

Blockchain's Challenges In Real Life

Blockchain & Healthcare Workshop

NIST Headquarters, Gaithersburg, Maryland.

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STEVE WILSON

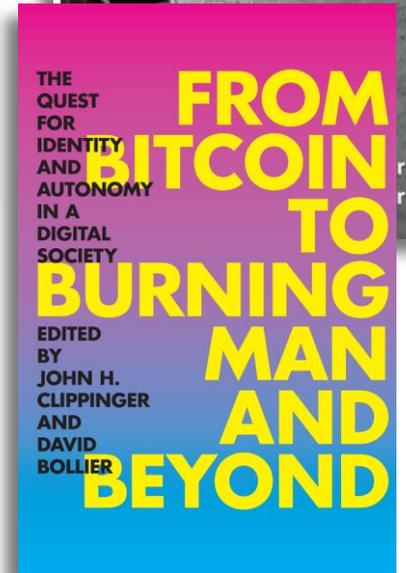
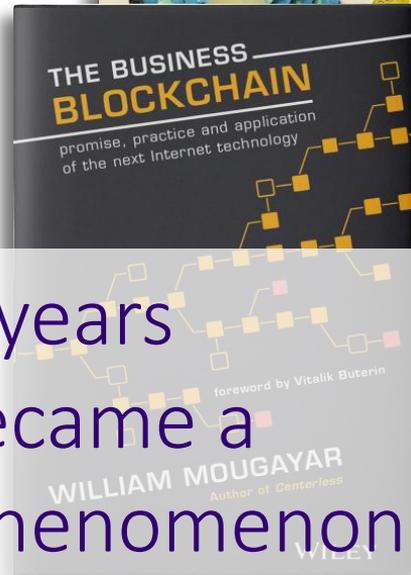
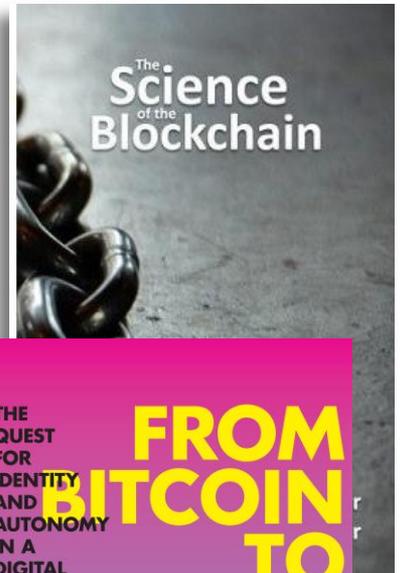
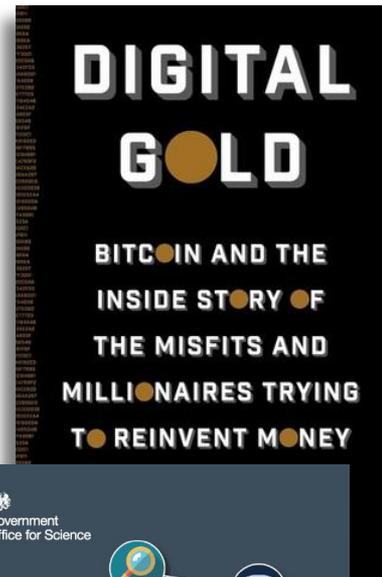
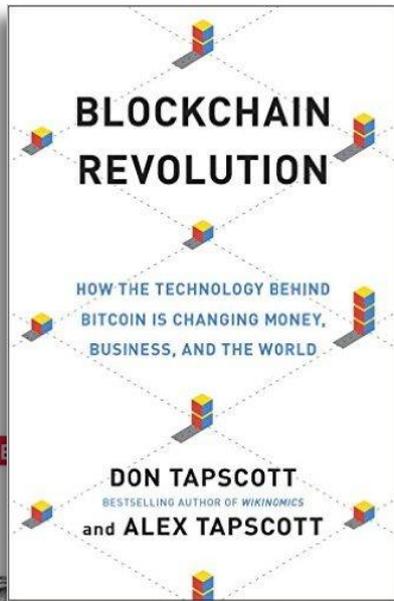
VICE PRESIDENT AND PRINCIPAL ANALYST

November 2008:
an obscure paper
appeared

Bitcoin: A Peer-to-Peer Electronic Cash System

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www.bitcoin.org

Abstract. A purely peer-to-peer version of electronic cash would allow online payments to be sent directly from one party to another without going through a financial institution. Digital signatures provide part of the solution, but the main benefits are lost if a trusted third party is still required to prevent double-spending. We propose a solution to the double-spending problem using a peer-to-peer network.



Within a few years
blockchain became a
publication phenomenon.

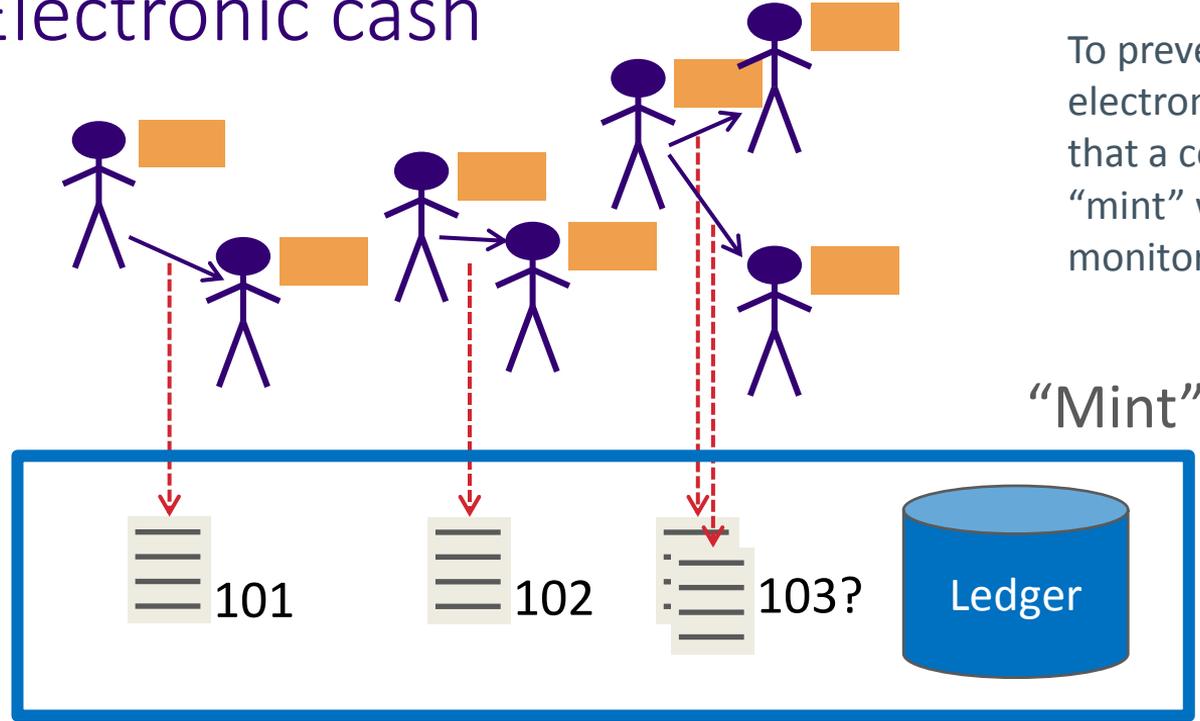
Far beyond payments, a vast array of use cases for blockchain have been proposed, many of them frankly preposterous.

Blockchain is a name for the software underpinning bitcoin that uses complex cryptography and distributed ledgers — copies of records in multiple places — to regulate, record, and enable transactions using bitcoin. In effect, it lets users — the “crowd” — police the monetary system without any central bank or regulator.

A new Blockchain-based initiative in Africa aims to stamp out corruption and release billions of dollars in locked capital for infrastructure development according to an analysis.

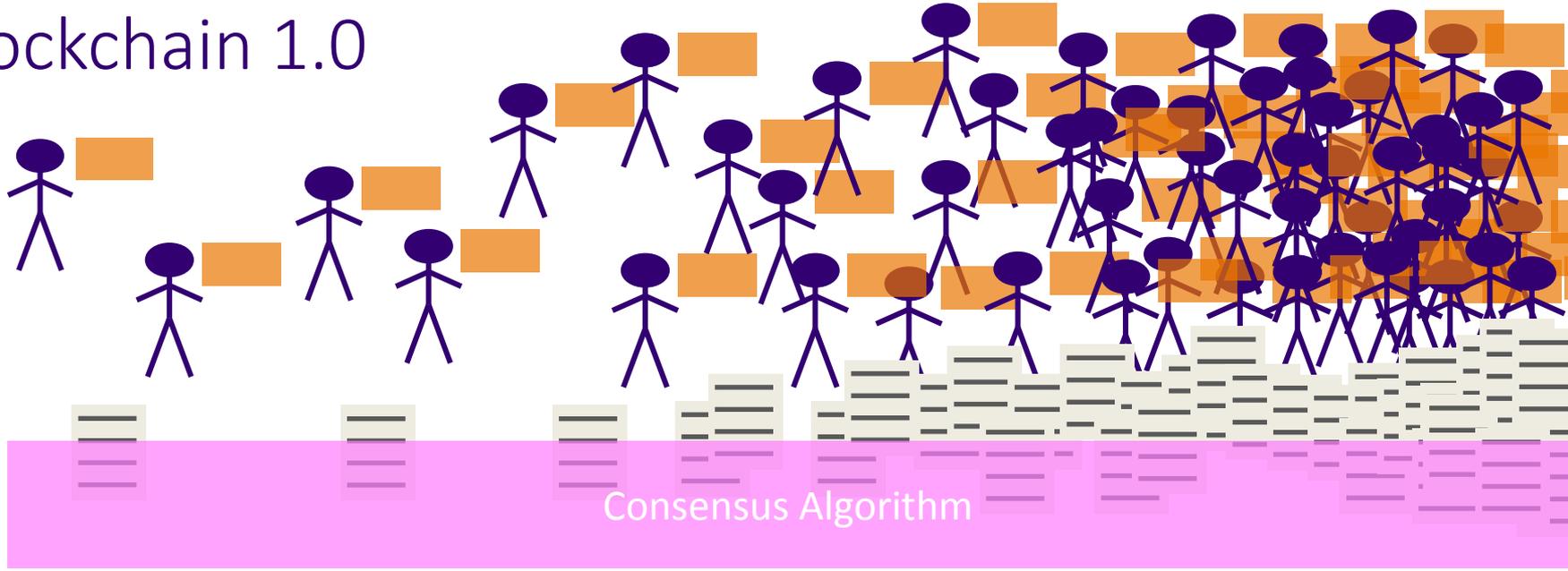
Blockchain coupled with near field communication (NFC), could help automate breathing apparatus. It could eventually provide unlimited communication channels when block size is no longer an issue and is successfully reduced. In cases of discrepancy, simply referring to data stored on the blockchain.

Electronic cash



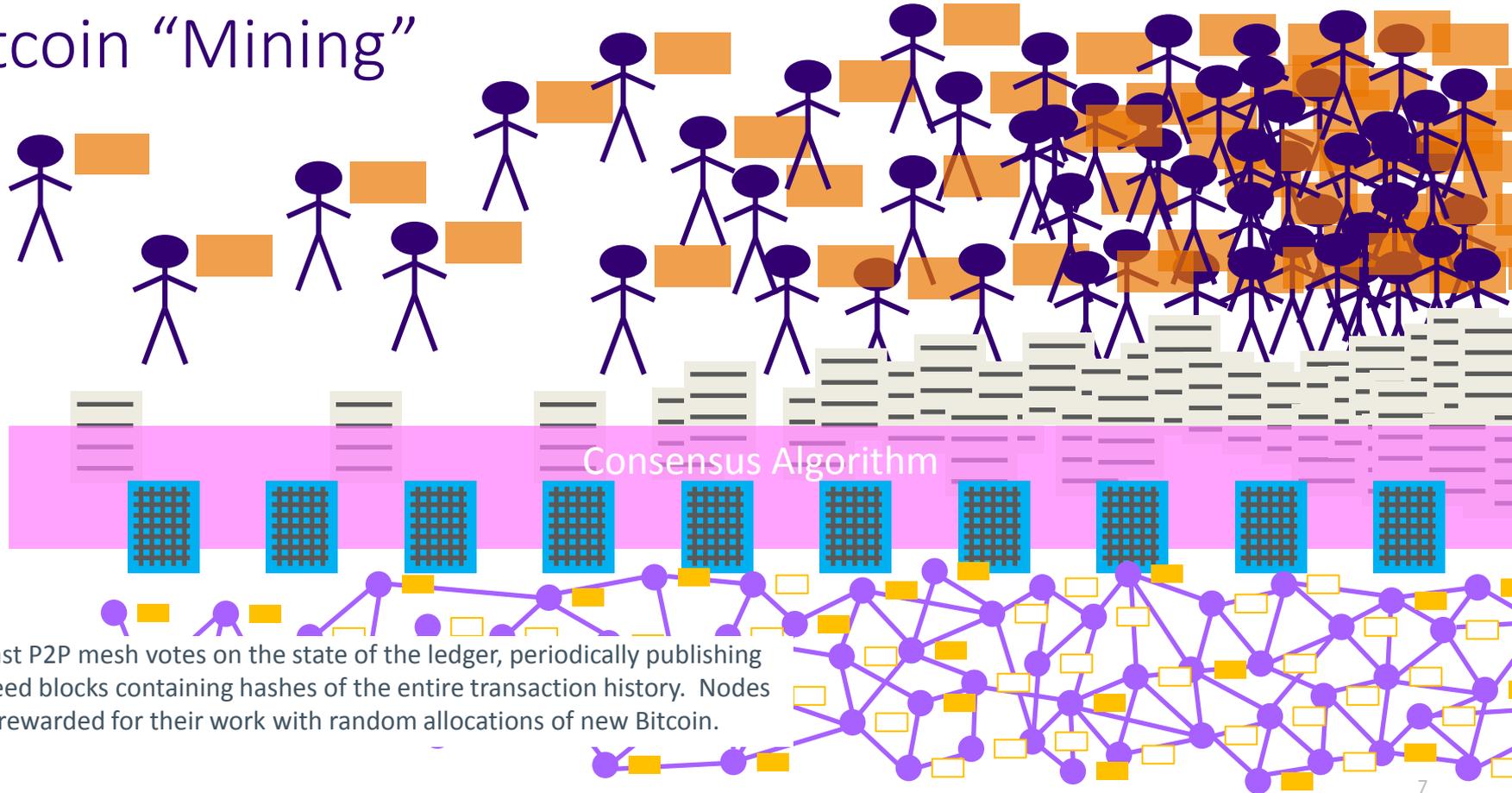
To prevent double spend of electronic cash it was long thought that a central digital reserve bank or "mint" would be required, to monitor all transactions.

Blockchain 1.0



Nakamoto got rid of the central umpire by crowd-sourcing the monitoring of all transactions, to reach consensus on their order.

Bitcoin "Mining"



A vast P2P mesh votes on the state of the ledger, periodically publishing agreed blocks containing hashes of the entire transaction history. Nodes are rewarded for their work with random allocations of new Bitcoin.

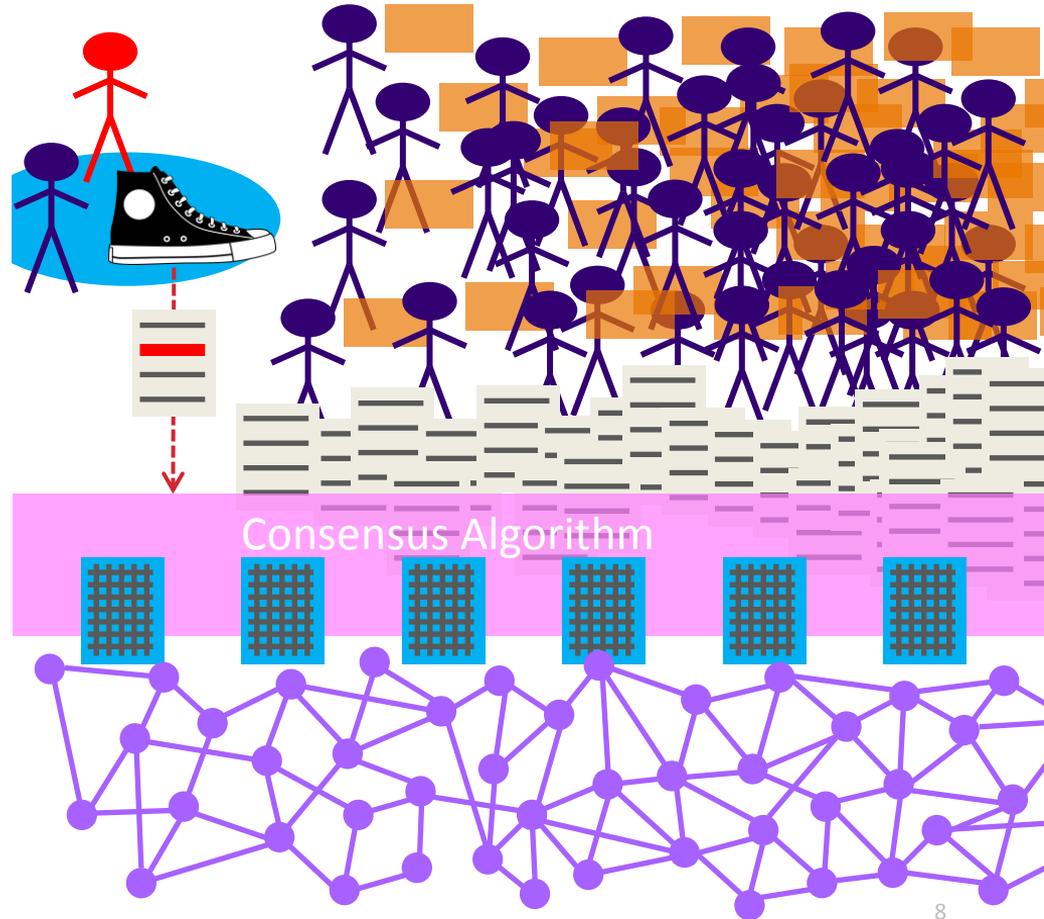
Other Applications

Bitcoin APIs allow other data

- Land Titles
- Diamonds
- Marriages
- Sneakers
- Identities
- Health Records

But Blockchain was designed for digital only.

- BTC account holders self register
- Physical assets need registering *off-chain*
- No *native* “Internet of Value”.



Healthcare

Availability

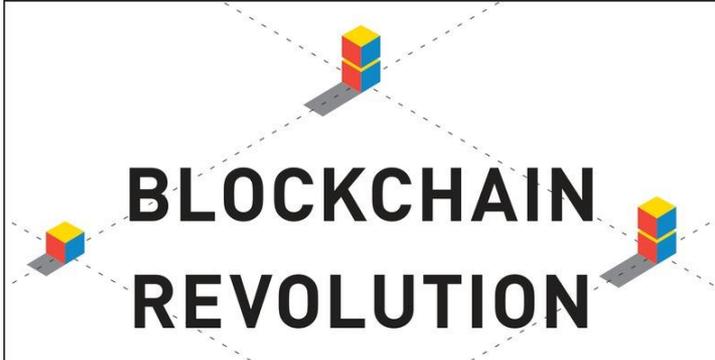
Important for health but is global decentralization going too far?

Confidentiality

Leads to permissioned or private chains, with smaller pools and weaker security. And key management is huge challenge.

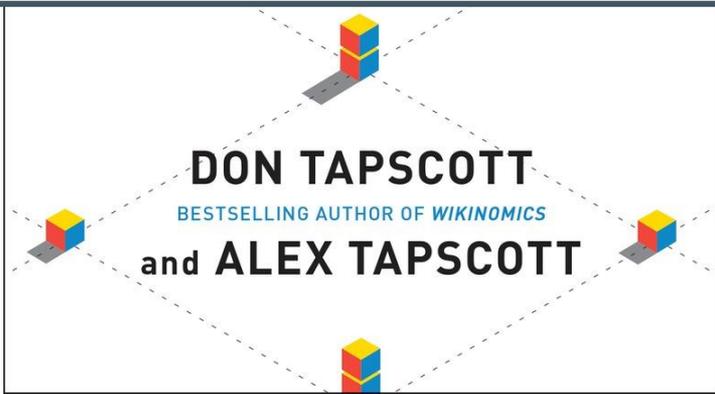
Authority

Blockchain is trust-less, but healthcare is inherently hierarchical.

A graphic featuring the text 'BLOCKCHAIN REVOLUTION' in large, bold, black capital letters. The text is centered within a diamond shape formed by four dashed lines meeting at the corners. At each of the four corners, there is a small 3D icon consisting of three stacked rectangular blocks in red, yellow, and blue colors.

BLOCKCHAIN REVOLUTION

“Today you need an organization with endowed rights to provide you with an identity, like a bank card, a frequent flyer card, or a credit card,”¹⁸ said Carlos Moreira of WISeKey. Your parents gave you a name, the **state-licensed obstetrician or midwife** who delivered you took your footprint and vouched for your weight and length, and both parties attested to the time, date, and place of your arrival by signing your birth certificate. Now they can record this certificate on the blockchain and link birth announcements

A graphic featuring the authors' names 'DON TAPSCOTT and ALEX TAPSCOTT' in large, bold, black capital letters. Below 'DON TAPSCOTT' is the text 'BESTSELLING AUTHOR OF WIKINOMICS' in a smaller, blue, sans-serif font. The entire text is centered within a diamond shape formed by four dashed lines meeting at the corners. At each of the four corners, there is a small 3D icon consisting of three stacked rectangular blocks in red, yellow, and blue colors.

DON TAPSCOTT
BESTSELLING AUTHOR OF *WIKINOMICS*
and **ALEX TAPSCOTT**

Inspiration

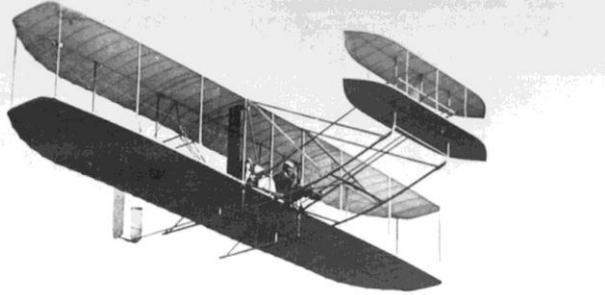
The *Merkle's Puzzles* or the *Wright Bros Flyer* of crypto currency (Merkle's Puzzles was a thought experiment that inspired public key cryptography).

It legitimizes decentralised architectures, one of the holy grails of computing.

BTC does address many needs of the unbanked; seems to have some potential to destabilize banking.

But only disruptive for disruption's sake?





Only the beginning

The Blockchain is no “Internet of Value”.

But decentralised consensus is important.
Expect much R&D into consensus algorithms.

What problems are we trying to solve?
How are we trying to solve them?

Follow the big joint ventures & consortia:

- R3
- Hyperledger
- Microsoft Ethereum BaaS.

Solid R&D on consensus in identity

- Ping Identity / Swirls



Thank you.

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