

STANDARDS-BASED ONC-CDC DECISION SUPPORT RESOURCES FOR CDC PRESCRIBING GUIDELINE: DEVELOPMENT, USE, AND LESSONS LEARNED

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DISCLOSURES

 In the past year, I have been a consultant or sponsored researcher on clinical decision support for ONC*, Hitachi, McKesson InterQual, and Klesis Healthcare

*via SRS, Inc. and ESAC, Inc.



ONC-CDC OPIOID DECISION SUPPORT PROJECT

- Goal: provide point-of-care, standards-based decision support for CDC Prescribing Guideline
- ONC and CDC-sponsored effort
- Contributors: CDC, ONC, AHRQ, Yale, SRS, ESAC, Epic, and many others
- Approach:
 - Use of HL7 standards: CDS Hooks, SMART on FHIR, CQL
 - Use of open-source OpenCDS framework (<u>opencds.org</u>)
 - Pilot implementation at University of Utah with Epic EHR using CDS Hooks and SMART on FHIR



TARGETED RECOMMENDATIONS (INITIAL)

4. When starting opioid therapy for chronic pain, prescribe **immediate-release opioids** instead of extended-release/long-acting (ER/LA) opioids

5. Carefully reassess evidence of individual benefits and risks when considering increasing dosage to \geq 50 **morphine milligram equivalents (MME)**/day, and avoid increasing dosage to \geq 90 MME/day or carefully justify a decision to titrate dosage to \geq 90 MME/day



TARGETED RECOMMENDATIONS (INITIAL)

7. **Evaluate** benefits and harms with patients within 1 to 4 weeks of starting opioid therapy for chronic pain or of dose escalation. Evaluate benefits and harms of continued therapy with patients every 3 months or more frequently.

8. Consider offering **naloxone** when factors that increase risk for opioid overdose are present

10. Use **urine drug testing** before starting opioid therapy and consider urine drug testing at least annually

11. Avoid prescribing opioid pain medication and **benzodiazepines** concurrently



EXAMPLE CQL

```
// TotalMME - Sum of all MME for currently and about-to-be prescribed opioid medications
     define TotalMME: System.Quantity { value: Sum(MME M return M.mme.value), unit: 'mg/d' }
 99
     define IsMME50OrMore: TotalMME >= 50 'mg/d'
     define Results:
       IsMME500rMore M
       return {
         mmeOver50: M.
         title:
          if M
           then 'High risk for opioid overdose - '
                 + case when TotalMME.value >= 90
                     then 'taper now'
112
                     else 'consider tapering'
                   end
114
           else 'MME is within the recommended range.',
           description:
             if M
             then 'Total morphine milligram equivalent (MME) is ' + ToString(TotalMME) + '. Taper to less than 50.'
             else 'Total morphine milligram equivalent (MME) is ' + ToString(TotalMME) + '. This falls within the accepted range.'
```







NLM RXNAV-BASED TERMINOLOGY KNOWLEDGE

FREE TEXT SIG PARSING

- Close to 20% of opioid Rxs use free-text Sigs (>10,000 unique patterns). E.g.:
 - 1-2 tablets q 3 hours as needed for pain up to a max of 12/day. Not valid without seal. May fill 3 days before use date. Use dates: X/XX-X/XX/2017.
- Traditional analytics tools cannot evaluate free-text Sigs
- Parsing algorithms developed to enable computation on ~80% of Sigs



BestPractice Advisory - Testpatient, Opioid1

Patient's average oral morphine equivalence (OME) is **87.33** mg/day. CDC recommends reassessing evidence of individual benefits and risks when increasing dosage to >= 50 OME/d.

		Active Opioid Rx	Sta Dat	rt Ave. e OME/day*	Max OME/day*
	[New] Oxycodone Hydrochloride 5 MG Oral Tablet > Sig: 5 mg Oral Every 6 hours as needed Click for Details			/18 30 mg	30 mg
)	FENTANYL CITRATE 200 MCG BU LPOP *** May be expiring soon *** > Sig: Place 1 each (200 mcg) inside cheek every 2 hours as needed. Use prior to bowel movements, maximum 4 per day			/18 17.33 mg	104 mg
	HYDROCODONE-ACETAMINOPHEN 10-325 MG PO TABLET *** Not adding OME for presumed redundant Rxs with start dates of 02/06/18 and 04/06/18. *** > Sig: Earliest Fill Date: 3/7/18. Take 1-1.5 tables by mouth every 4 hours as needed for pain			/18 40 mg	90 mg
l	Total			87.33 mg	224 mg
	Max OME = max amount patient DME conversion table CPG opioid Rx guideline Source: CDC opioid Rx g Acknowledge Reason	uideline recommendation #5	, even if patient i	uns out of med	early.
	Rx appropriate currently - snooze 3 mo Actual OME is lower - snooze 3 mo Opioid tag			rogress - snooze	3 mo
	Will reduce dose - snooze 1 mo	Tx for opioid use disorder - snooze 6 mo	Active cancer Tx -	snooze 6 mo	
	Dellistive core concerts forever				
	Pallative care - shooze forever				



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High risk for opioid overdose - taper now.

Maximum morphine equivalent daily dose (MEDD) is **365** mg/day (PRN meds assumed to be taken at maximum allowed frequency). Taper to < 50.

Active Opioid Rx	Max MEDD		
[New] Oxycodone Hydrochloride 5 MG Oral Capsule			
> Sig: 5 mg Oral Every 4 hours as needed	45 mg		
> Daily dose: Oxycodone Oral Capsule 6/d 5 mg = 30 mg. Morphine equivalence: 1.5x.			
72 HR Fentanyl 0.1 MG/HR Transdermal System			
> Sig: 1 patch q3d			
> Prescriber: Michael Flynn, MD (Internal Medicine/Pediatrics).	240 mg		
> Daily dose: Fentanyl patch: 1 0.1 mg/hr = 0.1 mg/hr. Morphine equivalence: 2400x.			
Buprenorphine 2 MG Sublingual Tablet			
> Sig: Place 1 tablet under the tongue Every 6 hours as needed.			
> Prescriber: Michael Flynn, MD (Internal Medicine/Pediatrics). Rx date: 2017-10-19.			
> Dispense: 120 tablets. Refills: 0. Expected supply duration: through 2017-07-30.			
> Daily dose: Buprenorphine Sublingual Tablet 1/d 1 tablet 2 mg = 2 mg. Morphine equivalence: 30x	x .		
Methadone Hydrochloride 10 MG Oral Tablet			
> Sig: Take 0.5 tablets by mouth Every 6 hours as needed for pain.			
> Prescriber: Michael Flynn, MD (Internal Medicine/Pediatrics). Rx date: 2017-10-19.	20 mg		
> Dispense: 120 tablets. Refills: 0. Expected supply duration: through 2017-08-05.			
> Daily dose: Methadone Oral Tablet 1/d 0.5 tablet 10 mg = 5 mg. Morphine equivalence: 4x.			
Total	365 mg		
CDC opioid recommendation #5			
Source: CDC			
I E dans			
History	UK		



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LESSONS LEARNED

• Bleeding-edge work: ordering-based CDS "Hooks" not yet standardized, EHR vendor implementations in process

- Required use of CDS Hooks middleware and/or SMART on FHIR

- Complex CDS Hooks visual displays handled differently by different EHR vendors; requires further standardization
- Achieving desired end-user functionality requires hybrid of CDS Hooks services and local EHR CDS capabilities
 - E.g., snoozing, enabling 1-click order placement and cancellation, restricting service invocation to relevant contexts
- Despite challenges, evidence-based care supported by standards-based CDS finally appears to be within reach
 HEALTH

FUTURE DIRECTIONS

- Standards-based encoding of remaining 6 CDC Prescribing Guideline recommendations as CDS Hooks services
- Pilot deployments and iterative enhancement
- Impact evaluation
- Facilitating enhancement and adoption of underlying standards
- Use of SMART on FHIR in addition to CDS Hooks for workflow integration
- Ultimate goal: widespread dissemination and impact



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Disclaimer: The findings and conclusions in this presentation are those of the presenter and do not necessarily represent the official position of CDC or of the organizations involved



THANK YOU!

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