

Electronic Long-Term Services and Supports (eLTSS) Standards

Session 235, February 14, 2019

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Conflict of Interest

Elizabeth Palena Hall, ONC

• Has no real or apparent conflicts of interest to report.

Bonnie Young, GA Department of Community Health

• Has no real or apparent conflicts of interest to report.



Agenda

- Long Term Services and Supports Need for Health Information Sharing to Support Coordinated Care
- eLTSS Project Overview, Key Accomplishments, Vision and Use Cases
- eLTSS Roadmap for 2019 and Work with HL7
- eLTSS Community Engagement Opportunities

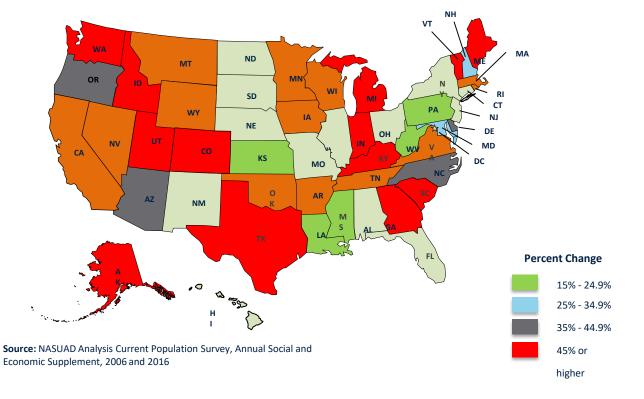


Objectives

- Describe an overview of the eLTSS Initiative, a joint CMS and ONC project, focused on the identification of national standards to support interoperable LTSS service plan exchange, sponsored through a Medicaid Demonstration Grant
- Analyze the value proposition for standardizing person-centered eLTSS data elements in support of interoperable data exchange across the continuum of care and service delivery
- Describe the process for engaging diverse stakeholder groups to include clinical and non-clinical providers, federal and state partners, individuals and advocates, system implementers and standards development organizations (SDOs) in the identification of interoperable standards for eLTSS plans
- Explain how the standardized eLTSS plan can be used to support the capture and exchange of social determinants of health (SDOH) data such as housing, education and transportation which influence individuals' ability to maintain their health



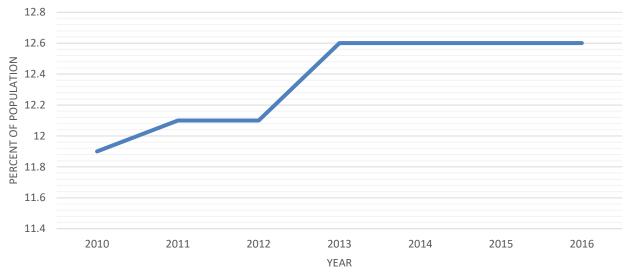
Percentage Increase in the Number of Older Adults Age 60 or above from 2006 to 2016





Increasing Prevalence and Incidence of Disability Also Driving State Policy Decisions

Disability Prevalence in USA



Sources: https://disabilitycompendium.org & http://www.disabilitystatistics.org



The Intersection of Health and Social Services

- Especially for older adults, there is a significant overlap between primary/acute care and LTSS:
 - Hospitalization (example: broken hip) -> post-acute rehabilitation -> personal care and chore services
- Fractured eligibility & payment systems, particularly Medicare and Medicaid, can lead to disconnects between settings of care, treatment goals, and desired health/social outcomes
 - However, eligibility, payment, and quality management can be fractured inside of Medicaid too
- Interoperable systems have the promise of improving coordination and keeping LTSS person-centered



What is Community-Based Long-Term Services and Supports (CB-LTSS) or Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS)?

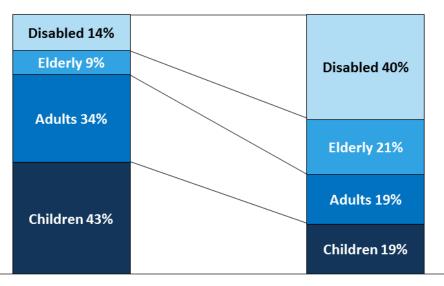
- The National Quality Forum refers to the term "home and community-based services" as an "...array of services and supports delivered in the home or other integrated community setting that promote the independence, health and well-being, self-determination, and community inclusion of a person of any age who has significant, long-term physical, cognitive, sensory, and/or behavioral health needs".
- HCBS services are often delivered by providers funded by state Medicaid programs through an HCBS waiver program, authorized under section 1915(c) of the Social Security Act.
- Standard services include but are not limited to: case management (i.e. supports and service coordination), homemaker, home health aide, personal care, adult day health services, habilitation (both day and residential), and respite care.
- In the United States, Medicaid is significant source of reimbursement to states for HCBS



LTSS Beneficiaries are Driving Medicaid **Spending**

Figure 1

Nearly two-thirds of Medicaid spending is for the elderly and people with disabilities, FY 2014.



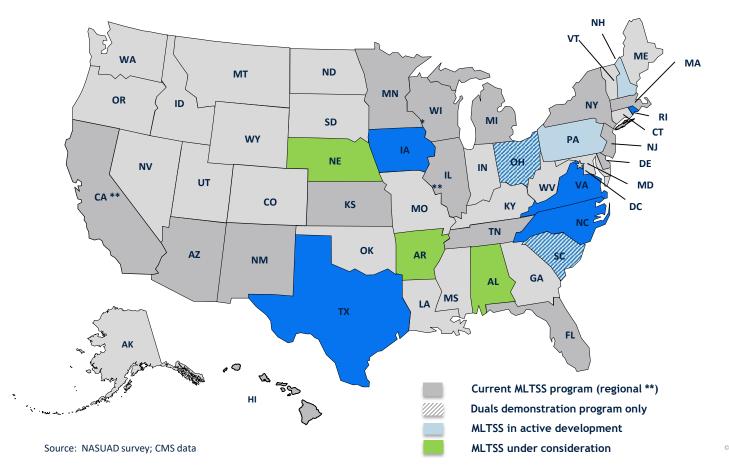
Enrollees Total = 80.7 Million

Expenditures Total = \$462.8 Billion





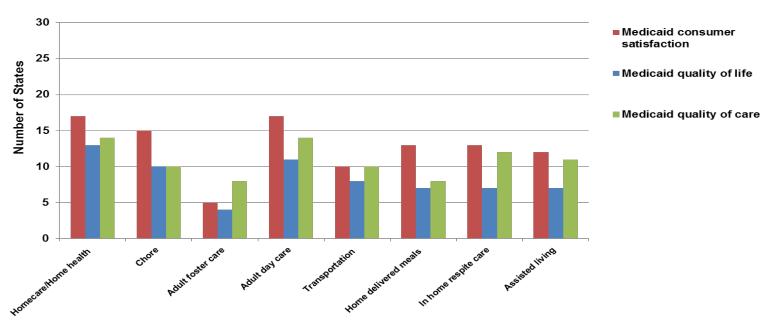
Changing Delivery Systems Impacting Services – MLTSS Programs 2017





Consumer Surveys: Medicaid Supports

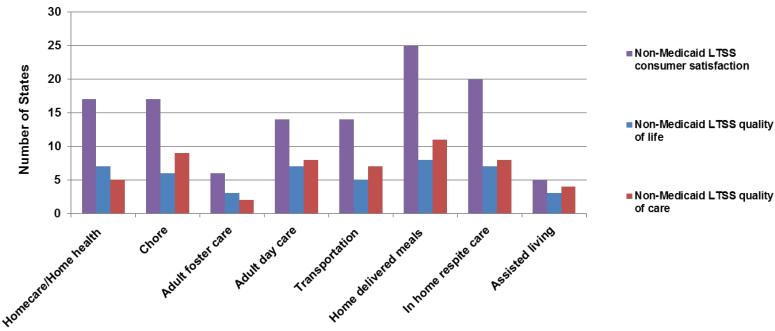
States Collecting Data on Medicaid Consumer Satisfaction, Quality of Life, and Quality of Care by Service





Consumer Surveys: Non-Medicaid LTSS

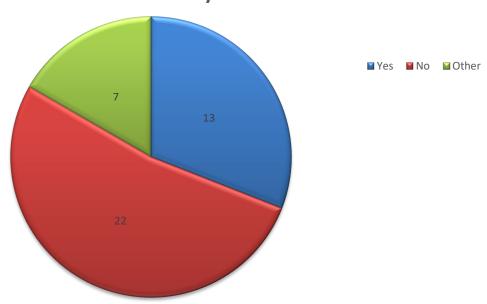
States Collecting Data on Non-Medicaid LTSS Consumer Satisfaction, Quality of Life, and Quality of Care by Service





State Aging/Disability Information Sharing

Does your information system share data with other HHS data systems?





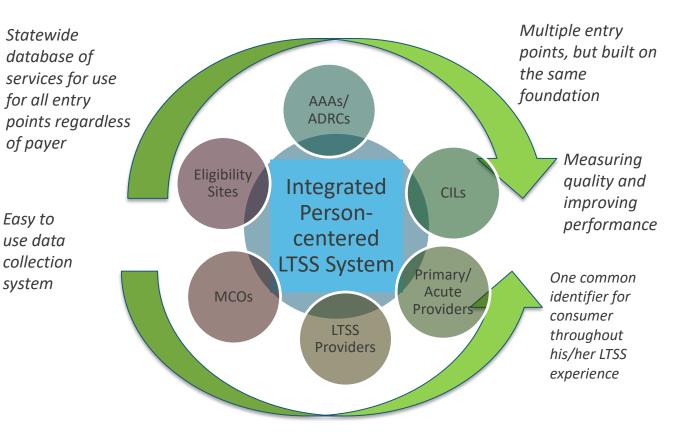
of payer

Easy to

system

use data

The Goal: LTSS Integrated System





Person centered thinking, planning, and practice is the foundation of Home and Community Based Services for people with disabilities across the lifespan



eLTSS Background and Project Overview

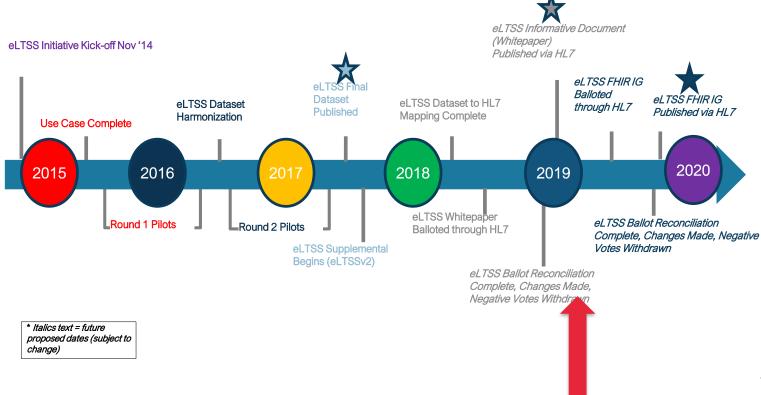


eLTSS Project Background

- The eLTSS Initiative is a joint project between CMS and ONC, made possible by CMS funding. Established to advance data-level interoperability for the home and community-based services (HCBS) community
 - The initiative focuses on the identification and harmonization of electronic standards that can enable the creation, exchange and re-use of interoperable person-centered service plans for use by health care and home and community based service providers, payers and the individuals they serve.
 - These plans can help to improve the coordination of health and social services that support an individual's mental and physical health.
- Driven by the requirements of the CMS Testing Experience and Functional Tools
 (TEFT) in Medicaid Planning and Demonstration Grant Program
 - Introduced in Affordable Care Act (ACA) Section 2701
 - March 2014: CMS awarded Demonstration Grants to 9 states: AZ, CO, CT, GA, KY, LA, MD, MN, NH
 - 6 of these 9 states participated in the eLTSS component of TEFT: CO, CT, GA, KY, MD, MN

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eLTSS Initiative At-A-Glance





Review of the eLTSS Project

Phase 1:

 Identified and harmonized a core set of data items commonly found on LTSS Service Plans to facilitate the capture and exchange of person-centered LTSS service plan data.

Phase 2:

 Piloted identified and harmonized core data items with TEFT grantee states and vendors to validate the dataset

Phase 3:

- Continuation of Phase 1 & Phase 2 broken into 2 Tracks
 - Track 1: Balloted the eLTSS Informative Document at HL7 in the September 2018 ballot cycle outlining how the harmonized and identified data items could be mapped using HL7 FHIR and C-CDA
 - Track 2: Leverage the published eLTSS Informative Document to create an HL7 FHIR Implementation Guide (IG). The FHIR IG is scheduled for the May 2019 HL7 Ballot Cycle.



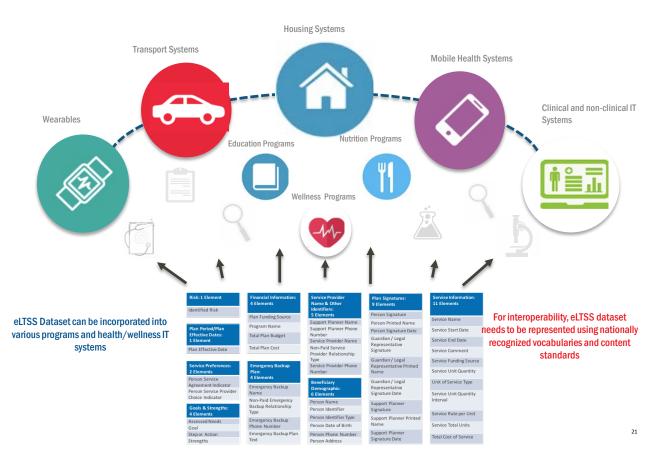
eLTSS Final Dataset

• Total Number of Elements: 56

Beneficiary Demographics: 10 Elements	Person Centered Planning: 11 Elements	Plan Information: 1 Element	Risks: 2 Elements Identified Risk	Service Provider Information: 5 Elements
		Plan Effective Date	Risk Management Plan	
Person Name	Assessed Need	Plan Signatures: 12 Elements	Service Information: 12 Elements	Support Planner Name
Person Identifier	Preference			Support Planner Phone Number
Person Identifier Type	Person Setting Choice Indicator	Person Signature		
		Person Printed Name	Service Name	Service Provider Name
Person Date of Birth	Person Setting Choice Options	Person Signature Date	Self-Directed Service Indicator	Service Provider Phone Number Non-Paid Provider Relationship
Person Phone Number		Guardian/Legal Representative	Sell-Directed Service Indicator	
	Service Options Given Indicator	Signature	Service Start Date	
Person Address	Camilas Calantinas Indicatas	Outside the second seco	Service End Date	
Emergency Contact Name	Service Selection Indicator	Guardian/Legal Representative Printed Name	Service Delivery Address	
5 6 1 1	Service Provider Options Given	Timed Name	Service Belivery Address	
Emergency Contact Relationship	Indicator	Guardian/Legal Representative Signature Date	Service Comment	
· ·			Service Funding Source	
Emergency Contact Phone Number	Service Provider Selection Agreement Indicator	Support Planner Signature	Service Funding Source	
Emergency Backup Plan			Service Unit Quantity	
		Support Planner Printed Name	Unit of Service Type	
0 1 0 0 1	Service Plan Agreement	Support Harmor Timesa Harmo	Service Unit Quantity Interval	
Goals & Strengths: 3 Elements	Indicator	Support Planner Signature Date		
	Plan Monitor Name		Service Rate per Unit	
	Plan Monitor Phone Number	Service Provider Signature	Total Cost of Service	
Goal		Service Provider Printed Name		
Step or Action		Service Provider Printed Name		
Strength		Service Provider Signature Date	Final dataset and information on https://oncprojectracking.health	HL7 engagement available at: nit.gov/wiki/display/TechLabSC/eLTSS+

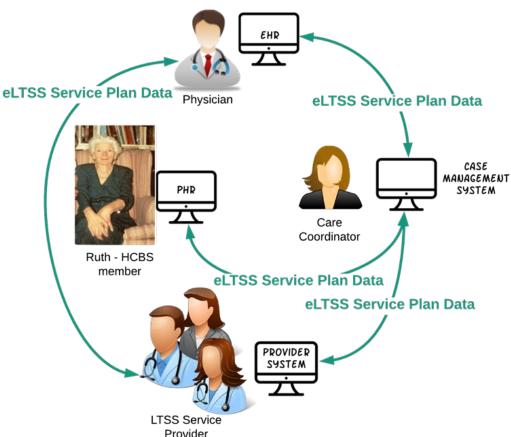
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Vision for eLTSS Dataset Integration



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eLTSS Use Case Examples



Use Case Examples

- Care Coordinator sends the LTSS Service Plan Data to a beneficiary Clinical Provider, such as a PCP.
- Care Coordinator sends the LTSS Service Plan Data to an LTSS Provider, so that LTSS Provider may begin services.
- Care Coordinator sends the LTSS
 Service Plan Data to the beneficiary
 Personal Health Record, so that
 Beneficiary has a copy of the plan
 data and can share it with family
 members.
- 4. Clinical Provider sends updates so LTSS Provider is aware of recent hospital/doctor visit.



eLTSS Timeline:

September – December 2018

- Conducted ballot disposition on all ballot comments collected during ballot comment period
- Updated the eLTSS Informative document to reflect comment dispositions

January – September 2019

- January: Submitted revised Informative Document to HL7 for publication
- January May: Develop the eLTSS FHIR Implementation Guide to be included in the May 2019 HL7 ballot.
 - This IG provides robust formal guidance on how to leverage FHIR to exchange eLTSS Dataset data. It will also be able to support continued piloting efforts by implementers.
- June September: Disposition and reconcile eLTSS FHIR IG ballot comments
 - This process includes reviewing and responding to comments as well as updating and publishing the final IG based on comment resolution.



Working with a Standards Development Organization - HL7



eLTSS Engagement with HL7

- Working with an SDO such as HL7 provides a way to integrate our efforts to enable interoperability for Home and community based services (HCBS) and supports into the broader healthcare interoperability landscape bridging the gap to the larger clinical ecosystem. Being able to leverage an industry recognized standard gives implementers the framework necessary to create interoperability between and across different healthcare entities.
 - http://www.hl7.org/
- Within HL7, our work is being conducted under the guidance of the following workgroups:
 - Community Based Care and Privacy (CBCP)
 - Patient Care (PC)
 - Structured Documents (SD)
 - FHIR Management Group (FMG)
 - Financial Management (FM)
 - Orders and Observations (O&O)



eLTSS Informative Document Contents

- Informative Document: Provides the HL7 Community with context and narrative around how two national recognized standards, FHIR and C-CDA, can be used to represent and exchange the eLTSS Dataset
 - Introduction, Objectives and Background
 - LTSS Ecosystem Overview and Information Sharing Use Cases
 - FHIR and C-CDA for LTSS Service Plan Information Exchange
 - Approach for Selecting Standards
 - Overview of Selected Standards and Mapping Results
 - Exchanging LTSS Service Plans Using FHIR
 - Exchanging LTSS Service Plans Using C-CDA

- Considerations for Future Work
- Appendices:
 - eLTSS Dataset
 - FHIR and C-CDA Mappings
 - FHIR and C-CDA sample instances
 - C-CDA rendered sample
 - Quality of Mapping Legend



eLTSS Informative Document Publication

- Internal team and government reviews were conducted December 2018 and January 2019
- Our sponsoring workgroup, HL7's Community-Based Care and Privacy (CBCP), voted on and approved the submission of publication request pending withdrawal of final negative vote for the Informative Document on 1/8/19
- A formal request for publication was submitted to HL7 on 1/10/19



eLTSS FHIR IG Development

- Based on the scenarios articulated in the eLTSS use cases, the FHIR framework is a great fit for enabling eLTSS exchanges due to its focus on streamlined API-based interoperability, flexible and modular approach and comprehensive focus aimed at supporting clinical, administrative and social services workflow needs.
- The eLTSS FHIR Implementation Guide (IG) will provide implementers with online guidance (e.g., API specifications, capability statements, and resource profiles) on how to use FHIR to exchange eLTSS data.
- The eLTSS FHIR IG will align with FHIR R4.
- The FHIR IG development process is strict and relies heavily on prescriptive deadlines with each step being dependent on previous steps and outside resources (artifact approvals, tooling modifications/versioning, etc.).
- The goal of this next phase of the eLTSS project is to mature and formalize the details published in the eLTSS Informative Document into the eLTSS FHIR IG which will be balloted as a Standard for Trial Use (STU). An STU balloted IG at provides implementers with comprehensive guidance on how to use FHIR to enable electronic exchange of the eLTSS 28 Dataset data items.



eLTSS Community Engagement



eLTSS Community Engagement

- Join the HL7 CBCP WG weekly calls to engage in ballot reconciliation review
 - Tuesdays 12:00 1:00pm ET
 - http://join.freeconferencecall.com/cbhs
 - Conference Audio: (515) 604-9861 / Access Code: 429554
- Visit the eLTSS HL7 GForge Site for ballot-related artifacts:
 - https://gforge.hl7.org/gf/project/cbcc/docman/eLTSS%20-%20%20ONC%20Electronic%20Long-Term%20Services%20and%20Supports/
- Visit the eLTSS Confluence Page for meeting information and relevant artifacts:
 - https://oncprojectracking.healthit.gov/wiki/display/TechLabSC/eLT SS+Home

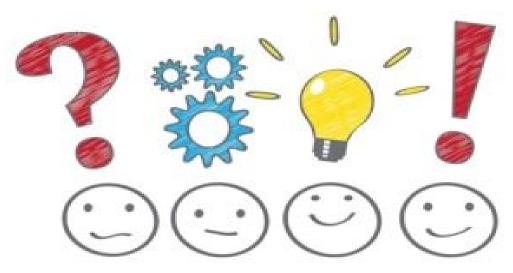


eLTSS Initiative: Project Team Leads

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Questions



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Appendix: Additional Resources



HL7 FHIR Balloting Timeline and Artifacts

What Needs Done	How Do We Get It Done?	Why Do It?	When is it Due?
Introduce	 Contact FHIR FMG of our upcoming plans and get insight from them on action needed Attend Jan 2019 HL7 WGM to present our upcoming plans to FHIR, CBCP, and Other Interested WGs (O&O, FM, PC) 	HL7 recommends that prior to officially compiling a ballot that a project considering developing a ballot circulate and introduce the idea of the work to the appropriate HL7 work groups. This allows the work groups to provide guidance and feedback before the formal ballot process begins.	1/18/19
Project Scope Statement (PSS)	 Modify the existing PSS for the eLTSS Informative Document for the FHIR IG Need approval from: CBCP WG, FHIR Management Group (FMG), US Realm Steering Committee, Steering Division, Architectural Review Board, and Technical Steering Committee. 	This form is the formal introduction of our work to HL7 WGs. This form outlines the sponsoring WGs, project team, project scope and need, and any external drivers and dependencies.	1/27/19
FHIR IG Proposal	 Complete and submit to FHIR Management Group (FMG) 	Acceptance of proposal will result in the creation of the eLTSS project within the HL7 framework.	TBD
Notification of Intent to Ballot (NIB)	 Work with CBCP WG to complete and submit form to HL7 	This officially notifies HL7 of our projects intent to move forward with a ballot for the May 2019 cycle.	2/17/19
Functionally Complete IG	 Work with CBCP FHIR Liaison (John Moerhke) Download and install appropriate HL7 FHIR IG Tooling Develop Profiles Develop FHIR Sample Files Populate required IG sections with Content 	To validate and prioritize ballots and to develop the framework to support the ballots, HL7 is requiring a Functionally Complete IG as part of the NIB package.	2/17/19
Final Content	Submit Complete FHIR IG to HL7 for QA	HL7 requires a new QA period for all FHIR ballots to ensure ballots are well developed prior to the ballot period.	3/3/19
Final Freeze	 Complete and submit FINAL FHIR IG Content (all text, profiles, sample files, etc.) to HL7. 	Required by HL7 – ensures the ballot content and structure is ready for ballot opening.	3/24/19

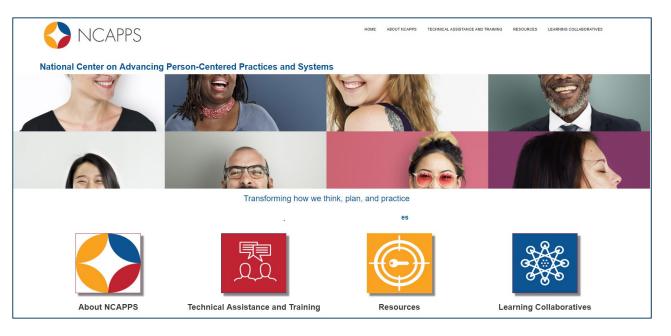


HL7 FHIR Balloting Timeline and Artifacts (2/2)

What Needs Done		How Do We Get It Done?	Why Do It?	When is it Due?
Ballot Consensus Pool	•	Sign up for the eLTSS FHIR IG ballot pool on the HL7 Ballot Desktop	To vote on an HL7 ballot a voter must sign up to be part of the ballot pool. This is similar to voter registration.	3/1 – 3/28/19
Ballot Period	•	Submit and monitor vote / comments	This is when the formal voting takes place. Anyone signed up for the ballot pool is able to vote.	3/29 – 4/29/19
May 2019 WGM	•	Held in Montreal (Quebec) Canada Begin comment reconciliation of ballot comments (virtually)	HL7 requires that ballot results are shared at the working group meeting associated with the ballot. Ballot reconciliation will often begin at the working group meeting.	5/4 – 5/10/19
Ballot Comment Reconciliation	•	Work with ballot voters and CBCP WG to dispose all ballot comments	Required by HL7 as part of the ballot process.	5/4/2019
Modify IG	•	Make modifications to eLTSS FHIR IG based on comments	Enhance the specification based on comment feedback.	TBD (based on # of comments)
Publish IG	•	Publish eLTSS FHIR IG using HL7 tooling	Standard is available for implementation and use.	TBD (dependent on comments)



National Center on Advancing Person-Centered Practices and Systems



States, tribes, and territories can apply for technical assistance online: https://ncapps.acl.gov/

Deadline for technical assistance applications is February 12, 2019.