Services Directory Actor's query response, a Care Services InfoManager shall:

- 1. Confirm the inbound XML document conforms to the CSD XSD.
- 2. If the query response is non-conformant to the CSD XML Schema (see ITI TF-2x: Appendix W) then it shall be ignored. See Section 3.74.4.2.4.

1930

- 3. If the query response is conformant to the CSD XML schema, the Care Services InfoManager shall update its cached content to reflect the received result.
  - Any directory record conveyed in the query response shall replace and overwrite in the cached content of an existing directory the record previously conveyed with an identical @urn attribute. By definition, a directory record shall be any elements matching the following xpath expressions:
    - /CSD/oraganizationDirectory/organization
    - /CSD/facilityDirectory/facility
    - /CSD/providerDirectory/provider
  - /CSD/serviceDirectory/service
  - For all cache inserts or updates, the Care Services InfoManager shall set the record/@sourceDirectory attribute to the URI of the Care Services Directory that was the source of the content.
- 4. Ensure that all cached directory records have unique IDs and unbroken cross references.
   See Section 3.74.4.2.4.

#### 3.74.4.2.4 Error Handling

1935

1940

This section describes the error conditions that shall be handled by the Care Services InfoManager.

#### 3.74.4.2.4.1 Non-conformant responses

1950 A Care Services InfoManager's shall no longer poll any Care Services Directory that submits a non-conformant XML document response and shall stop sending Query for Updated Services Request messages to that Care Services Directory until an intervention has been made to address the issue. IHE does not define the remedial actions to address this fault condition.

#### 3.74.4.2.4.2 Duplicate Unique IDs

- 1955 A Care Services InfoManager shall ensure that all directory records in its content cache have unique IDs. This means that no two Care Services Directory actors may submit a directory record with the same oid attribute. A Care Services InfoManager that contains cached directory records with duplicate IDs shall remain offline until this situation has been remediated. Care Services InfoManagers in an offline state shall respond to all inbound Find Matching Services
- 1960 [ITI-73] messages with an error message 422 plus appropriate message text indicating its fault condition (duplicate IDs). IHE does not define the remedial actions to address this fault condition.

#### 3.74.4.2.4.3 Broken ID cross references

A Care Services InfoManager shall ensure that there are no broken ID cross references in its content cache. Cross reference consistency means that:

- A matching /CSD/serviceDirectory/service/@entityID element shall exist for every //service/@entityID element in the cache.
- A matching /CSD/facilityDirectory/facility/@entityID element shall exist for every //facility/@entityID element in the cache.
- 1970
- A matching /CSD/organizationDirectory/organization/@entityID element shall exist for every //organization/@entityID element in the cache.
  - A matching /CSD/providerDirectory/provider/@entityID element shall exist for every //provider/@entityID element in the cache.

A Care Services InfoManager that contains cached directory records with broken ID cross references shall remain offline until this situation has been remediated. A Care Services InfoManager in an offline state shall respond to all inbound Find Matching Services [ITI-73] messages with an error message 422 plus appropriate message text indicating its fault condition (broken ID cross references). IHE does not define the remedial actions to address this fault condition.

#### 1980 3.74.5 Security Considerations

This transaction may be subject to the ATNA requirements for node authentication, access control, and encryption depending upon the endpoint actors. If the Care Services Directory and Care Services InfoManager are grouped with either an ATNA Secure Node or Secure Application, then the transaction shall be in accordance with the ATNA requirements.

#### 1985 3.74.5.1 Security Audit Considerations

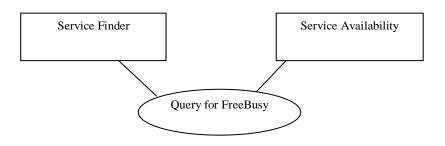
None mandated by this transaction.

### 3.75 Query for FreeBusy [ITI-75]

#### 3.75.1 Scope

The Query for FreeBusy [ITI-75] transaction is used by a Service Finder that supports the FreeBusy Option to express a well-formed FreeBusy REPORT query to a CalDAV conformant Service Availability Actor adherent to the IETF RFC 4791 specification.

#### 3.75.2 Use Case Roles



#### Figure 3.75.2-1: Basic Process Flow for Query for FreeBusy

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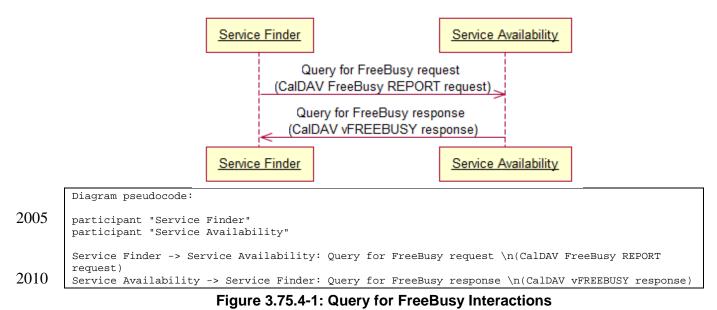
#### Table 3.75.2-1: Actor Roles

Actor:	Service Finder
Role:	A Service Finder Actor that supports the FreeBusy Option submits a CalDAV FreeBusy REPORT request to obtain FreeBusy information from a Service Availability Actor. The BUSY time is returned by the Service Availability Actor in the format stipulated in the RFC 4791 specification.
Actor:	Service Availability
Role:	The Service Availability Actor receives from the Service Finder a well-formed CalDAV FreeBusy REPORT request conformant to the IETF RFC 4791 specification. The Service Availability Actor processes the inbound query and returns the result in the format stipulated in the RFC 4791 specification.

#### 3.75.3 Referenced Standards

RFC 4791Calendaring Extensions to WebDAV (CalDAV)2000(http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4791).

#### 3.75.4 Interaction Diagram



#### 3.75.4.1 Query for FreeBusy Request

A Service Finder that supports the FreeBusy Option shall support ITI-75 transactions as described in Sections 3.75.4.1 and 3.75.4.2.

#### 3.75.4.1.1 Trigger Events

A Service Finder will submit a Query for FreeBusy request to a Service Availability Actor when it wishes to obtain BUSY information about a Provider or Service at a particular Facility.

#### 3.75.4.1.2 Message Semantics

2020 The Query for FreeBusy request shall be constructed as a well-formed CalDAV FreeBusy REPORT request as specified in RFC 4791.

FreeBusy queries return "busy" data; therefore, the operating hours will be required in order to calculate the "free" time during an interval of interest. A Service Finder, in order to optionally calculate "free" time, will either have to know ahead of time or obtain via ITI-73, the endpoint address for the FreeBusy service and the operating hours of the service.

In the case of an organization-offered service at a facility, this content is found here:

- The /CSD/facilityDirectory/facility/organizations/organization/service element contains the operating hours and FreeBusy address for a specific service offered under the auspices of specific organization at a specific facility
- 2030 In the case of a specific provider-offered service, the content is found here:

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• The /CSD/providerDirectory/provider/facilities/facility/service element contains the operating hours and FreeBusy address for specific provider's services offered at a specific facility.

When a Service Finder determines schedulable time for a health worker providing a service at a 2035 facility, the following precedence rules apply:

#### • If any /CSD/providerDirectory/provider/facilties/facility/service/operatingHou rs exist, they take precedence over any of the other elements defined below. The other elements below are ignored.

- 2040 • If any /CSD/providerDirectory/provider/facilties/facility/operatingHours exist, then they take next precedence over any of the other elements defined below. The other elements below are ignored.
  - If any /CSD/facilityDirectory/facility/operatingHours exists, then they are used for determine the schedulable time.
- 2045 • If none of the above elements exist, then the Service Finders assumes that there are no restrictions on schedulable time.

The Service Finder shall specify the CalDAV calendar address (as represented in the freeBusyURI element) and the time interval of interest and send a FreeBusy REPORT request in accordance with the IETF RFC 4791 specification. 2050

An example FreeBusy query is shown below. In this example, the CalDAV endpoint is indicated as "example.com/drblack/work/" and the date range is indicated as "20060104T140000Z" to "20060105T220000Z".

```
2055
        REPORT example.com/drblack/work/ HTTP/1.1
         Content-Type: application/xml; charset="utf-8"
        <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
         <C:free-busy-query xmlns:C="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:caldav">
2060
             <C:time-range start="20060104T140000Z"
                end="20060105T220000Z"/>
         </C:free-busy-query>
```

#### 3.75.4.1.3 Expected Actions 2065

A Service Availability Actor will respond with a CalDAV FreeBusy "report" conformant to IETF RFC 4791. If the request was not compliant with RFC 4791, the response will be an error report.

#### 3.75.4.2 Query for FreeBusy Response

2070 A Service Finder that supports the FreeBusy Option shall support ITI-75 transactions as described in Sections 3.75.4.1 and 3.75.4.2.

#### 3.75.4.2.1 Trigger Events

A Service Availability Actor will process an inbound Query for FreeBusy request when it receives one from a Service Finder Actor.

#### 2075 3.75.4.2.2 Message Semantics

A Query for FreeBusy response shall adhere to the format for FreeBusy responses defined in IETF RFC 4791. An example of such a response is shown below. If it does not, the Service Availability Actor shall respond with an error in accordance with RFC 4791.

```
2080
            HTTP/1.1 200 OK
            Date: Sat, 11 Nov 2006 09:32:12 GMT
            Content-Type: text/calendar
            BEGIN: VCALENDAR
2085
            VERSION:2.0
            PRODID:-//Example Healthcare Corp.//CalDAV Server//EN
            BEGIN: VFREEBUSY
            DTSTAMP:20050125T090000Z
            DTSTART:20060104T140000Z
2090
            DTEND:20060105T220000Z
            FREEBUSY; FBTYPE=BUSY-TENTATIVE: 20060104T150000Z/PT1H
            FREEBUSY:20060104T190000Z/PT1H
            END: VEREEBUSY
            END: VCALENDAR
```

#### 2095 **3.75.4.2.3 Expected Actions**

There is no defined expected action to be taken by the Service Finder once the response has been received. The Service Finder processes the response in accordance with the functions of its application.

#### 3.75.5 Error Handling

2100 Errors will be returned by the Service Availability Actor to the Service Finder for the conditions and in the manner described in IETF RFC 4791.

#### 3.75.6 Security Considerations

This transaction is subject to the security and privacy constraints described in sections 6.1.1 and 7.10 of the RFC 4791 specification (<u>http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4791#section-6.1.1</u>).

#### 2105 3.75.6.1 Security Audit Considerations

There are no specific audit requirements for this transaction. The schedule information made available from this service is not generally considered private information.

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# **Appendices (Normative)**

#### Appendix Y – Care Service Discovery Data Model

#### Y.1 Care Service Discovery – Entities and Attributes

The following diagrams and related tables describe the entities and attributes which are discoverable using the Care Services Discovery Profile. This profile deals with four "directory" entities plus an optional FreeBusy entity:

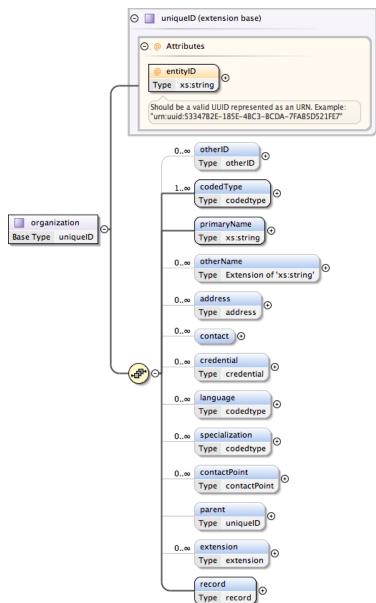
- 1. Organization Organizations are "umbrella" entities; these may be considered the administrative bodies under whose auspices care services are provided such as hospitals, clinics, Healthcare Information Exchanges (HIEs), Integrated Delivery Networks (IDNs), non-government Organizations (NGOs), faith-based organizations (FBOs) or a physician's family practice. An organization has a unique identifier and administrative attributes such as contact person, mailing address, etc. An organization may be related to a parent organization (Table Y.1-1).
  - 2. Facility Facilities are physical care delivery sites such as hospitals, clinics, health outposts, physician offices, labs, pharmacies, etc. A Facility has a unique identifier, geographic attributes (address, geocode), contact attributes, attributes regarding its hours of operation, etc. Each Facility is related to at least one Organization and to at least one Service. A Facility may be related to one or more Providers (Table Y.1-2).
- Service A Service identifies a particular care service; each service has a unique identifier. Examples include: surgical services, antenatal care services or primary care services. The combination of a Service offered at a Facility (FacilityService) may have specific attributes including language spoken or understood at that facility, hours of operation, etc. (Table Y.1-3).
  - Provider A Provider is a health worker (see WHO definition), such as a physician, nurse, pharmacist or district health manager. Providers have contact and demographic attributes, etc. Each Provider is related to at least one Organization, Facility or FacilityService. Specific attributes may be associated with the Provider relationship with any of these three entities (such as hours of operation, FreeBusy, etc., Table Y.1-4).
  - 5. FreeBusy The optional FreeBusy entity returns the "busy" information for a FacilityService or for a Provider. It is up to the calling application (Service Finder) to use the appropriate entity's hours of operation to calculate schedule availability from this "busy" information (and such calculations are beyond the scope of this profile).

#### **Organization**

The figure below depicts a logic model of the Organization entity. This logic model is based on:

• IHE ITI Health Provider Directory (HPD) Profile

- ISO FDIS 21091-2012 Health informatics Directory services for healthcare providers, subjects of care and other entities (by reference in the HPD Profile)
  - HL7v3 Standard: Healthcare, Community Services and Provider Directory, Release 1 (2010) Appendix C HSD Data Dictionary



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#### Figure Y.1-1: Organization Logical Model

Figure Y.1-1 shows the data model as it pertains to an Organization.

- An organization shall have one unique identifier, its entityID, which is conformant to RFC 4122.
- An organization may have additional other identifiers.

- An organization shall have at least one type.
  - An organization shall have a status. This status may be "Active", meaning that it is currently providing or willing to provide services, or "Inactive".
  - An organization shall have one Primary name that is their preferred name.
  - An organization may have additional names.
- An organization may have addresses (e.g., mailing address, delivery address). There may be multiple addresses.
  - An organization shall indicate a contact point, if known. The contact person (including their contact details), language, and contact details (which may include phone, email, fax number, etc.) shall be indicated for the organization.
- An organization may have identified operating languages.
  - An organization's specialty may be indicated.
  - Organizations may have relationships to other entities. An organization may have a defined parent organization or it may, itself, be a parent to one or more sub-organizations.

The attributes of an Organization are described in Table Y.1-1.

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Concept	Optionality & Cardinality	<b>Definition</b> & <b>Location Relative To</b> /CSD/organizationDirectory/organization	
Unique Entity Identifier	R 11	The globally unique identifier for this organization /@entityID	
Org Identifiers	0 0∞	An organization may have multiple other identifiers. Type values will be defined by national or regional organizations. ./otherID	
Org Type	R 1∞	The values for organization type will be defined by national or regional organizations. ./codedType/@code The code value for the organization (required) ./codedType/@codingScheme The coding scheme used (required)	
Org Primary Name	R 11	The organization's preferred name. ./primaryName	
Org other Names	0 0∞	Other names for the organization. ./otherName	
Org Contact	R2 0∞	A contact defined for the organization. ./contact	

#### Table Y.1-1: Organization Attributes

Concept	Optionality & Cardinality	Definition & Location Relative To
		/CSD/organizationDirectory/organization
Org Admin Address	R2 0∞	The addresses for this organization. Addresses may be identified as billing, delivery, mailing, etc. ./address
Org Credentials	O 0∞	The list of credentials held by the organization. NOTE: degree is not a valid credential type for an Organization ./credential
Org Language Supported	R2 0∞	The languages that the organization is able to operate in. The languages shall be from the coding system defined by IETF BCP 47 and the coding scheme shall be "BCP 47" . /language
Org Specialty	0 00	Specialty services provided by this organization/specialization
UDDI Business Entity URI	O 0∞	Electronic address information of an Organization. ./contactPoint
Encryption Certificate	O 0∞	Organization's PKI certificate(s). On a local basis, other coding schemes may be adopted. ./contactPoint[ @code="PKI" and
		<pre>@codingScheme="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:contactPo int" ]</pre>
Org Business Phone	R2 0∞	The main telephone number(s) for the organization. On a local basis, other coding schemes may be adopted. ./contactPoint[ @code="BP" and @codingScheme="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:contactPo int"
Org Fax	R2 0∞	] The main FAX number(s) for the organization. On a local basis, other coding schemes may be adopted. ./contactPoint[ @code="FAX" and
		<pre>@codingScheme="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:contactPo int" ]</pre>

Concept	Optionality & Cardinality	Definition & Location Relative To /CSD/organizationDirectory/organization
Parent organization	O 01	If the organization is a suborganization, the unique IDs of the parents shall be indicated here. If the organization is the "top" level organization, its own unique ID may be indicated here. If this field is not specified, it is assumed that the organization is a top-level organization. ./parent/@entityID
Creation Date	R 11	Creation timestamp of this record. ./record/@created
Last Update Date	R 11	Last update timestamp of this record. ./record/@updated
Org Status	R 11	The organization's status may be either Active/Inactive. Active means currently providing or willing to provide services. ./record/@status

## <u>Facility</u>

Figure Y.1-2 depicts a data model of the Facility entity. This model is based on the following:

- 2175
- 1. WHO draft guideline (2010): Creating a Master Health Facility List
- 2. HL7v3 Standard: Healthcare, Community Services and Provider Directory, Release 1 (2010) Appendix C HSD Data Dictionary

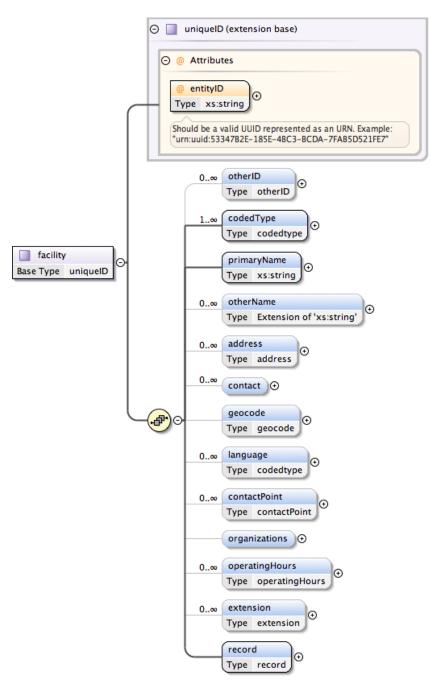


Figure Y.1-2: Facility Logical Model

Facilities, as defined for the purposes of the CSD Profile, are sites from which care services are delivered.

• A facility shall have one unique identifier, its entityID, which is conformant to RFC 4122.

## • A facility may have additional identifiers.

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- A facility shall have at least one name, there may be additional names.
- A facility shall have a defined status and at least one type
- A facility may have delivery address, contact person, geocode, and language information.
- A facility may have one or more defined contact points (including, for example, a phone number, fax number, URI, PKI certificate details, etc.).
- A facility shall have a relationship with at least one organization referenced by a valid organization ID. It may have additional relationships.
- A facility may have defined hours of operation including planned shut-down times (for national holidays, for example, or during periods of re-construction or repair).
- A facility may have multiple implementer-defined attributes associated with it (e.g., bed count, water point availability, internet access availability, etc.).

Concept	Optionality	Definition
	&	&
	Cardinality	Location Relative To
		/CSD/facilityDirectory/facility/
Unique Entity	R	The globally unique identifier for this organization.
Identifier	11	./@entityID
Facility	0	A facility may have multiple other identifiers. Type values will be
Identifiers	$\infty0$	defined by national or regional organizations.
		./otherID
Facility Type	R	The values for facility type will be defined by national or regional
	1∞	organizations.
		./codedType/@code The code value for the facility (required)
		./codedType/@codingScheme The coding scheme used
		(required)
Facility Name	R	The facility's name, for primary use.
	11	./primaryName
Facility Known	0	Other optional names for the facility.
names	o0	./otherName
Facility Address	R2	The address, if known. More than one address may be specified, but the
	$\infty0$	primary address must be indicated as such.
		./address
Facility Contact	R2	The contact defined for the facility, if known.
	$\infty0$	./contact

Table Y.1-2: Facility Attributes

Concept	Optionality & Cardinality	Definition & Location Relative To /CSD/facilityDirectory/facility/
Facility Geocode	R2 01	The facility's geocoded point position, if known. The geocode will support display of the facility's location by map/GIS applications and enable calculation of the facility's proximity to a known position. Geocodes shall be conformant to the WGS-84 specification. ./geoCode
Facility Language Supported	R2 0∞	The languages the facility is able to operate in, if known. The languages shall be from the coding system defined by IETF BCP 47and the coding scheme shall be "BCP 47". ./language
Encryption Certificate	O 0∞	<pre>Facility's PKI certificate(s). On a local basis, other coding schemes may be adopted. ./contactPoint[ @code="PKI" and @codingScheme="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:contactPoint " ]</pre>
Facility Business Phone	R2 0∞	The main telephone number(s) for the facility. On a local basis, other coding schemes may be adopted. ./contactPoint[ @code="BP" and @codingScheme="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:contactPoint " ]
Facility Fax	R2 0∞	The main FAX number(s) for the organization. On a local basis, other coding schemes may be adopted. ./contactPoint[ @code="FAX" and @codingScheme="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:contactPoint " ]
Facility Org Parent	R 1∞	The "parent" organization; there may be more than one parent organization for a facility. The ID referenced shall be a valid organizational ID in the organization directory. ./organizations/organization/@entityID
Facility Operating Hours	R2 0∞	The operating hours for the facility, if known. This indicates the open hours, days of the week, and any shutdown periods (e.g., civic or national holidays, etc.). These data are employed, along with FreeBusy "busy" data, to calculate schedulable time slots. ./operatingHours

Concept	Optionality & Cardinality	Definition & Location Relative To /CSD/facilityDirectory/facility/
Facility Services	R2 0∞	The care services offered at the facility, if known. There may be many services provided. The service ID, if specified, shall reference a valid ID in the service directory. Optional attributes of this relationship may be defined, such as name, language, operating hours, and freeBusy URI. See Figure Y.1-3. ./organizations/organization/service/@entityID
Creation DateTime	R 11	The creation timestamp for this record. ./record/@created
Last Update DateTime	R 11	The last update timestamp for this record. ./record/@updated
Facility Status	R 11	The facility's status may be either Active/Inactive. Active means currently providing or willing to provide services. ./record/@status

### 2200 FacilityService

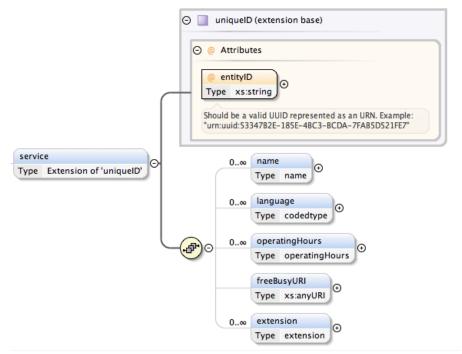


Figure Y.1-3: FacilityService Logical Model

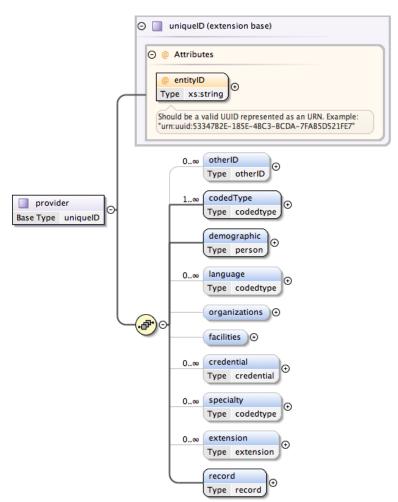
Figure Y.1-3 shows the FacilityService entity that describes the relationship between a Facility and the Services it provides. The parent organization of the FacilityService is unambiguously established by establishing a 1:1 relationship between the service element and its parent organization element. Therefore, there is one facility/organizations/organization/service element under /CSD/facilityDirectory for each unique combination of Facility, Service and Organization. Information about these relationship attributes is described in Table Y.1-3.

#### 2210

Concept	Optionality & Cardinality	.1-3: FacilityService Attributes Definition & Location Relative To /CSD/facilityDirectory/facility/ organizations/
Unique Entity Identifier	R 11	organization/service The globally unique identifier for the service offered by the organization at this facility. ./@entityID
Name	O 0∞	A name that may be employed to reference this FacilityService /name
Language Supported	O 0∞	The languages may be indicated for this FacilityService, if different from the facility languages,. The languages shall be from the coding system defined by IETF BCP 47and the coding scheme shall be "BCP 47" . /language
Operating Hours	R2 0∞	The operating hours for the FacilityService, if known. This indicates the open hours, days of the week, and any shutdown periods (e.g., civic or national holidays, etc.) for this service and may differ from the operating hours of the overall facility. These data are employed, along with FreeBusy "busy" data, to calculate schedulable time slots.
FreeBusy URI	R2 0∞	This identifies the endpoint of the FreeBusy entity that maintains freeBusy data about this FacilityService. It shall be specified if known. ./freeBusyURI

### **Provider**

Figure Y.1-4 below depicts a data model of the Provider entity.



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Figure Y.1-4: Provider Logical Model

- A provider shall have one unique identifier, its entityID, which is conformant to RFC 2141.
- A provider may have additional identifiers.
  - A provider shall have a defined status and at least one type
  - A provider shall have at least one name.
  - A provider may be related to one or more organizations or facilities.
  - A provider may have addresses (e.g., mailing address or delivery address),
  - A provider may have contact details (which may include phone, email, fax number, URI, PKI certificate details, etc.),
    - A provider may have one or more identified operating languages (language will be a coded value).

- A provider may have hours of operation associated with its relationships to service provision at a facility.
- A provider may have FreeBusy data associated with defined FacilityService relationships.

Concept	Optionality	Definition
	& Cardinality	&
	Cardinality	Location Relative To
		/CSD/providerDirectory/provider/
Unique Entity Identifier	R 11	The globally unique identifier for this provider. ./@entityID
Provider "Identifiers"	O 0∞	A provider may have multiple other identifiers. Type values will be defined by national or regional organizations. ./@otherID
Provider Type	R 1∞	The values for provider type will be defined by national or regional organizations. An example provider type code set would be the ISO 21298 Functional Roles or the International Standard Classification of Occupations ( <u>http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/isco08/</u> ). ./codedType/@code The code value for the provider (required) ./codedType/@codingScheme The coding scheme used (required)
Provider Name	R 1∞	The provider's full name. This may be the primary search value used in discovery-by-name. ./demographic/name/commonName
Provider Title	O 0∞	This text field is locally defined. It can be used for "honorific job title" (e.g., Dr., Nurse, Pharmacist) or for organization positional (e.g., Head of Surgery), etc. ./demographic/name/honorific
Provider First name	R2 0∞	The provider's first (forename) name must be specified. ./demographic/name/forename
Provider Middle Name	0 1∞	The provider's middle name(s) may be specified here. ./demographic/name/otherName
Provider Last Name	R2 0∞	The provider's last (surname) name is a required field, if known. ./demographic/name/surname
Provider Known names	O 0∞	The provider's other known names may be listed here. ./demographic/name/commonName
Provider Language Supported	R2 0∞	The provider's supported language(s), if known The languages shall be from the coding system defined by IETF BCP 47and the coding scheme shall be "BCP 47" . / language

Table Y.1-4: Provider Attributes

Concept	Optionality	Definition
	&	&
	Cardinality	Location Relative To
		/CSD/providerDirectory/provider/
Provider	R2	The provider's gender the values of which are locally defined
Gender	01	./demographic/gender
Encryption Certificate	O 0∞	<pre>Facility's PKI certificate(s). On a local basis, other coding schemes may be adopted. ./demographic/contactPoint[ @code="PKI" and</pre>
		<pre>@codingScheme="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:contactPoint" ]</pre>
Facility Business Phone	R2 0∞	The main telephone number(s) for the facility. On a local basis, other coding schemes may be adopted. ./demographic/contactPoint[ @code="BP" and
		<pre>@codingScheme="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:contactPoint" ]</pre>
Facility Fax	R2 0∞	The main FAX number(s) for the organization. On a local basis, other coding schemes may be adopted. ./demographic/contactPoint[ @code="FAX" and @codingScheme="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013:contactPoint"
Provider Practice Organizatio n	0 0∞	] A provider may have a relationship with one or more organizations. ./organizations/organization/@entityID
Provider Facility	O 0∞	A provider may have a relationship with multiple facilities from which care services are provided; these are cross-referenced here by facility ID. ./facilities/facility/@entityID
Provider Facility Service	Ο 0∞	A provider may have service-delivery relationships with a facility or facilities. A reference to each Service + Facility combination is maintained; this supports discovery regarding where (and when) this provider is delivering which services. ./facilities/facility/service[@entityID]
Provider Address	R2 0∞	The provider's address, if known. A provider may have multiple addresses of different types (e.g., mailing, billing, etc.). ./demographic/address
Provider "Credential "	O 0∞	Specific certifications or accreditations may be listed here. ./credential
Provider Specialty	O 0∞	A coded provider's "area of practice" may be indicated here. For discovery, this is a coded value. The code system is left up to the implementer. E.g., ISO 21298 Functional Roles: i.e., Dermatology, Oncology, Emergency Medicine. This extends/enhances the precision of the Provider Type. ./specialty

Concept	Optionality & Cardinality	Definition & Location Relative To /CSD/providerDirectory/provider/
Provider Org Address	Ο 0∞	A provider addresses as determined by an organizational relationship. ./organizations/organization/address
Provider Org Contact Points	0 0∞	A provider contact points (phone, email, fax, encryption certifications, etc.) unique to an organizational relationship. ./organizations/organization/contactPoint
Creation Date	R 11	The creation timestamp of this record. ./record/@created
Last Update Date	R 11	The last update timestamp of this record. ./record/@updated
Provider Status	R 11	For backward compatibility with HPD, the provider status may be either: Active/Inactive/Deceased/Retired. ./record/@status

### **FreeBusy**

FreeBusy data may be available for FacilityService or Provider entities. This data lists the "busy" time for a Provider or for a FacilityService entity within a specified timeframe. Along with the Provider or FacilityService operating hours, these data may be employed to calculate schedulable time slots.

2240 time

This data is not maintained as an element for retrieval as an entity. It is retrieved using the Free Busy query [ITI-75].

#### <u>Service</u>

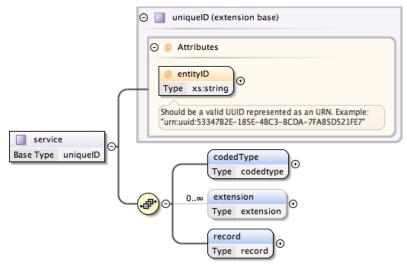


Figure Y.1-5: Service Element

The Service directory data model is shown in Figure Y.1-5 Service Element. The Service directory defines the service IDs which are employed by the Facility and Provider directories to unambiguously describe the services provided.

- 2250
- A service shall have one unique identifier, its entityID, which is conformant RFC 4122.
- Each service shall have a coded type; the type values are defined by the implementing jurisdiction.

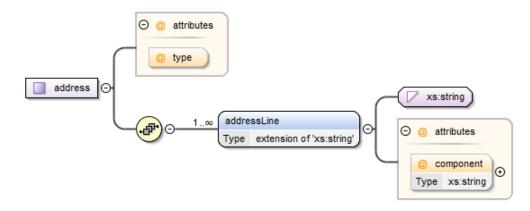
The attributes of a service are described in Table Y.1-5.

#### 2255

#### Table Y.1-5: Service Directory Attributes

Concept	Optionality & Cardinality	Definition & Location Relative To /CSD/serviceDirectory/service/
Unique Entity Identifier	R 11	The globally unique identifier for this service. ./@entityID
Service Type	R 11	The values for service type will be defined by national or regional organizations. ./codedType/@code The code value for the service (required) ./codedType/@codingScheme The coding scheme used (required)
Status	R 11	The service status may be either: Active/Inactive ./record/@status
Creation Date	R 11	The creation timestamp of this record. ./record/@created
Last Update Date	R 11	The last update timestamp of this record. ./record/@updated

#### **Primitives**



2265

#### Figure Y.1-6: Address and AddressLine

The Address logic diagram is shown in Figure Y.1-6. An address may have a type, such as Mailing, Delivery, Legal, etc. These types shall be defined by an implementing jurisdiction. Each address shall be made up of at least 1, but possibly many, Address Lines. Each Address Line may have a component attribute, such as StreetAddress, City, Province, Country, PostalCode, etc. Address Line components shall be defined by an implementing jurisdiction.

An Address shall be constructed as a collection of one or more addressLine elements. An example is shown below.



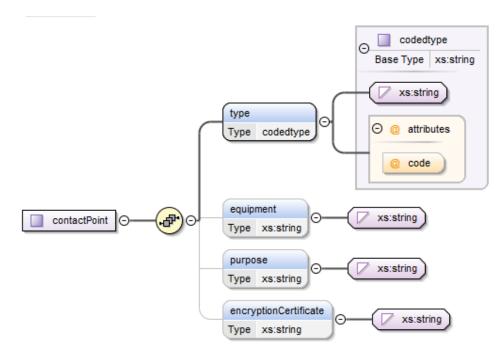


Figure Y.1-7: Contact Point

#### 2280

The Contact Point logic diagram is shown in Figure Y.1-7. A contact point is used to describe communications endpoints. There may be many different kinds of contact points including telephone, cell phone, fax, email, web service, etc. The type of the contact point shall be identified and the coding scheme for indicating contact point types shall be defined by an

2285 implementing jurisdiction. The equipment, purpose and encryption certificates for contact points may be optionally indicated.

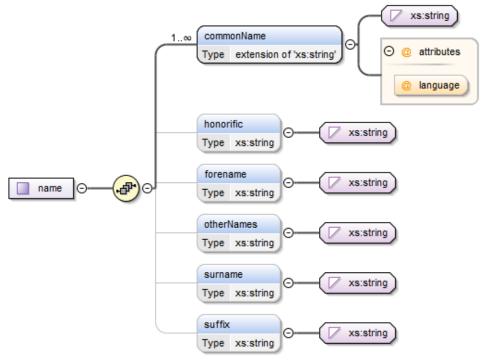


Figure Y.1-8: Name Element

- 2290 The logic diagram for Name is shown in Figure Y.1-8. A name shall contain at least one element, the Common Name. This element has an optional language attribute. Because of the particular challenges regarding the representation of names across multiple languages and in different cultures, attention is drawn to the ITI TF-2a:3.24.5.2.3.1. This section in the ITI TF describes the use of the language tag as documented in BCP 47 and the HL7 XCN name data type. The CSD
- 2295 XSD has expressly defined the commonName element so that implementers may make use of these methods in supporting complex international conventions regarding names. The specific format for Common Name and (optional) use of the language attribute shall be defined by implementing jurisdictions.

Each name shall include at least the commonName element. Optionally, the honorific, forename, otherName (middle names), surname and suffix may be indicated.

# Y.2 CSD Schema

The following is the normative version of the schema. For developer convenience this is extracted and provided in ITI TF-2x: Appendix W. In the event of a conflict, this normative version shall be followed.

2305

	xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?
	<xs:schema< th=""></xs:schema<>
	<pre>xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
2310	<pre>xmlns:xforms="http://www.w3.org/2002/xforms"</pre>
2510	elementFormDefault="qualified"
	targetNamespace="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013"
	<pre>xmlns="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013"</pre>
	<pre>xmlns:xml="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace"&gt;</pre>
2315	<xs:import <="" namespace="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" th=""></xs:import>
2313	<pre>schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema.xsd"/&gt;</pre>
	<pre><xs:import <="" namespace="http://www.w3.org/2002/xforms" th=""></xs:import></pre>
	<pre>schemaLocation="http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/Forms/2002/XForms-Schema.xsd"/&gt; with the schema is a sch</pre>
	<pre><xs:import namespace="http://www.w3.org/XML/1998/namespace"></xs:import></pre>
2320	
2520	
	<xs:complextype name="uniqueID"></xs:complextype>
	<pre><xs:attribute name="entityID" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
	<pre>       </pre>
2325	<pre><xs:complextype name="otherID"></xs:complextype></pre>
2020	<pre><xs:attribute name="code" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
	<pre><xs:attribute name="assigningAuthorityName" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
	<xs:documentation>Use of an OID is encouraged.</xs:documentation>
2330	
0005	
2335	
	<xs:complextype name="extension"></xs:complextype>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
2340	<pre><xs:any minoccurs="0" namespace="##any" processcontents="skip"></xs:any></pre>
2340	
	<pre><xs:attribute name="type" use="required"> </xs:attribute></pre>
	<pre><xs:attribute name="urn" type="xs:string" use="required"> </xs:attribute> <xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute></pre>
2345	As complexitype
2010	
	<pre><xs:complextype name="codedtype"></xs:complextype></pre>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
2350	<pre><xs:documentation>The text content of this element may optionally be used to provide</xs:documentation></pre>
	translations to the local language of a coded value.
	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
	<xs:extension base="xs:string"></xs:extension>
2355	<xs:attribute name="code" use="required"></xs:attribute>
	<xs:attribute name="codingScheme" use="required"></xs:attribute>
	<xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute>
2260	
2360	

	<xs:complextype name="record"></xs:complextype>
	<pre><xs:attribute name="created" type="xs:dateTime" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
	<pre><xs:attribute name="updated" type="xs:dateTime" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
	<pre><xs:attribute name="status" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
2365	<pre><xs:attribute name="sourceDirectory" type="xs:anyURI"></xs:attribute></pre>
2000	<pre>       </pre>
	·/ ID COMPTONIATE C
	intended to be compatible with HPD information model)
	<pre><xs:complextype name="organization"></xs:complextype></pre>
2370	<pre><xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent></pre>
	<xs:extension base="uniqueID"></xs:extension>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="otherID" type="otherID"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" name="codedType" type="codedtype"></xs:element></pre>
2375	<pre><xs:element name="primaryName" type="xs:string"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="otherName"></xs:element></pre>
	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	<pre><xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent></pre>
	<pre><s:extension base="xs:string"></s:extension></pre>
2380	<xs:attribute ref="xml:lang"></xs:attribute>
2000	
2385	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element></pre>
2303	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contact"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></pre>
	<pre><xs:choice></xs:choice></pre>
	<pre><xs:element name="provider" type="uniqueID"></xs:element></pre>
2390	<xs:element name="person" type="person"></xs:element>
2370	
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="credential" type="credential"></xs:element></pre>
2395	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="language" type="codedtype"></xs:element></pre>
2375	<pre><xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="specialization" pre="" type="codedtype"></xs:element></pre>
	maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
	<pre><xs:element <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" name="contactPoint" pre="" type="contactPoint"></xs:element></pre>
	minOccurs="0"/>
2400	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" name="parent" type="uniqueID"></xs:element></pre>
2100	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:element name="record" type="record"></xs:element></pre>
2405	
2105	
	(/ xb·compicatype/
	intended to be compatible with WHO MFL draft and HL7-OMG HSD data dictionary; modified per</th
	recommendations from openHIE FR community)>
2410	<pre><xs:complextype name="facility"></xs:complextype></pre>
	<pre><xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent></pre>
	<pre><rul><li><s:extension base="uniqueID"></s:extension></li></rul></pre>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="otherID" type="otherID"></xs:element></pre>
2415	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" name="codedType" type="codedtype"></xs:element></pre>
2.110	<pre><xs:element name="primaryName" type="xs:string"></xs:element></pre>
	<xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="otherName"></xs:element>
	<pre><ss:complextype></ss:complextype></pre>
	<xs:simplecontent></xs:simplecontent>
2420	<xs:extension base="xs:string"></xs:extension>
2.20	<pre><xs:attribute ref="xml:lang"></xs:attribute></pre>
2425	
	<pre></pre>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contact"></xs:element></pre>

	<pre><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></pre>
2430	<pre><xs.choice></xs.choice></pre>
	<xs:element name="person" type="person"></xs:element>
2435	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" name="geocode" type="geocode"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="language" type="codedtype"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:element <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" name="contactPoint" pre="" print();="" type="contactPoint"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre>minOccurs="0"/&gt;</pre>
2440	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" name="organization"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent></pre>
2445	<xs:extension base="uniqueID"></xs:extension>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="service"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent></pre>
2450	<xs:extension base="uniqueID"></xs:extension>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="name" type="name"></xs:element></pre>
	<xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="language" th="" type="codedtype"></xs:element>
2455	maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="operatingHours" type="operatingHours"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="freeBusyURI" pre=""></xs:element></pre>
0.1.60	<pre>type="xs:anyURI"&gt; </pre>
2460	<xs:element <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" th=""></xs:element>
	<pre>name="extension" type="extension"/&gt;</pre>
2465	
2403	 
	<pre><xs:element <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" pre=""></xs:element></pre>
2470	<pre>type="extension"/&gt; </pre>
2470	
2475	   
2475	  
2475	
2475	
2475 2480	<pre></pre>
	<pre></pre>
	<pre></pre>
	<pre></pre>
2480	<pre></pre>
2480	     maxOccurs="unbounded"/> <rvs:element <br="" minoccurs="0" name="operatingHours" type="operatingHours">maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt; <rvs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></rvs:element> <rvs:element name="record" type="record"></rvs:element>      <!--intended to be compatible with information model from HPD; modified based on suggestions</th--></rvs:element>
2480 2485	<pre></pre>
2480	      maxOccurs="unbounded"/>        
2480 2485	<pre></pre>
2480 2485	      maxOccurs="unbounded"/>        

2495	<rs:element name="demographic" type="person"></rs:element>
2175	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="language" type="codedtype"></xs:element></pre>
	<xs:element minoccurs="0" name="organizations"></xs:element>
	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
2500	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
2500	<xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" name="organization"></xs:element>
	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	<xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent>
	<xs:extension base="uniqueID"></xs:extension>
2505	<pre><xs:sequence></xs:sequence></pre>
2303	type="extension"/>
	<pre><ss:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="address" pre="" type="address"></ss:element></pre>
	maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
	<pre><xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" pre="" type="contactPoint"></xs:element></pre>
2510	maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
2515	
2313	 
	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" name="facilities"></xs:element></pre>
2520	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" name="facility"></xs:element>
	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
2525	<xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent>
2323	<xs:extension base="uniqueID"></xs:extension>
	<pre><xs:sequence></xs:sequence></pre>
	<pre><s:complextype></s:complextype></pre>
	<pre><xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent></pre>
2530	<xs:extension base="uniqueID"></xs:extension>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<rpre>xs:element name="name" type="name" minOccurs="0"</rpre>
	maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
2525	<xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="organization" th=""></xs:element>
2535	type="uniqueID"/>
	<xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="language" th="" type="codedtype"></xs:element>
	<pre>maxOccurs="unbounded"/&gt; <xs:element <="" name="operatingHours" pre="" type="operatingHours"></xs:element></pre>
	minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
2540	<xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="freeBusyURI" th=""></xs:element>
	<pre>type="xs:anyURI"&gt; </pre>
	<xs:element <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" th=""></xs:element>
	name="extension"
2515	type="extension"/>
2545	
	<pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre>
2550	<pre></pre>
	maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
	<pre><xs:element <="" maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" pre=""></xs:element></pre>
	type="extension"/>
2555	
2555	
2560	
2000	

	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="credential" type="credential"></xs:element></pre>
	<xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="specialty" type="codedtype"></xs:element>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element></pre>
2565	<pre><xs:element name="record" type="record"></xs:element></pre>
2570	xs.complexiype
2370	
	de la forma de la companya de la comp
	informed by government specification from France and by OASIS names spec:</th
	http://xml.coverpages.org/namesAndAddresses.html)>
2575	<xs:complextype name="name"></xs:complextype>
2375	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" name="commonName"></xs:element>
	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
	<re><ru><ru><ru><ru><ru><ru><ru><ru><ru><ru< th=""></ru<></ru></ru></ru></ru></ru></ru></ru></ru></ru></re>
	<rs:extension base="xs:string"></rs:extension>
2580	
	<xs:element minoccurs="0" name="honorific" type="xs:string"></xs:element>
2585	<xs:element minoccurs="0" name="forename" type="xs:string"></xs:element>
	<pre><xs:element 0"="" maxoccurs="unbounded" name="otherName" type="codedtype minOccurs="></xs:element></pre>
	<xs:element minoccurs="0" name="surname" type="xs:string"></xs:element>
	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" name="suffix" type="xs:string"></xs:element></pre>
2590	
	,
	<rs:complextype name="person"></rs:complextype>
	<pre><xs:sequence></xs:sequence></pre>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" name="name"></xs:element></pre>
2595	<pre><si:complextype></si:complextype></pre>
2070	<pre><xs:complexcontent></xs:complexcontent></pre>
	<pre><xs:extension base="name"></xs:extension></pre>
	<xs:attribute ref="xml:lang"></xs:attribute>
2600	
2600	
2600	 
2600	  
2600	   <res:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></res:element>
	   <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></xs:element> <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element>
2600 2605	<pre>    <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element> <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>  </pre>
2605	
	<pre>       <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>      </pre>
2605	<pre>       <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>       <!--ref HL7-OMG HSD data dictionary and IHE HPD)--> </pre>
2605	<pre>       <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>       <!--ref HL7-OMG HSD data dictionary and IHE HPD)-->     <xs:complextype name="contactPoint"> </xs:complextype></pre>
2605	<pre>       <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>      </pre>
2605 2610	<pre></pre>
2605	<pre>       <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>      </pre>
2605 2610	<pre></pre>
2605 2610	<pre>       <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>      <!--/xs:complexType name="contactPoint"-->   </pre>
2605 2610	<pre>   <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></xs:element> <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element> <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>   <!--ref HL7-OMG HSD data dictionary and IHE HPD)--> <xs:complextype name="contactPoint"> <xs:sequence> </xs:sequence>  <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="equipment" type="xs:string"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="purpose" type="xs:string"></xs:element> </xs:complextype></pre>
2605 2610 2615	<pre>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element> <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>   </pre>
2605 2610	<pre>       <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="contactPoint" type="contactPoint"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element>     <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="0" minoccurs="0"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>          </pre>
2605 2610 2615	<pre>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="address" type="address"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="gender" type="xs:string"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="dateOfBirth" type="xs:date"></xs:element> <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>   </pre>

2625	informed by OASIS names and addresses spec:<br http://xml.coverpages.org/namesAndAddresses.html)> <xs:complextype name="address"> <xs:sequence></xs:sequence></xs:complextype>
2020	<rpre><rs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" name="addressLine"> <rs:complextype> <rs:simplecontent></rs:simplecontent></rs:complextype></rs:element></rpre>
2630	<pre><xs:extension base="xs:string"></xs:extension></pre>
2635	   
2640	<re><rs:attribute name="type"></rs:attribute> </re>
2010	intended to be backward compatible with HPD and informed by HL7-OMG HSD spec) <xs:complextype name="credential"> <xs:sequence></xs:sequence></xs:complextype>
2645	<pre><xs:element name="codedType" type="codedtype"></xs:element> <xs:element name="number" type="xs:string"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="issuingAuthority" type="xs:string"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="credentialIssueDate" type="xs:date"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="credentialRenewalDate" type="xs:date"></xs:element></pre>
2650	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element></pre>
2655	<pre><xs:complextype name="geocode"></xs:complextype></pre>
2660	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" name="coordinateSystem" type="xs:string"></xs:element>  </pre>
2665	informed by HL7-OMG HSD spec; Sunday=0, Monday=1) <xs:complextype name="operatingHours"> <xs:sequence> <xs:element name="openFlag" type="xs:boolean"></xs:element> <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="dayOfTheWeek" type="xs:integer"></xs:element></xs:sequence></xs:complextype>
2670	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" name="beginningHour" type="xs:time"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="endingHour" type="xs:time"></xs:element> <xs:element name="beginEffectiveDate" type="xs:date"></xs:element> <xs:element minoccurs="0" name="endEffectiveDate" type="xs:date"></xs:element>  </pre>
2675	informed by HL7-OMG HSD spec) <xs:complextype name="service"> <xs:complexcontent> <xs:extension base="uniqueID"></xs:extension></xs:complexcontent></xs:complextype>
2680	<pre><xs:sequence>     <xs:element name="codedType" type="codedtype"></xs:element>     <xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>     <xs:element name="record" type="record"></xs:element>     </xs:sequence></pre>
2685	

	<pre><xs:complextype name="CSD"> </xs:complextype></pre>
2690	<pre><xs:sequence></xs:sequence></pre>
2070	<pre><xs:complextype></xs:complextype></pre>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:element <="" minoccurs="0" name="organization" pre="" type="organization"></xs:element></pre>
2605	maxOccurs="unbounded"
2695	
	<xs:element name="serviceDirectory"></xs:element>
2700	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="service" type="service"></xs:element> </pre>
2705	
	<xs:element name="facilityDirectory"></xs:element>
	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
2710	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="facility" type="facility"></xs:element> </pre>
2/10	
	<xs:element name="providerDirectory"></xs:element>
0715	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
2715	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="provider" type="provider"></xs:element> </pre>
2720	
	<xs:element name="CSD" type="CSD"></xs:element>
	xs.erement name- csb cype- csb />
2725	
	<xs:element name="careServicesRequest"></xs:element>
	<pre><s:complextype> <s:choice></s:choice></s:complextype></pre>
2730	<pre><xs:element name="expression"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><s:complextype></s:complextype></pre>
	<xs:attribute name="encapsulated" type="xs:boolean" use="required"></xs:attribute>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
2735	<xs:documentation>Boolean flag to control response type. Defaults to true, in</xs:documentation>
2133	which case the result of the xquery is wrapped in a <u>&lt;</u> result/ <u>&gt;</u> under a <u>&lt;</u> careServicesResponse <u>&gt;</u> by the Care Services InfoManager. If false, the raw xquery result is
	passed back from the Care Services InfoManager.
	<pre> <pre>       </pre></pre>
0740	
2740	
	<pre><xs:attribute name="content-type" type="xs:string" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
	<pre><xs:allocation> </xs:allocation></pre> <pre><xs:documentation>The content or mime-type of the query result. If the Service</xs:documentation></pre>
	Finder requests an encapsulated result then this should be value of the corresponding attribute
2745	in <careservicesresult>. If the Service Finder requests an unencapsulated result, then this</careservicesresult>
	content-type should be returned as an HTTP header.
	Maluar much be conforment to:
	Values must be conformant to: http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2045
2750	http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2046
	<xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute>

2755	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
2755	<pre><xs:documentation>Extension point for implementation specific </xs:documentation></pre>
	attributes
2760	
	<xs:element name="function"></xs:element>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
	<pre><xs:documentation>A stored function to be executed by the Care Services InfoManager</xs:documentation></pre>
2765	which must be defined by a <careservicesfunction></careservicesfunction> If such a <careservicesfunction></careservicesfunction> has been defined and a child node exists, then the Care Services InfoManager may choose to
2705	validate the child node against any schema or binding designated by the
	<careservicesfunction></careservicesfunction> following the rules set forth for an <xforms:instance> in</xforms:instance>
	http://www.w3.org/TR/xforms/
0770	
2770	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:any minoccurs="0" namespace="##any" processcontents="skip"></xs:any> </pre>
	<rul> <li><xs:attribute name="uuid" type="uuid" use="required"></xs:attribute></li> </rul>
2775	<pre><xs:annotation></xs:annotation></pre>
	<pre><xs:documentation>Refers to a UUID identifying a &lt;careServicesFunction/&gt; to</xs:documentation></pre>
	be processed by the Care Services InfoManager. These stored queries must be defined in a
	<pre>&lt;careServicesFunction/&gt;.</pre>
2700	
2780	
	<pre><xs:attribute name="encapsulated" type="xs:boolean" use="required"></xs:attribute></pre>
	<pre><xs:allocation> </xs:allocation></pre> <pre><xs:documentation>Boolean flag to control response type. Defaults to true, in </xs:documentation></pre>
	which case the result, which is conformant to the xquery used to define the function, is wrapped
2785	in a <result></result> under a <careservicesresponse></careservicesresponse> by the Care Services InfoManager
	before being sent to the Service Finder. If false, the raw result xquery is passed back from the
	Care Services InfoManager to the Service Finder.
2790	
2170	<pre> <xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute></pre>
	<pre><xs:annotation></xs:annotation></pre>
	<xs:documentation>Extension point for implementation specific</xs:documentation>
2705	attributes
2795	
2800	
	<xs:element name="careServicesResponse"></xs:element>
	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
2805	<xs:choice></xs:choice>
2005	<pre><xs:element name="error"></xs:element></pre>
	<pre><s:complextype>     <s:simplecontent></s:simplecontent></s:complextype></pre>
	<pre><xs:extension base="xs:string"></xs:extension></pre>
	<pre><xs:attribute name="code" type="xs:integer"></xs:attribute></pre>
2810	<re><ru><ru><ru><ru><ru></ru></ru></ru></ru></ru></re>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
	<xs:documentation>Extension point for implementation specific</xs:documentation>
	attributes
2815	 
2015	
0000	
2820	<xs:element name="result" type="xs:anyType"></xs:element>

	<re><rs:attribute name="content-type" type="xs:string"> <rs:annotation></rs:annotation></rs:attribute></re>
	<pre><xs:documentation>The content or mime-type of the query result.</xs:documentation></pre>
2825	
	Values must be conformant to
	http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2045
	http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2046
2830	 
2030	
	<xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute>
	<xs:documentation>Extension point for implementation specific</xs:documentation>
	attributes /xs:documentation>
2835	
29.40	<rp><rs:element name="careServicesFunction"></rs:element></rp>
2840	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<xs:element minoccurs="0" name="description" type="xs:anyType"></xs:element>
	<pre><xs:annotation> </xs:annotation></pre>
2845	<pre><xs:documentation>An optional description of what this query performs </xs:documentation></pre>
2045	
	<pre><xs:element name="definition" type="xs:string"></xs:element></pre>
	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
2850	<xs:documentation>The xquery which defines the result that the Care Services</xs:documentation>
	InfoManager will return upon request by the Service Finder to execute the query.
	The function shall be executed against the root node of the CSD document managed by the Care
2055	Services InfoManager. Any parameters passed to the function are accessible in the dynamic
2855	context of the function under the variable \$careServicesRequest.

	<pre><xs:element minoccurs="0" ref="xforms:instance"></xs:element></pre>
2860	<xs:element maxoccurs="1" minoccurs="0" ref="xs:schema"></xs:element>
	<pre><xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" ref="xforms:bind"></xs:element></pre>
	<xs:element maxoccurs="unbounded" minoccurs="0" name="extension" type="extension"></xs:element>
	<pre></pre>
2865	<pre><xs:attribute dse="required" name="duid" type="duid"> <xs:annotation></xs:annotation></xs:attribute></pre>
2005	
	<pre><xs:documentation>UUID used to identify the stored function, in particular by the Description Product and France to PEG 4100 http://www.istform/france/</xs:documentation></pre>
	Service Finder. Must conform to RFC 4122 <u>http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4122.txt&gt;</u>
2870	
2070	<xs:attribute_name="content-type"_type="xs:string"_use="required"></xs:attribute_name="content-type"_type="xs:string"_use="required">
	<rs:annotation></rs:annotation>
	<xs:documentation>The content or mime-type of the query result. If the Service Finder</xs:documentation>
	requests an encapsulated result then this should be value of the corresponding attribute in
2075	<careservicesresult>. If the Service Finder requests an unencapsulated result, then this</careservicesresult>
2875	content-type should be returned as an HTTP header.
	Values must be conformant to:
	http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2045
2000	http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc2046
2880	
	<xs:attribute name="schema" type="xforms:anyURIList" use="optional"></xs:attribute>
	<xs:anyattribute></xs:anyattribute>
• • • •	<xs:annotation></xs:annotation>
2885	<xs:documentation>Extension point for implementation specific</xs:documentation>
	attributes
2890	
	<xs:element name="getModificationsReguest"></xs:element>
	<xs:complextype></xs:complextype>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
2895	<rp><rs:element name="lastModified" type="rs:dateTime"></rs:element></rp>
	<pre><xs:element name="getModificationsResponse"></xs:element></pre>
2900	<rs:complextype></rs:complextype>
	<xs:sequence></xs:sequence>
	<pre><xs:element ref="CSD"></xs:element></pre>
2905	
_200	

# **Y.3 Stored Queries**

This is the XML definition of the careServicesRequest for Organization Search. A nonnormative implementation of the referenced organization\_search.xq is included in ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

	<pre><?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>
	<careservicesfunction <="" th="" xmlns:ev="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml-events"></careservicesfunction>
	<pre>xmlns:xforms="http://www.w3.org/2002/xforms"</pre>
2915	xmlns:hfp="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-hasFacetAndProperty"
	xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
	<pre>xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
	xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude"
2920	<pre>xmlns:csd="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013"</pre>
2920	content-type="text/xml"
	uuid="dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66">
	<description></description>
	Performs a search for all organizations by name, coded type, address or ID.
2025	
2925	<pre><definition><xi:include href="organization_search.xq" parse="text"></xi:include></definition></pre>
	<pre><xforms:instance id="instance-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66"></xforms:instance></pre>
	<requestparams></requestparams>
	<id></id>
	<primaryname></primaryname>
2930	<name></name>
_>00	<pre><codedtype></codedtype></pre>
	<address></address>
	<start></start>
	<pre><max></max></pre>
2935	<record></record>
2755	
	<pre></pre> <pre>&lt;</pre>
	<pre><xiorms.bind nodeset="instance(`instance-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/id"</xiorms.bind </pre>
2940	
2940	<pre>type="csd:uniqueID" id='bind-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-id'/&gt;</pre>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	<pre>nodeset="instance('instance-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/primaryName"</pre>
	<pre>type="xs:string" id='bind-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-primaryName'/&gt;</pre>
20.45	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
2945	<pre>nodeset="instance(`instance-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/name"</pre>
	type="xs:string" id='bind-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-name'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	<pre>nodeset="instance(`instance-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/codedType"</pre>
2050	type="csd:codedtype" id='bind-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-codedType'/>
2950	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	<pre>nodeset="instance(`instance-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/address"</pre>
	type="csd:address" id='bind-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-address'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance(`instance-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/start"
2955	type="xs:int" id='bind-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-start'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset=" instance(`instance-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/max"
	type="xs:int" id='bind-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-max'/>
	<pre><rp>cipe in the la line accordence into line line controls and into into into into into into into into</rp></pre>
2960	nodeset="instance(`instance-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/record"
	type="csd:record" id='bind-dc6aedf0-f609-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-record'/>

Figure Y.3-1: Organization Search Care Services Function

2965 This is the XML definition of the careServicesRequest for Provider Search. A non-normative implementation of the referenced provider\_search.xq is included in ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

	<pre><?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>
	<pre><careservicesfunction <="" pre="" xmlns:ev="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml-events"></careservicesfunction></pre>
2970	xmlns:xforms="http://www.w3.org/2002/xforms"
2710	
	<pre>xmlns:hfp="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-hasFacetAndProperty"</pre>
	<pre>xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</pre>
	<pre>xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
• • • • •	<pre>xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude"</pre>
2975	xmlns:csd="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013"
	content-type="text/xml"
	uuid="4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66">
	<pre><description></description></pre>
	Performs a search for all providers by name, coded type, address or ID.
2980	
2980	
	<pre><definition><xi:include href="provider_search.xq" parse="text"></xi:include></definition></pre>
	<pre><xforms:instance id="instance-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66"></xforms:instance></pre>
	<requestparams></requestparams>
• • • •	<id></id>
2985	<commonname></commonname>
	<codedtype></codedtype>
	<address></address>
	<start></start>
	<pre><max></max></pre>
2990	<pre><record></record></pre>
2770	
	<pre></pre> <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
2995	nodeset="instance('instance-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/id"
2995	type="csd:uniqueID" id='bind-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-id'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance('instance-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/otherID"
	type="csd:otherID" id='bind-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-otherID'/>
2000	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
3000	nodeset="instance('instance-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/commonName"
	type="xs:string" id='bind-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-commonName'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance('instance-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/codedType"
	type="csd:codedtype" id='bind-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-codedType'/>
3005	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance('instance-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/address"
	type="csd:address" id='bind-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-address'/>
	<pre></pre>
	nodeset="instance('instance-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/start"
3010	type="xs:int" id='bind-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200020005406', requestrarams, start
5010	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
	nodeset="instance('instance-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/max"
	type="xs:int" id='bind-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-max'/>
3015	<xforms:bind< th=""></xforms:bind<>
3013	nodeset="instance('instance-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/record"
	type="csd:record" id='bind-4e8bbeb9-f5f5-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-record'/>

### Figure Y.3-2: Provider Search Care Services Function

#### 3020

This is the XML definition of the careServicesRequest for Facility Search. A non-normative implementation of the referenced facility\_search.xq is included in ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

	<pre><?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>
3025	<careservicesfunction <="" th="" xmlns:ev="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml-events"></careservicesfunction>
0020	xmlns:xforms="http://www.w3.org/2002/xforms"
	<pre>xmlns:hfp="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-hasFacetAndProperty"</pre>
	<pre>xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</pre>
2020	<pre>xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"</pre>
3030	<pre>xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude"</pre>
	xmlns:csd="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013"
	content-type="text/xml"
	uuid="c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66"
	>
3035	description>
5055	-
	Performs a search for all facilities by name, type, address or ID.
	<pre><definition><xi:include href="facility_search.xq" parse="text"></xi:include></definition></pre>
20.40	<pre><xforms:instance id="instance-c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66"></xforms:instance></pre>
3040	<requestparams></requestparams>
	<id></id>
	<pre><pre>/&gt;</pre></pre>
	<name></name>
	<codedtype></codedtype>
3045	<address></address>
	<start></start>
	<pre><max></max></pre>
	<record></record>
3050	
3030	
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance(`c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/id"
	type="csd:uniqueID" id='bind-c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-id'/>
2055	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
3055	nodeset="instance(`c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/primaryName"
	type="xs:string" id='bind-c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-primaryName'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance(`c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/name"
	type="xs:string" id='bind-c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-name'/>
3060	<xforms:bind< th=""></xforms:bind<>
	nodeset="instance(`c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/codedType"
	type="csd:codedtype id='bind-c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-codedTYpe "/>
	<pre><rp>cripter characterize ind croiters for incr brid contracterize //</rp></pre>
	nodeset="instance(`c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/address"
3065	
5005	type="csd:address" id='bind-c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-address'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance(`c7640530-f600-l1e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/start"
	type="xs:int" id='bind-c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-start'/>
2070	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
3070	nodeset="instance(`c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/max"
	type="xs:int" id='bind-c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-max'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance(`c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/record"
	type="csd:record" id='bind-c7640530-f600-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-record'/>
3075	

Figure Y.3-3: Facility Search Care Services Function

This is the XML definition of the careServicesRequest for Organization Search. A nonnormative implementation of the referenced service\_search.xq is included in ITI TF-2x: Appendix W.

	<pre><?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?></pre>
	<pre><careservicesfunction <="" pre="" xmlns:ev="http://www.w3.org/2001/xml-events"></careservicesfunction></pre>
3085	<pre>xmlns:xforms="http://www.w3.org/2002/xforms"</pre>
	xmlns:hfp="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-hasFacetAndProperty"
	xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
	xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
	<pre>xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude"</pre>
3090	xmlns:csd="urn:ihe:iti:csd:2013"
	uuid="e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66"
	content-type="text/xml">
	<description></description>
	Performs a search for all search by coded type or ID.
3095	
	<pre><definition><xi:include href="service search.xg" parse="text"></xi:include></definition></pre>
	<pre><xforms:instance id="instance-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66"></xforms:instance></pre>
	<requestparams></requestparams>
	<id></id>
3100	<codedtype></codedtype>
	<start></start>
	<max></max>
	<record></record>
3105	
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance(`instance-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/id"
	type="csd:uniqueID" id='bind-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-id'/>
<b>011</b> 0	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
3110	nodeset="instance(`instance-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/codedType"
	type="csd:codedtype" id='bind-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a660codedType'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance(`instance-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/start"
2115	type="xs:int" id='bind-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-start'/>
3115	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
	nodeset="instance(`instance-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/max"
	type="xs:int" id='bind-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-max'/>
	<pre><xforms:bind< pre=""></xforms:bind<></pre>
2120	nodeset="instance(`instance-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66')/requestParams/record"
3120	type="csd:record" id='bind-e3d8ecd0-f605-11e2-b778-0800200c9a66-record'/>

Figure Y.3-4: Service Search Care Services Function

# Volume 3 – Content Modules

Not applicable

# **Volume 4 – National Extensions**

3130 Not applicable